Information Series 138

Asphalt Pavement Industry Survey on Recycled Materials and

Warm-Mix Asphalt Usage 2015





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	h mix production. Additional benefits ir	nperatures for asphalt mixtures, which reduces the iclude improved compaction of asphalt mixtures A was chosen for accelerated deployment in
federal-aid highway, state department of tra The objective of this survey, first conducted WMA produced annually by the asphalt pave	nsportation, and local road projects as for the 2009 and 2010 construction sea ement industry to document the deploy erutilized. Results show significant grow	part of FHWA's 2010 Every Day Counts initiative. sons, is to quantify recycled materials used and ment of these technologies to understand where th in the use of RAP, RAS, and WMA technologies
back to use. The average percentage of RAP	used in asphalt mixtures has increased asphalt mixes was 74.2 million tons. Th	percent of reclaimed asphalt pavement being put from 15.6 percent in 2009 to 20.3 percent in 2015. s represents more than 3.7 million tons (21 million tons of virgin aggregate.
Similarly, the use of RAS in asphalt pavement 2015, which is a slight (1.6 percent) decline f		ons in 2009 to an estimated 1.93 million tons in
The combined savings of asphalt binder and	aggregate from using RAP and RAS in a	phalt mixes is estimated at more than \$2.6 billion.
More than 1.11 million tons of other recycled 2015 construction season, included ground t		rporated into asphalt pavement mixtures during th and cellulose fibers.
	ns of WMA in 2014, and a more than 6	8 million tons. This was a greater than 5 percent 14 percent increase from the estimated 16.8 millior timated asphalt mixture market in 2015.
Plant foaming, representing 72 percent of th technologies accounted for a little more than		varm-mix technology; chemical additive
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List of Abbreviations

AASHTO	American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials
CCPR	Cold Central Plant Recycling
CIR	Cold In-Place Recycling
CRM	Crumb Rubber Modifier
DOT	Department of Transportation
FDR	Full-Depth Reclamation
FHWA	Federal Highway Administration
GTR	Ground Tire Rubber
HIR	Hot In-Place Recycling
HMA	Hot-Mix Asphalt
MWAS	Manufacturing Waste Asphalt Shingles
NAPA	National Asphalt Pavement Association
NCAT	National Center for Asphalt Technology
NCAUPG	North Central Asphalt User/Producer Group
NEAUPG	North East Asphalt User/Producer Group
NSA	National Slag Association
PCAS	Post-Consumer Asphalt Shingles
PCCAS	Pacific Coast Conference on Asphalt Specifications
RAP	Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement
RAS	Reclaimed Asphalt Shingles
RMA	Rubber Manufacturers Association
RMAUPG	Rocky Mountain Asphalt User/Producer Group
SAPA	State Asphalt Pavement Association
SEAUPG	Southeastern Asphalt User/Producer Group
UPG	User/Producer Group
WMA	Warm-Mix Asphalt

On the Cover

Route 17 in Stafford County, Virginia, was widened in 2016 with more than 92,500 tons of warm-mix asphalt that incorporated 35 percent RAP in the base layer, 30 percent RAP in the intermediate layer, and 15 percent RAP in the surface course. Superior Paving Co. of Bristow, Virginia, won a NAPA 2016 Quality in Construction Green Paving Award for the project.

Asphalt Pavement Industry Survey on Recycled Materials and Warm-Mix Asphalt Usage: 2015

Executive Summary

The results of the asphalt pavement industry survey for the 2015 construction season show that asphalt mix producers have a strong record of employing sustainable practices and continue to increase their use of recycled materials and warm-mix asphalt (WMA). The use of recycled materials, particularly reclaimed asphalt pavement (RAP) and reclaimed asphalt shingles (RAS), conserves raw materials and reduces overall asphalt mixture costs, allowing road owners to achieve more roadway maintenance and construction activities within limited budgets. WMA technologies can improve compaction, ensuring pavement performance and long life; conserve energy; reduce emissions from production and paving operations; and improve conditions for workers.

The objective of this survey, first conducted for the 2009 and 2010 construction seasons, was to quantify the use of recycled materials, primarily RAP and RAS, as well as the production of WMA by the asphalt pavement industry. For the 2015 construction season, the National Asphalt Pavement Association (NAPA) conducted a voluntary survey of asphalt mixture producers across the United States on tons produced, along with a survey of state asphalt pavement associations (SAPAs) regarding total tons of asphalt pavement mixture produced in their state.

Asphalt mix producers from 48 states and one territory completed the 2015 construction season survey. A total of 214 companies/branches with 1,119 plants were represented in the survey.

The following are highlights of the survey of usage during the 2015 construction season:

- Asphalt mixture producers remain the country's most diligent recyclers, with more than 99 percent of asphalt mix reclaimed from old asphalt pavements being put back to use in new pavements.
- The total estimated tons of RAP used in asphalt mixes reached 74.2 million tons in 2015. This is a nearly
 3 percent increase from the 2014 construction season, and represents a greater than 32 percent increase from
 the total estimated tons of RAP used in 2009. During the same time frame, total tonnage increased only
 1.8 percent.
- The percent of producers reporting use of RAP decreased slightly from 100 percent of respondents in 2014 to 99 percent in 2015. Three producers reported landfilling a small amount of RAP during 2015.
- RAP usage during the 2015 construction season is estimated to have reduced the need for 3.7 million tons (21 million barrels) of asphalt binder and nearly 70.5 million tons of aggregate, with an estimated value in excess of \$2.4 billion.
- The total estimated amount of RAP stockpiled nationwide at the end of the 2015 construction season was 85.1 million tons.
- Fractionated RAP represents about 23 percent of RAP use nationwide, and the tons of RAP mixtures produced using softer binders are estimated at 24 percent while tons produced using rejuvenators is estimated at 3 percent.
- The total estimated tons of RAS used in asphalt mixes decreased slightly (1.6 percent) to an estimated 1.93 million tons in 2015. Still, the use of RAS in the 2015 construction season increased 175 percent from the estimated 701,000 tons used in asphalt mixtures in 2009.

- RAS usage during the 2015 construction season is estimated to have reduced the need for 386,200 tons (2.1 million barrels) of asphalt binder and nearly 965,500 tons of aggregate, with an estimated value of about \$194 million.
- Other recycled materials commonly used in asphalt mixtures during the 2015 construction season were ground tire rubber, blast furnace slag, steel slag, and cellulose fibers. Less commonly used recycled materials in asphalt mixtures included fly ash and foundry sand.
- The estimated total production of WMA for the 2015 construction season was 119.8 million tons. This was a greater than 5 percent increase from the estimated 113.8 million tons of WMA in 2014, and a more than 614 percent increase from the estimated 16.8 million tons in the 2009 construction season.
- WMA made up about one-third of the total estimated asphalt mixture market in 2015.
- Plant foaming, representing 72 percent of the market, is the most commonly used warm-mix technology; chemical additive technologies accounted for a little more than 25 percent of the market.

Asphalt Pavement Industry Survey on Recycled Materials and Warm-Mix Asphalt Usage: 2015

Background

A shared goal of the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the National Asphalt Pavement Association (NAPA) is to support and promote sustainable practices, such as incorporation of recycled materials in pavement mixtures and the use of warm-mix asphalt (WMA). Reclaimed asphalt pavement (RAP) is recycled at a greater rate than any other material in the United States and helps lower overall material costs, allowing road owners to achieve more roadway maintenance and construction activities within limited budgets. Another recycled material used in asphalt mixtures is reclaimed asphalt shingles (RAS) from both manufacturing waste (MWAS) and post-consumer asphalt shingles (PCAS). The use of RAP and RAS in asphalt pavements can reduce the amount of new asphalt binder and aggregates required in mixes, which can help stabilize the price of asphalt mixtures and save natural resources. Other recycled materials commonly incorporated into asphalt pavements include ground tire rubber (GTR), steel slag, blast furnace slag, and cellulose fibers, among others. By putting waste materials and byproducts to a practical use, the asphalt pavement industry helps reduce the amount of material going to landfills while improving the sustainability of asphalt mixtures.

WMA technologies reduce the mixing and compaction temperatures for asphalt mixtures. Environmental benefits include reductions in both fuel consumption and air emissions. Construction benefits include the ability to extend the paving season into the cooler months, haul material longer distances, improve compaction, and use higher percentages of RAP (Prowell et al., 2012). As part of FHWA's original group of Every Day Counts initiatives, WMA was chosen in 2010 for accelerated deployment in federal-aid highway, state department of transportation (DOT), and local road projects (FHWA, 2013). In 2013, WMA was honored with the Construction Innovation Forum's NOVA Award for its engineering, economic, and environmental benefits (CIF, 2013).

FHWA works closely with the pavement industry through associations and other stakeholders to promote pavement recycling technologies and WMA. From 2007 to 2011, the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) conducted a biennial survey of state DOTs' use of recycled materials (Copeland, 2011; Copeland et al., 2010; Pappas, 2011). The results of the AASHTO survey were presented at FHWA Expert Task Group meetings. FHWA partners with NAPA to document industry use of RAP, RAS, other recycled materials, as well as WMA technologies used by asphalt mix producers. These efforts have established a baseline for RAP, RAS, and WMA usage, and have tracked growth in the use of these sustainable practices in the highway industry since 2009.

FHWA has partnered with NAPA to capture annual RAP, RAS, and WMA use starting with the 2009 construction season (Hansen & Newcomb, 2011; Hansen & Copeland, 2013a; 2013b; 2014; 2015). Compared to the findings of the first survey (Hansen & Newcomb, 2011), asphalt mix producers have shown significant growth in the use of these technologies, although the year-over-year rate of growth has slowed since the 2013 construction season. Since 2012, the survey has also asked about other recycled materials used in asphalt mixtures. This report documents the results of the industry survey for the 2015 construction season, including the survey methodology, results, trends, and changes from 2009 through 2015. The survey questions and data by state are included in the appendices.

Objective and Scope

The objective of this effort is to quantify the use of recycled materials and WMA technologies by the asphalt pavement industry. During 2016, NAPA conducted a voluntary survey of asphalt mixture producers in the United States on tons produced, along with a survey of state asphalt pavement associations (SAPAs) regarding total tons of asphalt pavement

mixture produced in their state during the 2015 construction season. While keeping specific producer data confidential, NAPA staff compiled the amount of asphalt mixtures produced; the amount of RAP, RAS, and other recycled material used; and the amount of WMA produced in the United States. Not measured in this survey is the use of in-place asphalt pavement recycling techniques, such as full-depth reclamation (FDR), cold in-place recycling (CIR), and hot in-place recycling (HIR). Some cold central plant recycling (CCPR) of RAP may be included in Table 5 among the tons reported as "Used in Other" or "Used in Cold Mix."

Survey Methodology

The data are analyzed and summarized in this report. To accomplish this work, the following tasks were conducted:

- 1. Develop an online survey that enables an analysis of the quantities of recycled materials being used in asphalt mixtures, as well as the total amount of WMA produced nationally.
- 2. Conduct a voluntary survey of asphalt mix producers throughout the United States and follow up with verbal requests for information in locations where responses were low.
- 3. Estimate the total asphalt mixture market in each state or territory by using data provided by SAPAs and the U.S. Department of Transportation federal-aid highway apportionment to determine a weighting factor for each state and reconciling the total U.S. asphalt mix tonnage with national estimates.
- 4. Analyze and summarize the information nationally and by state and prepare a final report.

The survey was conducted using an online survey platform, SurveyMonkey[®]. Table 1 summarizes the questions asked in each section of the survey. Sections 1 through 4 have remained consistent from the 2009 to 2014 construction seasons. Additional questions (highlighted in yellow in Table 1) were added to Sections 2 through 4 for the 2015 construction season to gather additional information about the use of RAP, RAS, and WMA. Section 5 was added in the 2012 construction season survey to collect information on the use of other recycled material in asphalt mixtures. For 2015, the Section 5 question asking about specific recycled materials was modified to replace one user-provided response with cellulose fiber. A copy of the survey form used to gather information for the 2015 construction season is provided as Appendix A.

Producers were notified of the survey through several forums and electronic media. A notice was posted in NAPA's e-newsletter, *ActionNews*, informing members of the survey and asking for their participation. SAPAs solicited participation by placing notices on their websites and in their newsletters. Announcements were made at NAPA meetings, as well as at several state asphalt conferences. A press release was sent to construction industry trade media, and was published in print and online. Notices of the survey and links were shared through social media channels, including Twitter, Facebook, and LinkedIn.

Asphalt mixture producers then went to the SurveyMonkey website to complete the survey form. Some producers submitted PDF forms and the data were entered into SurveyMonkey by NAPA. Some multistate producers submitted data using a spreadsheet developed by NAPA. After the initial data was gathered and analyzed, anomalies in individual producer records were identified and reconciled.

To determine the estimated total amount of RAP and RAS used and WMA produced nationwide and in each state, the total amount of asphalt mix produced in each state needed to be determined. Total tonnage of asphalt mix produced represents both commercial (i.e., private sector) and governmental (i.e., DOT and Other Agency) tonnages. Estimated tonnages for each sector were provided by SAPAs for 33 states/territories, totaling about 294 million tons. This includes one SAPA that supplied an estimate of DOT-only tonnage. For this one state, total tonnage was estimated by dividing the DOT tonnage provided by the SAPA by the percent of DOT tons reported through the survey by asphalt mixture producers in that state.

Section 1: General Information	Section 2: RAP	Section 3: RAS	Section 4: WMA	Section 5: Other Recycled Materials
Number of Plants	Tons Accepted	Tons Unprocessed Shingles Accepted	Average % Produced for DOT Tons	Were Other Recycled Materials Used (Y/N)
DOT Tons	Tons Used in HMA/WMA	Tons Processed Shingles Accepted	Average % Produced for Other Agency Tons	Other Recycled Materials Used (GTR, Steel Slag, Blast Furnace Slag, Cellulose Fiber, Up to Two User-Provided Responses)
Other Agency Tons	Tons Used in Aggregate	Tons Used in HMA/WMA	Average % Produced for Commercial & Residential Tons	Tons of HMA/WMA Produced Using Each Recycled Material
Commercial & Residential Tons	Tons Used in Cold Mix	Tons Used in Aggregate	Chemical Additive %	Tons of Each Other Recycled Product Used
	Tons Used in Other	Tons Used in Cold Mix	Additive Foaming %	
	Tons Landfilled	Tons Used in Other	Plant Foaming %	
	Average % for DOT Mixes	Tons Landfilled	Organic Additive %	
	Average % for Other Agency Mixes	Average % for DOT Mixes	Were WMA Additives Used to Produce Mixtures at HMA Temperatures (Y/N)	
	Average % for Commercial & Residential Mixes	Average % for Other Agency Mixes		
	Excess RAP (Y/N)	Average % for Commercial & Residential Mixes		
	Percentage of RAP Fractionated	Excess RAS (Y/N)		
	Percentage of RAP Mixtures Using Softer Asphalt Binder	What Sectors Allow RAS		
	Percentage of RAP Mixtures Using Rejuvenators	Estimated percent of RAS Binder Blending with New Asphalt Binder		
	Tons of RAP Stockpiled			

To estimate the total tons in states where a SAPA estimate of total tonnage was not available, a power curve relationship based on an examination of the relationship between SAPA-estimated tons and federal-aid highway apportionment for those states was determined, resulting in Equation 1. This is the same methodology used to estimate tonnage in previous versions of this survey, and is detailed in Hansen & Newcomb (2011).

Appendix B and certain tables in this report detail survey responses and estimated values on a state-by-state basis. To keep specific producer data confidential, no state-specific information is provided in the tables or appendix if fewer than three producers from the state responded to the survey. Information from states with fewer than three responding companies is included in the estimated national values, however.

Survey Results

Asphalt mixture producers from 48 states and one territory completed the survey for the 2015 construction season, which is one fewer jurisdiction than in 2014. No plants in the District of Columbia, New Mexico, or South Dakota contributed data for 2015. A total of 214 companies/branches with 1,119 plants are represented in the 2015 survey. This is down slightly from the 2013 and 2014 construction season surveys, but is equal to or greater than other construction seasons surveyed. While the total number of companies/branches and plants represented in the survey decreased, the total tons reported increased from 151.0 million to 152.8 million tons. This may be due to a slight increase in total asphalt mix production and producers shutting down some less productive or less efficient plants. Table 2 summarizes the number of asphalt mix production companies/branches and the number of plants reporting for each state. Table 3 summarizes the total number of plants responding in previous years.

State	Cos.	Plants	State	Cos.	Plants	State	Cos.	Plants
Alabama	4	34	Kentucky	6	44	Ohio	4	67
Alaska	*	*	Louisiana	*	*	Oklahoma	5	13
American Samoa	NCR	NCR	Maine	*	*	Oregon	4	12
Arizona	*	*	Maryland	6	17	Pennsylvania	8	33
Arkansas	6	18	Massachusetts	4	13	Puerto Rico	*	*
California	4	50	Michigan	5	38	Rhode Island	*	*
Colorado	4	21	Minnesota	7	27	South Carolina	5	10
Connecticut	*	*	Mississippi	3	18	South Dakota	NCR	NCR
Delaware	*	*	Missouri	4	18	Tennessee	8	56
District of Columbia	NCR	NCR	Montana	*	*	Texas	8	52
Florida	6	35	Nebraska	*	*	U.S. Virgin Islands	NCR	NCR
Georgia	*	*	Nevada	*	*	Utah	8	21
Guam	NCR	NCR	New Hampshire	3	11	Vermont	*	*
Hawaii	*	*	New Jersey	*	*	Virginia	7	39
Idaho	6	18	New Mexico	NCR	NCR	Washington	5	30
Illinois	15	35	New York	12	72	West Virginia	3	13
Indiana	4	36	North Carolina	8	56	Wisconsin	3	57
lowa	6	18	North Dakota	*	*	Wyoming	*	*
Kansas	4	20	No. Mariana Islands	NCR	NCR		-	

Table 2: No. of Companies/Branches Completing 2015 Construction Season Survey by State

NCR = No Companies/Branches Reporting * = Fewer th

* = Fewer than 3 Companies/Branches Reporting

Table 3: Summary of Jurisdictions (States or Territories), Companies/Branches, and Plants Represented, 2009–2015

Year	No. Jurisdictions Reporting	No. of Companies/Branches Reporting	No. of Plants Represented in Survey	Average Tons Produced per Plant
2009	48	196	1,027	121,000
2010	48	196	1,027	117,000
2011	49	203	1,091	121,000
2012	49	213	1,141	122,000
2013	52	249	1,281	115,000
2014	50	228	1,185	127,000
2015	49	214	1,119	137,000

Table 4 includes state-by-state 2015 construction season total estimated tonnage, as estimated by the SAPA or from Equation 1; tonnage reported by survey respondents; and the percent of reported tons included in estimated tons. The closer a state's percentage is to 100% indicates the completeness of reported tonnage compared to estimated tonnage.

At the national level, the survey responses make up 42 percent of the estimated total tons for the 2015 construction season.

	Tons, N	lillions	Reported %		Tons, M	lillions	Reported %
State	Estimated	Reported	of Estimated	State	Estimated	Reported	of Estimated
Alabama	7.50	3.73	50%	Montana	4.08	*	*
Alaska	4.71	*	*	Nebraska	3.03	*	*
Arizona	6.76	*	*	Nevada	3.53	*	*
Arkansas	3.20	1.87	58%	New Hampshire	1.77	1.30	73%
California	25.51	9.33	37%	New Jersey	8.66	*	*
Colorado	7.20	1.51	21%	New Mexico	3.50	NCR	NCR
Connecticut	3.10	*	*	New York	16.80	7.22	43%
Delaware	1.71	*	*	North Carolina	11.00	5.93	54%
District of Columbia	1.72	NCR	NCR	North Dakota	3.04	*	*
Florida	14.39	6.04	42%	Ohio	17.4	11.01	63%
Georgia	5.00	*	*	Oklahoma	6.28	2.06	33%
Hawaii	1.72	*	*	Oregon	4.85	1.67	34%
Idaho	3.98	1.06	27%	Pennsylvania	19.42	4.60	24%
Illinois	15.80	5.19	33%	Puerto Rico	1.00	*	*
Indiana	10.50	5.06	48%	Rhode Island	2.28	*	*
lowa	3.60	1.47	41%	South Carolina	5.45	1.66	30%
Kansas	4.00	1.90	48%	South Dakota	2.05	NCR	NCR
Kentucky	6.50	4.09	63%	Tennessee	7.76	5.50	71%
Louisiana	4.00	*	*	Texas	20.00	8.27	41%
Maine	2.27	*	*	Utah	3.49	3.26	93%
Maryland	7.50	3.30	44%	Vermont	2.10	*	*
Massachusetts	6.20	2.86	46%	Virginia	12.50	6.75	54%
Michigan	12.60	7.07	56%	Washington	5.34	3.47	65%
Minnesota	13.50	6.14	45%	West Virginia	3.50	1.72	49%
Mississippi	4.50	2.09	46%	Wisconsin	11.00	8.15	74%
Missouri	6.00	1.61	27%	Wyoming	2.59	*	*
		•	•	Total	364.91	152.79 [†]	42%

NCR No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than 3 Companies/Branches Reporting

Total Reported Tons includes values from state with fewer than 3 Companies/Branches Reporting
 SAPA Estimated Tons

Figure 1 shows the number of plants, as well as the average tons produced per plant, separated by User/Producer Group (UPG) region. While the number of plants responding from each UPG region (apart from the North East Asphalt User/Producer Group), decreased from the 2014 to 2015 construction season, the tons per plant for all UPGs increased. Significant increases were noted for the North Central Asphalt User/Producer Group (NCAUPG) and North East Asphalt User/Producer Group (NEAUPG) regions.

Number of Plants Responding to Survey by User/Producer Group

							-				
Year	Plants	Tons/Plant			NCAUP	G					
2009	208	118,000		Year	Plants	Tons/Plant				AUPG	
010	208	112,000		2009	239	106,000		Year			
011	179	124,000		2010	239	106,000		200			
012	161	113,000		2011	311	114,000		201) 232	2 122	,00
013	212	110,000		2012	298	116,000		201	I 195	5 115	,00
014	202	122,000		2013	377	123,000		201	2 252	2 119	,00
015	186	123,000		2014	374	136,000		201			
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								2009	Plants 348	Tons/Pla 106,000	nt)
								2009 2010	Plants 348 348	Tons/Pla 106,000 106,000	nt))
								2009 2010 2011	Plants 348 348 406	Tons/Pla 106,000 106,000 114,000	nt)))
								2009 2010 2011 2012	Plants 348 348 406 430	Tons/Pla 106,000 106,000 114,000 116,000	nt))))

Figure 1: Number of Plants Responding to Survey by User/Producer Group Regions and Estimated Tonnage, 2009–2015

Table 5 summarizes the RAP, RAS, and WMA data from the 2015 construction season survey alongside data from the 2014 construction season survey (Hansen & Copeland, 2015) for comparison. The information requested in the survey is summarized in Table 1 and detailed in Appendix A. The column labeled "Reported Values" in Table 5 are national summaries of the values from asphalt mixture producers completing the survey. The column labeled "Estimated Values" for the category labeled "Tons of HMA/WMA Produced" were determined as outlined in the Survey Methodology.

For the amount of RAP accepted, asphalt mix producers were asked "How many tons of removed asphalt pavement and asphalt millings were accepted/delivered to your facilities in the state in 2015?" For the amount of RAS accepted, producers were asked "How many tons of unprocessed shingles (manufacturing waste and post-consumer/tear-off) were accepted/delivered to your facilities in the state in 2015?" For the 2015 construction season, producers were also asked how many tons of processed RAS was acquired from shingle processors. These data are reported in Table 5 as the tonnage of material accepted. Producers were also asked the tonnage of RAP and RAS used in the production of asphalt pavement mixtures, cold mix asphalt, as aggregate, or for other purposes, such as in a chip seal. The tons of reclaimed material sent to landfills was also requested.

For each state, the tons of RAS and RAP reported as accepted and used were multiplied by the ratio of estimated production to total production, and these values were summed to arrive at the national estimated tons for these materials, which is reported in the "Estimated Values" column of Table 5.

To understand the average percentage of recycled material used in mixes, producers were asked to report the average recycled content of mixes produced for each sector (DOT, Other Agencies, Commercial & Residential). If precise data was not available, respondents were asked to provide their best estimate. These responses are reported in the "Average % Used in Mixes" section of Table 5 for RAP and RAS. To control for inaccuracies in producer estimates of sector-by-sector percentages, a "National Average All Mixes Based on Tons Used in HMA/WMA" was calculated and reported in Table 5 for both RAP and RAS based on reported tonnage of each material used in HMA/WMA mixes divided by the total reported tons produced. Producers were not asked about allowable RAP limits or binder replacement requirements, which can influence demand for mixes that incorporate these materials.

Producers were asked to give their best estimate of the percent of asphalt paving mixtures produced for each sector when WMA technology resulted in a temperature reduction of 10°F to 100°F. These percentages were multiplied by the total mix production for each sector to determine the total estimated tons of WMA produced for each sector. The survey methodology was designed so that only mixes produced at reduced temperatures are reported. Some WMA additives are also used for construction benefits unrelated to the goal of reducing production temperatures; therefore, for the 2015 construction season producers were also asked if they used WMA additives to produce mixtures at HMA temperatures.

Engineering Recycled Asphalt Mixtures for Quality

For more than three decades, two guiding principles of asphalt recycling have been: 1) mixtures containing RAP should meet the same requirements as mixes with all virgin materials, and 2) mixes containing RAP should perform equal to or better than virgin mixtures. This is at the heart of the "Three E's of Recycling," which state that recycled materials should provide Environmental, Economic, and Engineering benefits.

Quality recycled mixes have been successfully designed and produced for many years. The proof is in performance: a recent study comparing the performance of recycled versus virgin mixes based on Long-Term Pavement Performance (LTPP) data from 16 U.S. states and two Canadian provinces shows that overlays containing at least 30 percent RAP performed equal to overlays using virgin mixtures (Carvalho et al., 2010; West et al., 2011). At the NCAT Test Track, test sections containing 50 percent RAP using standard Superpave mix design procedures for each layer outperformed companion test sections with all virgin materials in all pavement performance measures.

However, as the amount and mix of recycled materials in asphalt pavement mixtures increase, additional considerations for material handling, mixture design, and quality testing become more important. In particular, RAP and RAS should be tested and classified to determine the amount and qualities of available asphalt cement. The absorbability of RAP aggregate should also be tested and determined. These values have an impact on pavement performance and are important to assess when developing a high recycled content mix design. In some cases, it may be necessary to make use of rejuvenators or a softer asphalt binder to ensure the final mix design delivers the desired level of product performance.

For more information about processing and using reclaimed asphalt pavement and recycled asphalt shingles, consult the NAPA publication *Best Practices for RAP and RAS Management* (Quality Improvement Series No. 129) (West, 2016).

	Reported	d Values	Estimate	d Values
	2014	2015	2014	2015
Tons of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons, M	Villions	Tons,	Millions
Total	151.0	152.8	352.0	364.9
DOT	68.7	68.5	160.2	163.6
Other Agency	38.9	40.0	90.7	95.5
Commercial & Residential	43.3	44.3	101.1	105.8
Companies/Branches Reporting	228	214		
RAP	Tons, N	Villions	Tons,	Millions
Accepted	33.8	33.2	75.8	78.0
Used in HMA/WMA	32.2	32.7	71.9	74.2
Used in Aggregate	2.9	1.7	8.5	5.5
Used in Cold Mix	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
Used in Other	0.2	0.4	0.6	1.6
Landfilled	0.1	0.4	0.2	1.0
	Avg. % Mix	Used in kes		Used in kes
Average % for DOT Mixes ¹	19.6%	17.8%		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes ¹	19.8%	18.2%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential ¹	22.7%	22.3%		
National Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA ²	21.3%	21.4%	20.4%	20.3%
Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	228	211		
RAS	Tons, M	Villions	Tons,	Millions
Unprocessed Shingles Accepted	0.692	0.456	1.664	1.129
Processed Shingles Accepted	N/A	0.375	N/A	0.842
Used in HMA/WMA	0.809	0.819	1.964	1.931
Used in Aggregate	0.018	0.004	0.043	0.009
Used in Cold Mix		_	0	
Used in Other	0.002	_	0.006	_
Landfilled	_	—	0	_
	Avg. % Mix		Avg. % Used in Mixes	
Average % for DOT Mixes ¹	0.72%	0.76%		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes ¹	0.95%	0.88%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential ¹	1.47%	1.06%		
National Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA ²		_	0.54%	0.54%
Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	87	89		
	% of		_	
WMA DOT	Produ	1		Millions
DOT	37.8%	37.4%	56.9	60.9
Other Agency Commercial & Residential	34.9%	34.0%	28.4	28.5
Commercial & Residential		34.3%	28.5	30.4
	29.4%	0.1070	440.0	119.8
Total			113.8	115.0
	% of	WMA	113.8	110.0
Total	% of Produ	WMA uction	113.8	113.0
Total Chemical Additive %	% of Produ 15.0%	WMA uction 25.2%	113.8	113.0
Total Chemical Additive % Additive Foaming %	% of Produ 15.0% 0.0%	WMA uction 25.2% 2.1%	113.8	113.0
Total Chemical Additive %	% of Produ 15.0%	WMA uction 25.2%	113.8	113.0

¹ Average percent based on contractor's reported percentage for each sector.

² Average percent based on total reported tons of RAP or RAS used in HMA/WMA divided by reported total tons HMA/WMA produced.

Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement

Table 5 includes the national summary of RAP data from the 2014 and 2015 construction season surveys. The information requested in the survey is detailed in Appendix A and summarized in Table 1, Section 2. State-level data is reported in Appendix B. Figure 2 is a visual representation of the estimated total tons of RAP used in asphalt mixes, aggregate, cold mix, and other uses, as well as the amount landfilled, from the 2009 to 2015 construction season surveys. The overwhelming majority of RAP is used in hot-mix asphalt (HMA) or warm-mix asphalt (WMA), which is the most optimal use of RAP. The tons used in cold mix data may include some cold central plant recycling of RAP, but is not intended to record the use of in-place recycling technologies.

From the 2014 to 2015 construction season, the amount of RAP used in HMA/WMA increased from 71.9 million to 74.2 million tons. The average percent RAP used in mixes decreased from 20.4 percent in 2014 to 20.3 percent in 2015. For 2015, 99 percent of companies/branches responding to the survey reported using RAP. This is a very slight decrease from the 100 percent of companies/branches reporting using RAP in 2013 and 2014.

Placement of RAP in construction and demolition landfills is rare. Since the beginning of the survey in 2009, the average amount of RAP landfilled is less than 150,000 tons per year, or 0.2 percent. For 2015, the amount of RAP landfilled increased significantly to 1 percent. It should be noted that only three producers reported sending RAP to a landfill.

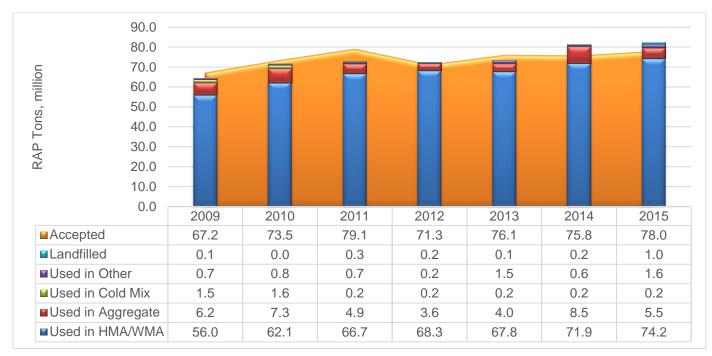


Figure 2: Comparison of Tons of RAP Accepted and Tons of RAP Used or Landfilled (Million Tons), 2009–2015

RAP Use by Sector

Asphalt pavement mix producers' customers can be divided into two broad sectors: the private sector (Commercial & Residential) and the public sector (DOT or Other Agency). The "Other Agency" sector includes mix produced for public works agencies, including city, county, and tribal transportation agencies, as well as the U.S. military and federal agencies, such as the Federal Aviation Administration, National Park Service, and U.S. Forest Service.

Figure 3 shows the total estimated amount of RAP used in each sector. These values were calculated using the average percentages of RAP reported by producers for each sector and adjusted to account for differences between reported RAP tonnage and tons calculated from the percentage by sector.

Figure 4 shows the average percentage of RAP used by each sector and total percentage of RAP used. The average percent RAP used by all sectors has seen variable growth from 2009 to 2015. The change in total percentage of RAP use has seen a decreased growth rate from 2009 to 2015. The growth rate decreased from 1.8 percent between 2009 and 2010 to 0.1 percent between 2014 and 2015.



Figure 3: RAP Use by Sector (Million Tons)

Figure 4: Average Percent RAP Used by Sector

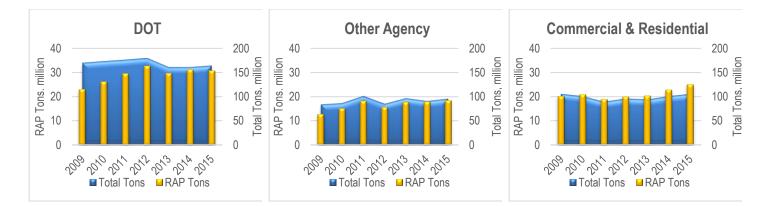


Figure 5: RAP Tons and Total Mix Tons Comparison (Million Tons)

Since the 2012 construction season, the tonnage of RAP used by each sector has generally moved up or down with the total tonnage used by the sector. This is shown in Figure 5. For the 2015 construction season, the percent RAP in the DOT and Other Agency sectors declined from 2014 to 2015, but it increased for the Commercial & Residential sector.

The increased percent of RAP used in the Commercial & Residential sector, combined with an increase in the tons of mix used for this sector offset declines in the DOT sector, resulting in an insignificant loss (0.1%) in the national average of percentage of RAP used.

RAP Use by State

Figure 6 and Table 6 show the average percent of RAP used in HMA/WMA mixtures in each state by construction season based on reported RAP tons used in HMA/WMA mixtures and total reported tonnage. It should be noted that the accuracy of data for individual states varies depending on the number of responses received from each state and the total number of tons accounted for in the responses.

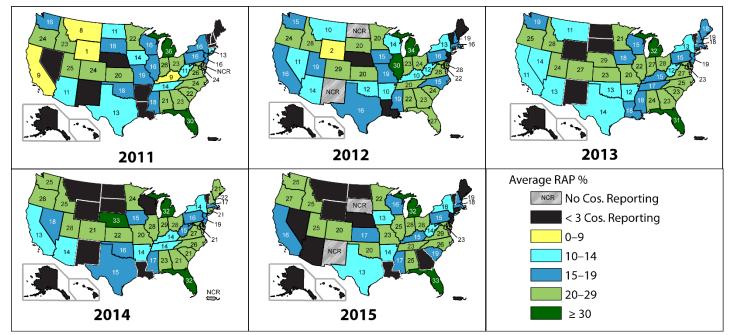


Figure 6: Estimated Average Percent of RAP by State for Each Construction Season Survey

Figure 7 revisualizes the Table 6 data, showing the number of states reporting average RAP percentages at the various ranges by construction seasons. The number of states reporting average RAP percentages greater than 20 percent has increased significantly, rising from nine states in 2009 to 27 states in 2014; however, for the 2015 construction season it decreased to 21 states. The number of states reporting RAP percentages less than 15 percent has decreased from 29 states in 2009 to just two states in 2014 and 10 states in 2015. While the states using RAP at high percentages (greater than 20 percent) decreased slightly from the 2014 to 2015 construction season, it is worth noting that states producing the greatest tonnages of asphalt pavement mixture have increased the percent of RAP used in their mixtures.

Table 6: Average Estimated RAP Percent

		Averag	ge RAP F	Percent		Average RAP Perce		Percent			
State	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	State	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Alabama	21%	22%	24%	23%	25%	Montana	8%	10%	11%		
Alaska						Nebraska			29%	33%	
Arizona	11%	14%	13%	14%		Nevada		11%	14%	18%	
Arkansas		10%	12%	14%	14%	New Hampshire		19%	19%	22%	19%
California	9%	16%	11%	13%	16%	New Jersey	16%		19%	19%	
Colorado	24%	29%	27%	21%	20%	New Mexico		NCR			NCR
Connecticut	13%			21%		New York	16%	13%	13%	14%	16%
Delaware	NCR	28%				North Carolina	24%	15%	25%	26%	26%
Dist. of Columbia	NCR	NCR		NCR	NCR	North Dakota	11%	NCR			
Florida	30%	27%	31%	32%	33%	Ohio	23%	24%	28%	28%	28%
Georgia	23%	23%	23%	21%		Oklahoma	18%	12%	13%	16%	20%
Hawaii						Oregon	24%	24%	25%	28%	27%
Idaho	23%	28%	28%	25%	25%	Pennsylvania	16%	16%	15%	16%	15%
Illinois	16%	30%	22%	28%	25%	Puerto Rico				NCR	
Indiana	26%	23%	27%	29%	28%	Rhode Island					
Iowa	14%	15%	18%	15%	13%	South Carolina	22%	24%	23%	21%	19%
Kansas	20%	20%	23%	22%	17%	South Dakota	18%	20%			NCR
Kentucky	9%	10%	15%	14%	15%	Tennessee	14%	20%	17%	14%	23%
Louisiana			18%			Texas	13%	16%	14%	15%	13%
Maine			18%	21%		Utah	25%	19%	24%	28%	25%
Maryland	24%	22%	23%	21%	23%	Vermont					
Massachusetts		16%	18%	17%	18%	Virginia	26%	26%	27%	27%	29%
Michigan	36%	34%	32%	32%	32%	Washington	16%	15%	19%	25%	25%
Minnesota	22%	20%	21%	24%	22%	West Virginia	11%	12%	12%	15%	14%
Mississippi	18%	19%	18%	17%	17%	Wisconsin	16%	14%	15%		16%
Missouri	19%	19%	20%	20%	23%	Wyoming	1%	2%			
No Companies Reporting	< 3 Con Repo		()–9%	1	0–14% 15–19	9%	20–2	29%	≥ 3	0%

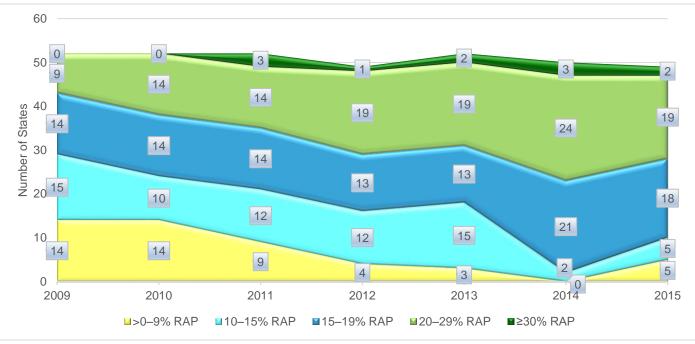


Figure 7: Count of States at Different Average RAP Percentages in HMA/WMA Mixtures

RAP Stockpiles

During the 2015 construction season, as in 2012 and 2014, more RAP was used across all purposes than was received, which indicates producers are drawing upon stockpiled RAP. For 2015, 88 percent of producers reported having excess RAP on hand, compared to more than 91 percent of producers in 2014.

Table 7 shows the reported and estimated amount of RAP stockpiled by state at the end of the 2015 construction season. To calculate the estimated values, reported tons of RAP stockpiled were divided by the ratio of total reported tons of mix produced to estimated tons of mix produced. The total tonnage row in Table 7 includes stockpiled tonnages from states with fewer than three producers reporting. As expected, the more densely populated states with large urban areas (e.g., California, Pennsylvania, Michigan, and Florida) show the highest amount of RAP stockpiled. While the amount is not shown in Table 7 because fewer than three companies/branches in the state responded to the survey, New Jersey has more RAP stockpiled (reported and estimated) than any other state.

State	Reported Tons Stockpiled (Million)	Estimated Tons Stockpiled (Million)	State	Reported Tons Stockpiled (Million)	Estimated Tons Stockpiled (Million)
Alabama	0.92	1.85	Montana	*	*
Alaska	*	*	Nebraska	*	*
Arizona	*	*	Nevada	*	*
Arkansas	0.20	0.34	New Hampshire	0.10	0.13
California	2.17	5.93	New Jersey	*	*
Colorado	0.24	1.15	New Mexico	NCR	NCR
Connecticut	*	*	New York	1.11	2.58
Delaware	*	*	North Carolina	1.63	3.02
District of Columbia	NCR	NCR	North Dakota	*	*
Florida	1.55	3.68	Ohio	1.98	3.13
Georgia	*	*	Oklahoma	0.55	1.67
Hawaii	*	*	Oregon	0.52	1.51
Idaho	0.26	0.72	Pennsylvania	0.97	4.11
Illinois	1.13	3.43	Puerto Rico	*	*
Indiana	1.69	3.51	Rhode Island	*	*
lowa	0.20	0.48	South Carolina	0.11	0.35
Kansas	0.51	1.07	South Dakota	NCR	NCR
Kentucky	0.71	1.13	Tennessee	1.98	2.80
Louisiana	*	*	Texas	1.29	3.13
Maine	*	*	Utah	1.72	1.84
Maryland	0.77	1.76	Vermont	*	*
Massachusetts	0.51	1.10	Virginia	1.65	3.06
Michigan	2.32	4.14	Washington	0.56	0.87
Minnesota	1.64	3.61	West Virginia	0.05	0.11
Mississippi	0.57	1.22	Wisconsin	1.27	1.71
Missouri	0.20	0.76	Wyoming	*	*
			Total [†]	37.62	85.13

Table 7: Reported Tons of RAP Stockpiled

NCR No Companies/Branches Reporting

* Fewer than 3 Companies/Branches Reporting

[†] Includes Values from States with Fewer than 3 Companies/Branches Reporting

RAP Fractionation

Table 8 shows the average percent of RAP fractionated into two or more sizes by state, as reported by survey participants. These results are representative only of the survey participants and may not reflect completely practices in a given state. Producers were not questioned about state specifications regarding fractionation and recycled material content. As the scatter plot in Figure 8 shows, there does not seem to be a clear correlation between fractionation and the percentage of RAP used by a state. For example, Oklahoma reports 83 percent of RAP is fractionated and averages 20 percent RAP in mixes, while Florida reported no fractionation but averages 33 percent RAP.

Table 8: Reported Percent RAP Fractionated by St	ate
--	-----

	Percent RAP		Percent RAP
State	Fractionated	State	Fractionated
Alabama	45%	Montana	*
Alaska	*	Nebraska	*
Arizona	*	Nevada	*
Arkansas	18%	New Hampshire	—
California	—	New Jersey	*
Colorado	26%	New Mexico	NCR
Connecticut	*	New York	15%
Delaware	*	North Carolina	34%
District of Columbia	NCR	North Dakota	*
Florida	—	Ohio	19%
Georgia	*	Oklahoma	83%
Hawaii	*	Oregon	3%
Idaho	8%	Pennsylvania	19%
Illinois	56%	Puerto Rico	*
Indiana	46%	Rhode Island	*
lowa	—	South Carolina	24
Kansas	—	South Dakota	NCR
Kentucky	50%	Tennessee	20%
Louisiana	*	Texas	50%
Maine	*	Utah	6%
Maryland	—	Vermont	*
Massachusetts	6%	Virginia	34%
Michigan	10%	Washington	18%
Minnesota	—	West Virginia	—
Mississippi	43%	Wisconsin	2%
Missouri	—	Wyoming	*
		National Average †	23%

NCR No Companies/Branches Reporting

* Fewer than 3 Companies/Branches Reporting

[†] Includes Values from States with Fewer than 3 Companies/Branches Reporting

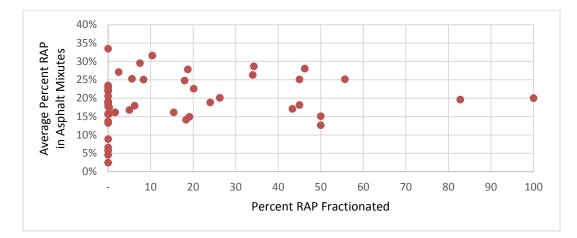


Figure 8: Scatter Plot Showing Reported Average Percentage of RAP in Asphalt Mixtures Relative to Reported Percent of RAP Fractionated

RAP Rejuvenator Use

Table 9 shows the percent of tons of RAP-containing mixtures produced using softer binder or rejuvenators by state. These results are representative only of the survey participants and may not reflect completely practices in a given state. While there is no strong relationship between the amount of RAP mixtures using softer binder or rejuvenators and percentage of RAP used by the state, it should be noted that most states using more than 20 percent RAP also report using softer binders or rejuvenators. One example is Florida, which averages 33 percent RAP in mixes and produces about 87 percent of mixtures with softer binder or rejuvenators.

State	Softer Binder	Rejuve- nators	State	Softer Binder	Rejuve- nators	State	Softer Binder	Rejuve- nators
Alabama	7%	2%	Louisiana	*	*	Ohio	28%	0%
Alaska	*	*	Maine	*	*	Oklahoma	9%	0%
Arizona	*	*	Maryland	6%	0%	Oregon	42%	11%
Arkansas	9%	0%	Massachusetts	10%	0%	Pennsylvania	8%	10%
California	3%	2%	Michigan	28%	0%	Puerto Rico	*	*
Colorado	54%	6%	Minnesota	8%	0%	Rhode Island	*	*
Connecticut	*	*	Mississippi	0%	0%	South Carolina	0%	0%
Delaware	*	*	Missouri	57%	19%	South Dakota	NCR	NCR
Dist. of Columbia	NCR	NCR	Montana	*	*	Tennessee	5%	29%
Florida	80%	7%	Nebraska	*	*	Texas	26%	0%
Georgia	*	*	Nevada	*	*	Utah	51%	16%
Hawaii	*	*	New Hampshire	0%	0%	Vermont	*	*
ldaho	75%	0%	New Jersey	*	*	Virginia	1%	0%
Illinois	68%	0%	New Mexico	NCR	NCR	Washington	4%	0%
Indiana	36%	0%	New York	2%	2%	West Virginia	0%	0%
lowa	58%	18%	North Carolina	57%	0%	Wisconsin	4%	0%
Kansas	48%	3%	North Dakota	*	*	Wyoming	*	*
Kentucky	9%	0%				National Average [†]	24%	3%

Table 9: Percentage of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder and/or Rejuvenators by State

NCR No Companies/Branches Reporting

* Fewer than 3 Companies/Branches Reporting

[†] Includes Values from States with Fewer than 3 Companies/Branches Reporting

Reclaimed Asphalt Shingles

Table 5 includes the national summary of RAS data from the 2014 and 2015 construction season surveys. The information requested in the survey is detailed in Appendix A and summarized in Table 1, Section 3. State-level data is reported in Appendix B. Producers were not asked about allowable RAS limits or binder replacement requirements for their states. Figure 9 is a visual representation of the estimated total tons of RAS used in asphalt mixes, aggregate, cold mix, and other uses, as well as the amount landfilled, from the 2009 to 2015 construction season surveys.

During the 2015 construction season, the total estimated amount of unprocessed and processed shingles received by producers was 1.971 million tons, which is slightly higher than the combined amount of RAS used in asphalt mixtures (1.931 million tons) and in aggregate (9,000 tons). This is a 2.1 percent decline from the 2.013 million total tons of RAS used during the 2014 construction season and is due in large part to a decrease in the average percent of RAS being used in Commercial & Residential sector mixes. As in 2014, during the 2015 construction season none of the RAS accepted by producers was landfilled. An estimated 13.2 million tons of waste shingles are produced annually;¹ therefore, asphalt mix producers in 2015 used nearly 15 percent of the total available supply of waste shingles.



Figure 9: Comparison of Tons of RAS Accepted and Tons of RAS Used or Landfilled (Million Tons), 2009–2015. Processed RAS Acceptance First Tracked in 2015

As shown in Figure 9, beginning in the 2012 construction season, producers began reporting using RAS in greater quantities than they accepted. When this trend was first noticed, producers were contacted to confirm the reported values. All producers contacted indicated they either had RAS stockpiled or were purchasing RAS from shingle processors. To capture the volume of processed shingles accepted by producers, the 2015 survey began asking producers "How many tons of processed shingles were accepted/delivered to your facilities in the state in 2015?" During the 2015 construction season, the estimated amount of unprocessed shingles accepted by producers declined 32 percent from 2014 to 1.129 million tons.

¹ According to the Asphalt Roofing Manufacturers Association (ARMA, 2015), about 13.2 million waste shingles are generated annually — about 12 million tons of post-consumer asphalt shingles (PCAS) and 1.2 million tons of manufacturing waste (MWAS). This is an increase from the commonly cited figure of 11 million tons (NAHB, 1998), reflecting changes in housing stock and the housing market since 1998.

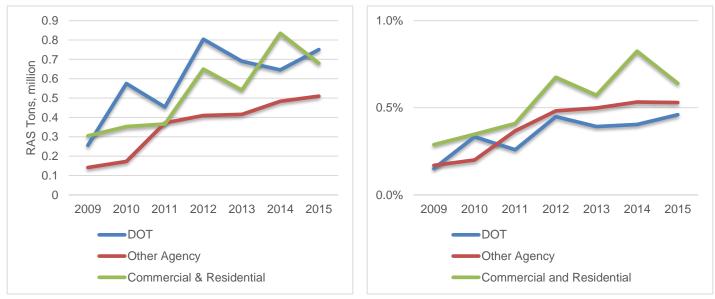
However, this decline in acceptance of unprocessed shingles was offset by the 842,000 tons of processed shingles accepted by producers (recorded for the first time in the 2015 construction season survey).

The number of companies/branches using RAS has increased from 87 in the 2014 construction season to 89 in 2015. This is below the 97 companies/branches reporting RAS usage in the 2012 and 2013 construction seasons; however, the percentage of companies reporting using RAS has held relatively steady at around 40 percent since 2012.

RAS Use by Sector

Figure 10 shows the total estimated amount of RAS used in each of the three sectors of the paving market. These values were calculated using the average percentages of RAS reported by producers for the sectors and adjusted to account for differences between reported RAS tonnage and tons calculated from the percentage by sector. There was a moderate increase in the tons of RAS used by DOTs from the 2014 to 2015 construction season due to an increase in total DOT mix tonnage and the percent RAS used in DOT mixtures. During this same period, RAS use by Other Agencies increased slightly while the Commercial & Residential sector saw a significant decrease in RAS use.

Figure 11 shows the average RAS percent used in asphalt mixes for the three sectors. These values were calculated using the average percentages of RAS reported for the different sectors and adjusted to account for differences between reported RAS tonnage and tons calculated from the percentage by sector. Overall, RAS use has seen relatively steady growth across all sectors from 2009 to 2015 with some year-to-year variation. Growth has been greatest in the Commercial & Residential (0.08 percent per year) and Other Agency (0.07 percent per year) sectors with slower growth in the DOT sector (0.04 percent per year).







In 2015 producers were also asked which sectors allow RAS to be included in asphalt mixtures. Thirty-two states provided responses, and this information is summarized in Table 10. All 32 states responding reported no limits on the use of RAS in the Commercial & Residential sectors. Thirteen DOTs reportedly allow RAS in some asphalt pavement mixes, and 11 DOTs allow it in all mixtures. RAS use is allowed in the Other Agency sector in 24 states; however, the responses do not distinguish between use allowed in all mixes versus just some mixes. Five states do not allow RAS in any public-sector (DOT or Other Agency) work, while three states (Kansas, Maryland, and North Carolina) allow RAS in at least some DOT mixes, but not in Other Agency mixes.

		RAS Allowed In?	
			Commercial &
State	DOT Mixes	Other Agency Mixes	Residential Mixes
Alabama	Some Mixes	Allowed	Allowed
Arkansas	Some Mixes	Allowed	Allowed
California	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Allowed
Colorado	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Allowed
Connecticut	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Allowed
Delaware	All Mixes	Allowed	Allowed
Florida	Not Allowed	Allowed	Allowed
Illinois	All Mixes	Allowed	Allowed
Indiana	All Mixes	Allowed	Allowed
lowa	All Mixes	Allowed	Allowed
Kansas	Some Mixes	Not Allowed	Allowed
Kentucky	All Mixes	Allowed	Allowed
Maine	Some Mixes	Allowed	Allowed
Maryland	All Mixes	Not Allowed	Allowed
Massachusetts	Some Mixes	Allowed	Allowed
Minnesota	Some Mixes	Allowed	Allowed
Mississippi	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Allowed
Missouri	Some Mixes	Allowed	Allowed
New Hampshire	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Allowed
New York	Some Mixes	Allowed	Allowed
North Carolina	All Mixes	Not Allowed	Allowed
Ohio	Some Mixes	Allowed	Allowed
Oklahoma	Not Allowed	Allowed	Allowed
Oregon	Some Mixes	Allowed	Allowed
Pennsylvania	All Mixes	Allowed	Allowed
South Carolina	Some Mixes	Allowed	Allowed
Tennessee	All Mixes	Allowed	Allowed
Texas	Some Mixes	Allowed	Allowed
Vermont	Not Allowed	Allowed	Allowed
Virginia	Some Mixes	Allowed	Allowed
Washington	All Mixes	Allowed	Allowed
Wisconsin	All Mixes	Allowed	Allowed

RAS Use by State

Figure 12 shows states where asphalt pavement mixture producers reported using RAS from 2011 through 2015. Table 11 shows states where producers reported using RAS in 2009 through 2015. Red indicates states where RAS use was not reported that construction season. The number of states where producers reported using RAS increased annually from 22 in 2009 to 38 in 2013, but decreased to 34 in 2014 and 32 in 2015. Of the states reporting previous RAS use, only South Carolina, which reported using RAS in 2014, did not report using it in 2015. South Dakota, which reported using RAS in 2014, did not report using it in 2015. South Dakota, which reported using RAS in 2014, did not negotive to season survey.

Table 11: States Reporting RAS Use

				AS Used			
State	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Alabama	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Alaska	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Arizona	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Arkansas	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
California	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Colorado	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Connecticut	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Delaware	Yes	Yes	NCR	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
District of Columbia	NCR	NCR	NCR	NCR	No	NCR	NCR
Florida	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Georgia	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Hawaii	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Idaho	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Illinois	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Indiana	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
lowa	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Kansas	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Kentucky	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Louisiana	No	No	No	No	Yes	No	No
Maine	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Maryland	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Massachusetts	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Michigan	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Minnesota	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mississippi	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Missouri	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Montana	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Nebraska	NR	NR	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
Nevada	No	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
New Hampshire	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
New Jersey	No	No	No	No	Yes	No	No
New Mexico	NCR	NCR	No	NCR	No	No	NCR
New York	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
North Carolina	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
North Dakota	NCR	NCR	No	NCR	No	No	No
Ohio	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Oklahoma		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Yes						
Oregon	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Pennsylvania	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Puerto Rico	No	No	No	No	No	NCR	No
Rhode Island	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
South Carolina	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
South Dakota	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	NCR
Tennessee	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Texas	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Utah	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Vermont	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Virginia	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Washington	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
West Virginia	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
Wisconsin	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Wyoming	No	No	No	No	Yes	No	No
NCR	= No Co	ompanie	s/Branch	ies Repoi	rting		
Yes		Jse Repo		•	-		
No		AS Use R					

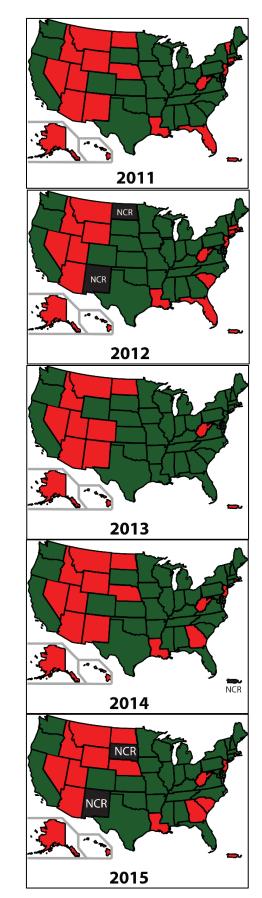


Figure 12: States with Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS by Construction Season

Presumed RAS Binder Blending

For the 2015 construction season, producers were also asked what percent of the RAS binder do they assume is blending with new asphalt binders when performing mix designs. The amount of blending depends upon the properties of the aged asphalt in the RAS and is important to assure there is enough of the blended binder in mixtures to resist cracking (West, 2016). Lower blending values will normally increase the amount of virgin asphalt required in a mixture, and indicate that the amount of RAS added to mixtures could increase. Note that higher percentages of RAS will normally require the use of softer binders and/or rejuvenators.

Table 12 shows the minimum and maximum amount of assumed blending for the 31 states where producers responded to this question. In general, most responses fell between 60 and 80 percent, with a low of 40 percent and a high of 100 percent. It is important to note that these are reported assumptions used in mix designs, not formal design guidance or state specifications.

State	Min.	Max.	State	Min.	Max.
Alabama	60	85	Mississippi	70	70
Arkansas	70	80	Missouri	67	80
California	60	60	New Hampshire	75	75
Colorado	60	85	New York	60	60
Connecticut	70	70	North Carolina	75	90
Delaware	70	75	Ohio	75	80
Florida	50	50	Oklahoma	70	80
Illinois	50	100	Oregon	40	80
Indiana	60	80	Pennsylvania	75	90
lowa	65	89	Tennessee	75	100
Kansas	60	80	Texas	24	75
Kentucky	75	75	Vermont	70	70
Maine	70	80	Virginia	75	95
Maryland	75	90	Washington	40	90
Massachusetts	70	70	Wisconsin	75	100
Minnesota	60	70			

Table 12: Percent Presumed RAS Binder Blending with New Asphalt Binder

Cost Savings From RAP and RAS

The use of RAP and RAS both reduce the need for virgin materials, conserving valuable asphalt and aggregates. Beyond the environmental benefit of resource preservation, the use of RAP and RAS can help lower material costs for road construction, allowing road owners to achieve more roadway maintenance and construction activities within limited budgets. Table 13 summarizes the individual and cumulative savings realized during the 2015 construction season from the use of RAP and RAS in asphalt mixtures.

Material	Material Quantity, Million Tons	% Aggregate	% Asphalt Binder	Aggregate Cost Savings, \$ Billion	Asphalt Binder Cost Savings, \$ Billion	Total Cost Savings, \$ Billion
RAP	74.2	95	5	\$0.652	\$1.781	\$2.433
RAS	1.931	50*	20	\$0.009	\$0.185	\$0.194
			Total	\$0.661	\$1.966	\$2.627

Table 13: Material Savings, 2015

* Includes granules and mineral filler

The estimated savings shown in Table 13 were based on the cost factors shown in Table 14. Asphalt binder prices were estimated based upon an average of 2015 asphalt price indexes from 10 states (New Jersey, Maryland, Virginia, Ohio, Louisiana, Illinois, Georgia, Oregon, Missouri, and Florida). The average price of unmodified asphalts from these states for 2015 was about \$470. Three of the states (Florida, Louisiana, and Virginia) also included price indexes for modified asphalts. The average modified asphalt prices from these states for 2015 was about \$600. Assuming that 10 percent of asphalt mixtures use modified asphalt binders, the average price of asphalt binders used in asphalt mixtures is about \$480 per ton.

Most asphalt mixtures today use crushed stone as the primary aggregate, but they often include a small percentage of natural sand. The U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) reports the average price of crushed stone at about \$9.50 per ton, and sand and gravel at about \$7.00 per ton for 2015 (USGS, 2016). Assuming the average asphalt pavement mixture contains 10 percent natural sand and 90 percent crushed stone, the average price of aggregate in an asphalt mixture is \$9.25 per ton for the 2015 construction season.

Table 14: Material Cost Factors, 2015

	Material	Cost/Ton	% of Market
Ħ	Unmodified	\$470	90
Asphalt	Modified	\$600	10
Ä	Weighted Average	\$480	
ate	Crushed Stone	\$9.50	90
Aggregate	Sand and Gravel	\$7.00	10
Ag	Weighted Average	\$9.25	

Minor additional cost savings, not calculated for this report, are associated with the use of RAS in stone-matrix asphalt and other specialty asphalt mixtures where the shingle fibers can replace mineral or cellulose fibers.

Warm-Mix Asphalt

Table 5 includes the national summary of WMA data from the 2014 and 2015 construction season surveys. The information requested in the survey is detailed in Appendix A and summarized in Table 1, Section 4. State-level data is reported in Appendix B. The survey asked producers their estimated percentages of tons of asphalt mixture produced at reduced temperatures for the different sectors and the percent of which WMA technologies were used, as well as whether or not WMA technologies were used at HMA production temperatures.

The percent of companies/branches reporting the production of WMA saw rapid increases from the 2009 to 2011 construction seasons, but only modest increases from 2011 to 2013 and remaining essentially level from the 2013 to 2015 construction seasons, as shown in Figure 13.

WMA Use by Sector

Figure 14 shows a steady increase in the number of tons of WMA produced for each customer sector from 2011 to 2013, with modest increases continuing for the 2014 and 2015 construction seasons. WMA use reached almost 120 million tons in the 2015 construction season, which is a little less than one-third of the total asphalt mix production for the year, as is shown in Figure 15. This is probably attributable to increased acceptance of WMA by all sectors, as illustrated in Figure 14.

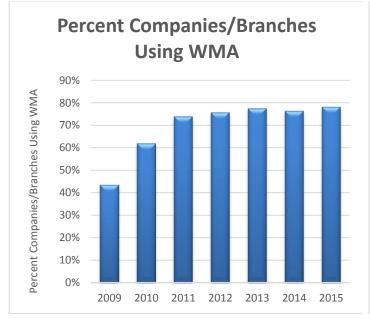


Figure 13: Percent of Companies/Branches Using WMA

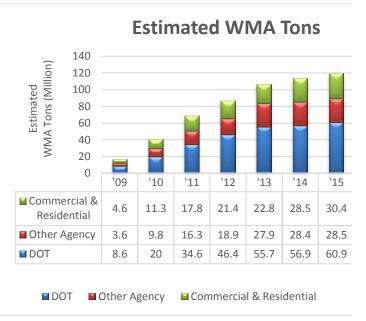
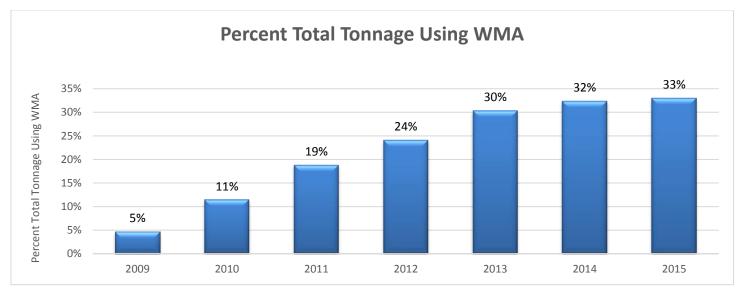


Figure 14: Estimated Tons (Millions) of WMA by Sector





WMA Use by State

Figure 16 shows the estimated total tons of WMA produced in each state. It should be noted that the accuracy of data for individual states will vary depending on the number of responses received from each state and the total number of tons represented by the respondents. Nationally, the estimated total tons of WMA increased from 113.8 million tons in 2014 to 119.8 million tons in the 2015 construction season, a greater than 5 percent increase.

From 2014 to 2015, 18 states saw an increase of 5 percentage points or more in WMA production, while 14 states had a decrease of 5 percentage points or more in WMA production. Three states — Georgia, Michigan, and South Carolina — had an increase of 25 percentage points or more in WMA production. Georgia and Michigan had dramatic 38 and

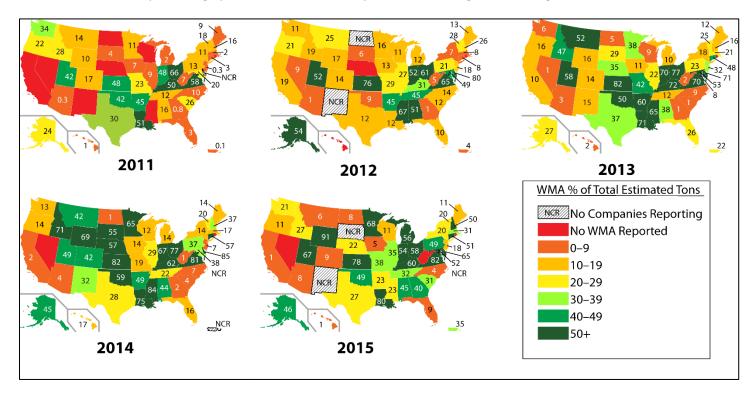


Figure 16: Estimated Percent of Total Production Using WMA

42 percent increases, respectively. Six states — Arkansas, Colorado, Idaho, Mississippi, Montana, and Nebraska — had a decrease of 25 percentage points or more in WMA production. The reasons for these fluctuations are uncertain.

WMA makes up over half of the total asphalt mix production in 14 states, down from 15 states in 2014, and four of them
Kansas, Louisiana, Virginia, and Wyoming — reported WMA as 75 percent or more of total production in 2015.
Nevada, West Virginia, and Rhode Island did not report the use of WMA in 2015.

WMA Technologies

As Table 5 shows, plant foaming is the most commonly used technology for the production of WMA. Use of WMA chemical additives increased from 15 percent in 2014 to 25.2 percent in 2015, an all-time high.

WMA additives can have compaction, antistrip, and other benefits that encourage their use even when a reduction in production temperature is not sought or achieved by the producer. For this reason in the 2015 construction season survey, producers were asked if they use WMA additives to produce asphalt mixtures at HMA temperatures. One hundred producers, 60 percent of respondents, in 41 states reported using WMA additives at HMA temperatures. Because this survey seeks to quantify only the use of WMA technologies to produce reduced-temperature WMA mixtures, survey respondents were instructed to report tons of asphalt pavement mixtures produced as HMA with WMA technologies with total tons of HMA/WMA produced, but not with tons of WMA produced.

Other Recycled Materials

Starting with the 2012 construction season survey, a series of questions was asked about the use of other recycled materials in asphalt mixtures. Table 1, Section 5, summarizes the questions asked. The full questionnaire is included as Appendix A.

Producers were asked how many tons of mix were produced that incorporated other recycled materials, as well as how many tons of specific materials were used in mix production during the 2015 construction season. Four recycled materials — ground tire rubber (GTR), steel slag, blast furnace slag, and cellulose fibers — were specifically listed in the survey. Respondents could specify up to two additional recycled materials used in mixes.

Because the response rate to these questions about other recycled materials was expected to be low and because producers may not track the use of these materials, state and national estimates of total quantities used for these materials were not calculated. <u>All values in this section are reported values *only* and do not represent estimates of the total quantity of these materials used by state or nationally.</u> Year-to-year variation in reported values is entirely dependent upon the makeup of the respondents to each year's survey. Where available, third-party data is referenced to provide an understanding of the estimated total usage of these materials.

A total of 53 companies/branches from 29 states reported using other recycled materials in asphalt mixtures during the 2015 construction season.

Ground Tire Rubber

Table 15 summarizes reported information on the use of ground tire rubber. Twenty-two producers from 14 states reported using GTR in some mixes. It must be noted that Arizona, which is known to use large quantities of GTR in mixes, had a relatively low participation rate in the survey. California, also known for its use of GTR, reported the greatest amount of GTR of any state. The total reported tons of asphalt pavement mix using GTR stayed relatively flat from 2014 to 2015, rising from 1,200,181 tons in 2014 to 1,234,960 in 2015.

While the tonnage produced that incorporates GTR is relatively straightforward to track and report, the tons of GTR used is harder to document due to different methods of producing mixes that incorporate GTR — the wet process, which uses GTR as an asphalt cement (AC) modifier, and the dry process, which incorporates GTR as a fine aggregate (Bahia, 2011) — and the likelihood that GTR is either preblended with AC at the terminal or blended onsite by a third party. Given these factors, producer reports of tons of GTR used versus tons of mix produced using GTR were given a heightened level of scrutiny to determine if the reported data was within a reasonable range. When reported tons of GTR fell outside the expected range, producers were contacted to obtain correct values.

To give a picture of the total market size for GTR, the Rubber Manufacturers Association (RMA) reports that 25.8 percent of U.S. scrap tires were processed into GTR in 2015. The total market for GTR was estimated at 1.02 million tons, with some 15 percent (153,100 tons) used in asphalt pavement mixes and surface treatments, such as seal coats, in 2015 (RMA, 2016). Therefore, the GTR use reported by survey respondents for the 2015 construction season makes up about 11.4 percent of the total GTR use in asphalt estimated by RMA.

Table 15: Reported Tons Ground Tire Rubber

State	Rep	orted Tons o	of Mix Using	GTR	Reported Tons of GTR Used			
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2012	2013	2014	2015
Arizona	33,590	26,300	12,000	11,500	532	380	142	100
California	101,000	523,213	623,953	936,100	_	3,748	9,173	13,514
Florida	86,441	250,779	198,046	110,000	195	531	419	356
Georgia	281,958	65,000	162,000	—	_	260	750	—
Illinois	_	4,500	_	3,500	_	20	_	36
Indiana	—	13,000	—	5,000	_	30	_	140
Louisiana	25,000	104,395	_	—	_	550	_	—
Maine	_	14,000	_	—	_	219	_	—
Massachusetts	_	24,897	81,882	79,680	_	324	1,146	1,090
Michigan	2,400	12,000	9,300	2,780	20	71	51	17
Missouri	100,000	50,000	_	—	300	180	_	_
New Hampshire	_	28,000	50,000	8,400	_	358	780	114
New York	_	10	_	—	_	_	_	—
Ohio	36,200	1,500	23,000	6,000	_	8	150	60
Oregon	_	_	_	5,000	_	—	—	—
Pennsylvania	_	18,000	_	—	_	140	_	—
Puerto Rico	_	10,000	NCR	—	_	170	NCR	—
Texas	25,000	50,000	40,000	50,000	_	_	200	_
Utah	—	—	—	3,500	—	—	—	61
Washington	—	—	—	6,500	—	_	_	_
Wisconsin	—	—	—	5,000	—	—	—	30
Total	691,589	1,195,594	1,200,181	1,234,960	1,047	6,989	12,811	17,518
No. of Producers	15	29	19	22				

NCR = No Contractors/Branches Reporting

Steel & Blast Furnace Slag

Tables 16 and 17 summarize the reported use of steel slag and blast furnace slag in asphalt mixes, respectively. Eleven states reported using steel slag and eight states reported using blast furnace slag in the 2015 construction season. It is interesting to note that while the total tons of mix and materials for each slag type vary from year to year, there has been a consistent increase in the combined use of both slags, as illustrated in Figure 17 through 2014, but a decrease of about 12 percent in 2015.

The National Slag Association estimates that more than 20 million tons of slag is produced and marketed annually (NSA, 2015). With a reported 1.1 million tons of slag in asphalt mixes for 2015, the asphalt pavement mix production industry uses well over 5 percent of the total available slag, based upon reported usage alone. For the states reporting slag use, 11 percent of their total asphalt pavement mixture production tonnage includes slag.

Table 16: Reported Tons for Steel Slag, 2012–2015

State	Repo	ted Tons of N	lix Using Stee	I Slag	Reported Tons of Steel Slag Used				
State	2012	2013	2014	2015	2012	2013	2014	2015	
Alabama	625,000	750,000	837,083	400,000	133,441	165,000	112,480	95,000	
Arkansas	120,000	25,000	84,900	229,800	12,000	2,500	12,735	60,000	
Illinois	23,000	43,700	56,407	70,000	8,000	16,300	21,991	19,000	
Indiana	70,000	161,115	111,800	245,000	44,000	61,985	41,500	90,000	
lowa	20,000	97,500	57,689	27,623	—	10,200	9,432	4,111	
Kentucky	5,714	508,000	125,000	—	800	173,265	15,000	—	
Michigan	_	750,000	754,131	1,549,291	_	95,000	136,382	225,819	
Minnesota	145,500	200,000	238,000	268,000	21,800	30,000	34,000	37,500	
Mississippi	_	_	_	22,803	_	—	—	3,000	
Ohio	150,000	185,319	185,125	220,000	42,030	79,085	60,133	40,000	
Tennessee	30,000	—	—	40,000	6,000	—	—	8,000	
Washington	450,000	586,000	416,000	305,000	80,000	82,954	60,000	56,700	
Total	1,639,214	3,306,634	2,866,135	3,382,517	348,071	716,289	503,653	639,130	

Table 17: Reported Tons for Blast Furnace Slag, 2012–2015

State	Reported Tons of Mix Using Blast Furnace Slag				Reported Tons of Blast Furnace Slag Use					
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2012	2013	2014	2015		
Alabama	100,000	110,000	100,000	15,000	10,100	12,500	10,000	10,000		
Illinois	—	_	40,000	20,000	—	—	10,000	15,000		
Indiana	1,487,000	116,500	375,000	—	304,000	57,000	150,000	—		
lowa	—	5,000	15,000	—	—	500	1,500	—		
Kentucky	—	16,000	828,243	100,000	—	7,500	191,067	25,000		
Michigan	500,000	700,000	329,000	500,000	50,000	107,000	43,750	2,000		
Ohio	208,028	416,250	794,6000	884,000	72,400	110,613	145,105	208,268		
Virginia	54,520	-	_	—	16,356	—	—	—		
West Virginia	588,120	504,704	1,065,382	748,922	180,308	155,032	190,000	183,357		
Wisconsin	_	_	_	5,500	_	_	_	795		
Total	2,937,668	1,868,454	3,547,225	2,273,422	633,164	450,145	741,422	444,420		

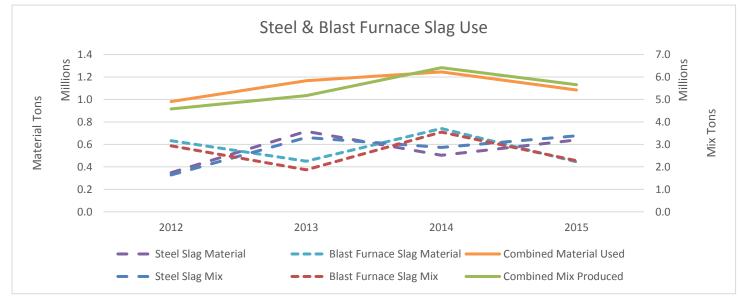


Figure 17: Steel and Blast Furnace Slag Use, 2012–2015

Other Recycled Materials

Table 18 summarizes other recycled materials used in asphalt mixtures. Other reported recycled materials include fly ash, cellulose fiber, foundry sand, recycled glass, and contaminated soil. Recycled glass was reported by Virginia in 2012 and Florida in 2015. Fly ash use was reported in Mississippi and Texas each year of the survey through 2014, but was not reported in 2015; Wisconsin reported using fly ash in 2014 and 2015; Tennessee first reported using fly ash in 2015.

The reported use of cellulose fiber reached an all-time high of 17 states in 2015, far exceeding the previous high of seven states in 2014. This is likely due to the specific request for data about cellulose fiber use in the 2015 construction season survey; in previous years, reporting data about cellulose fiber use was at the discretion of the respondent.

State & Type of		Reported Tons of Mix Produced Using Other Recycled Material				Reported Tons of Other Recycled Material Used*				
Other Recycled Material	2012	2013	2014	2015	2012	2013	2014	2015		
Cellulose Fiber					-		-			
Alabama	—	_	—	100,000	_	—	—	500		
Alaska	_	_	_	1,000		_	_	—		
Florida	_	20,204	73,600	92,000	_	71	311	147		
Georgia	_	43,000	_		_	129	—	—		
Illinois	_	_	_	126,150	_	_	—	240		
Indiana	_	6,000	_	22,000	_	60	—	1		
Louisiana	_	31,651	1,500	22,260	_	63	30	45		
Maryland	_	145,000	120,000	85,000	_	440	360	230		
Minnesota	_	5,000	_	—	_	15	—	_		
Mississippi	76,000	_	_	—	250	_	_	_		
Missouri	—	_	_	56,000	—	_	—	100		
New Jersey	_	_	_	5,000	_	_	—	_		
New York	_	_	700	1,605	_	_	1	_		
Ohio	—	—	—	10,220	—	—	—	90		
Oregon	—	—	—	20,000	—	—	—	8		
Pennsylvania	—	—	—	12,952	—	—	—	_		
South Carolina	—	—	—	20,000	_	—	—	_		
Tennessee	—	—	—	175,940	—	—	—	80		
Texas	—	30,600	36,000	50,300	—	90	44	15		
Virginia	—	—	74,000	61,000	—	—	120	183		
Total	76,000	281,455	305,800	861,427	250	868	866	1,643		
Fly Ash										
Michigan	_	_	_	50,000	_	_	—	_		
Mississippi	50,000	50,000	15,000	—	2,400	2,500	600	_		
Tennessee	_	_	_	15,940	—	_	—	616		
Texas	18,000	25,000	20,000	_	1,200	1,700	1,000	_		
Wisconsin	—	_	26,000	102,500	_	_	1,500	6,150		
Total	68,000	75,000	61,000	168,440	3,600	4,200	3,100	6,766		
Bottom Ash										
South Dakota	52,000		_	NCR	4,280	_		NCR		
Texas	<u> </u>	—	_	1,000	—	_	—	-		
Total	52,000			1,000	4,280	—				
Foundry Sand										
Missouri	5,000	15,130	22,310	10,000	500	1,514	2,231	500		
	.									

Table 18: Other Recycled Materials

*Not all producers reporting tonnages of mix using other recycled materials provided quantities of recycled materials used.

NCR = No Contractors/Companies Reporting

Table 18: Other Recycled Materials (Continued)

State & Type of Other Recycled Material	Reported Tons of Mix Produced Using Other Recycled Material				Reported Tons of Other Recycled Material Used*			
Other Recycled Material	2012	2013	2014	2015	2012	2013	2014	2015
Petroleum-Contaminated Soil								
Massachusetts	—	—	—	35,000	—	_	—	1,050
Recycled Glass								
Florida	—	—	—	1,000	—	-	—	200
Virginia	173	—	—	—	34	_	—	—
Total	173	_	_	1,000	34		_	200

*Not all producers reporting tonnages of mix using other recycled materials provided quantities of recycled materials used. NCR = No Contractors/Companies Reporting

Summary and Conclusions

The objective of this survey was to quantify the use of recycled materials and WMA produced by the asphalt pavement mix production industry during the 2015 construction season. Asphalt mix producers from 48 states and one U.S. territory completed the 2015 survey, and data was collected from 212 companies/branches with data from 1,119 plants. Data collected was compared to annual data from previous surveys since the 2009 construction season.

The survey findings for 2015 regarding the use of RAP, RAS, and WMA are summarized in Table 5.

Comparing the 2015 results to 2014 construction season, estimated total asphalt mix production saw a slight increase from 352 million tons to 364.9 million tons, a 3.7 percent increase. Increases in estimated tonnage were seen across all customer sectors from 2014 to 2015, with DOT tonnage rising 2.1 percent to 163.6 million tons, Other Agency tonnage rising 5.3 percent to 95.5 million tons, and Commercial & Residential tonnage rising 4.6 percent to 105.8 million tons.

The use of recycled material has risen dramatically since the 2009 construction season survey; although, year-over-year growth has slowed in recent years. The 2015 construction season survey shows:

- The total estimated tons of RAP used in asphalt mixes reached 74.2 million tons in 2015. This represents a greater than 32 percent increase in the total estimated tons of RAP used in 2009. During the same time frame, total tonnage increased only 1.8 percent.
- The percent of producers reporting use of RAP decreased slightly from 100 percent of respondents in 2014 to 99 percent in 2015.
- The average percent RAP used by all sectors has seen variable growth from 2009 to 2015. The year-to-year growth in the total percentage of RAP use has slowed from 2009 to 2015, decreasing from a 1.8 percent increase from 2009 to 2010 to 0.1 percent decrease from 2014 to 2015. The average estimated percent RAP used in all mixes has increased from 15.6 percent in 2009 to 20.3 percent in 2015.
- Companies/branches reporting excess RAP supplies decreased from 91 percent to 88 percent from 2014 to 2015. As in the 2012 and 2014 construction seasons, the estimated amount of RAP used for all purposes in 2015, including landfilling, exceeded the amount accepted. RAP use exceeded RAP received by 4.5 million tons in 2015.
- Only three producers reported landfilling RAP during the 2015 construction season.
- The total estimated amount of RAP stockpiled nationwide at the end of the 2015 construction season was 85.1 million tons.

- Producers from 29 states reported fractionating RAP. Nationally, a reported 23 percent of RAP is fractionated.
- Producers from 32 states reported using softer binders and 18 states reported using rejuvenators in RAP mixes. While there is no strong relationship between the amount of RAP used and the use of softer binders or rejuvenators, most of the states using greater than 20 percent RAP also use softer binders or rejuvenators.
- Use of both recycled manufacturing waste and post-consumer asphalt shingles in asphalt mixes decreased slightly (1.6 percent) from an estimated 1.96 million tons in 2014 to 1.93 million tons in 2015. Still the use of RAS in the 2015 construction season increased 175 percent from the estimated 701,000 tons used in asphalt mixtures in 2009.
- The amount of unprocessed RAS accepted by asphalt mix producers decreased from 1.66 million tons in 2014 to 1.13 million tons in 2015. During the 2015 construction season, an estimated 840,000 tons of processed RAS was accepted by producers. The combined total of unprocessed and processed RAS accepted in 2015 was 1.94 million tons, slightly higher than the amount of RAS used in asphalt mixtures.
- Eighty-eight percent of companies/branches using RAS reported having excess RAS on hand at the end of the 2015 construction season.
- Of the RAS used in 2015, more than 99 percent was used in asphalt mixes. The remainder was combined with aggregates. No RAS was landfilled.
- The number of states with reported RAS use decreased from 36 states in 2014 to 34 states in 2015. One state that reported using RAS in 2014 did not have any producers participating in the 2015 construction season survey.
- In 2015, producers were asked which sectors allow RAS in asphalt mixtures. Most RAS is allowed in the Commercial & Residential sector followed by the Other Agency sector. Many DOTs allow RAS in some mixes, but few allow it in all mixtures.
- The combined savings of asphalt binder (\$480/ton) and aggregate (\$9.25/ton) from the use of RAP and RAS in asphalt mixes is more than \$2.6 billion. This helps reduce material costs for asphalt pavement mixtures, allowing road owners to achieve more roadway maintenance and construction activities within limited budgets.
- The number of states reporting use of ground tire rubber (GTR) in asphalt mixtures increased from nine in 2014 to 14 in 2015. The total reported tons of asphalt pavement mix using GTR grew 2.9 percent from 2014 to 1.235 million tons in the 2015 construction season.
- The number of states reporting use of steel or blast furnace slags remained constant at 11 states in 2015, but the amount of mixtures using these materials decreased by about 12 percent from 2014 to 2015.
- The reported use of cellulose fiber reached an all-time high of 17 states in 2015, due to the survey being modified to asking specifically about cellulose fiber this year.
- Two states, Tennessee and Wisconsin, reported using fly ash in asphalt mixtures in 2015. Wisconsin reported a significant increase in the use of fly ash.
- Less commonly recycled materials reported in 2015 included foundry sand, recycled glass, and petroleumcontaminated soil.

The use of WMA continues to increase, but at a slower rate. The 2015 construction season survey shows:

- The estimated total production of WMA for the 2015 construction season was about 120 million tons. This was a greater than 5 percent increase from the estimated 114 million tons of WMA in 2014 and a more than 614 percent increase from the estimated 16.8 million tons in the 2009 construction season.
- WMA was about one-third of the total estimated asphalt mixture market in 2015.
- Plant foaming, representing 72 percent of the market, is the most commonly used warm-mix technology; chemical additive technologies accounted for a little more than 25 percent of the market.
- One hundred producers, 60 percent of respondents, in 41 states also reported using WMA additives in some asphalt pavement mixtures produced at HMA temperatures.

The 2015 survey results show that the asphalt pavement mix production industry has a strong record of sustainable practices and continues to increase its use of recycled materials and WMA. Since the initial industry survey of the 2009 construction season, producers have increased significantly their use of recycled materials and WMA; however, since the 2013 survey, indicators are that the rate of increase in the adoption of RAP, RAS, and WMA may be plateauing.

Slightly more RAP was used than received during the 2015 construction season, and 88 percent of producers indicated they have excess RAP on hand. With an estimated 85 million tons of RAP stockpiled nationwide, opportunities remain to increase the amount of RAP used in asphalt mixes through permissive specifications, education, and improved RAP processing, production equipment, and procedures.

RAS use saw a slight decrease in 2015; however, by including 1.931 million tons of waste shingles in asphalt mixtures, producers recycled 15 percent of the nation's available waste shingles. As with RAP, permissive specifications, education, and improved processing, production equipment, and procedures will help increase the amount and percentages of RAS used in asphalt mixes.

The asphalt pavement mix production industry repurposes many products from other industries. The survey shows that, for the 2015 construction season, steel and blast furnace slag use was reported in 11 states, GTR use was reported in 14 states, cellulose fiber use was reported in 17 states in 2015; and fly ash in two states.

WMA use continued to increase during the 2015 construction season with a total production of nearly 120 million tons, which represents nearly one-third of the total estimated asphalt mix production. All states responding to the survey, with the exceptions of Nevada, West Virginia, and Rhode Island, reported using WMA in 2015. Although the increase in the use of WMA from the 2014 to 2015 construction season was only about 1 percent, WMA use is expected to continue to increase, as more states allow the use of WMA technologies in asphalt mixtures.

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6th Annual Asphalt Pavement Industry Survey IS 138



Asphalt Pavement Industry Survey on

Recycled Materials and Warm-Mix Asphalt Usage 2015

Appendix A:
 Survey Forms

Asphalt Pavement Industry Survey on Recycled Materials and Warm-Mix Asphalt Usage: 2015 Appendix A

Introduction

As outlined in the Survey Methodology section of main *Asphalt Pavement Industry Survey on Recycled Materials and Warm-Mix Asphalt Usage* report for the 2015 construction season survey, this appendix provides a copy of the survey instrument used to collect responses from participants.

The majority of asphalt mixture producers participating in the survey used the online survey platform SurveyMonkey[®] to provide their responses. Some producers submitted PDF forms and the data were entered into SurveyMonkey by NAPA staff. Some multistate producers submitted data using a spreadsheet developed by NAPA to collect the same information.



Recycled Materials and WMA Survey 2015

Purpose

The National Asphalt Pavement Association is working with the Federal Highway Administration to determine the amount of hot-mix asphalt (HMA), warm-mix asphalt (WMA), and recycled materials being produced and used in each state. This survey will be used to collect this data.

It is important for the industry that you complete this survey so that we have accurate information regarding the use of recycled materials and Warm-Mix Asphalt and to identify areas needing assistance in implementation.

DATA FROM THIS SURVEY WILL BE CONFIDENTIAL AND WILL BE USED ONLY FOR THE PURPOSES OF DETERMINING THESE QUANTITIES. IT WILL NOT BE USED FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE. DATA WILL BE REPORTED BY STATE ONLY, AND NO STATE SPECIFIC DATA WILL BE REPORTED WHEN FEWER THAN THREE COMPANIES/BRANCHES RESPOND FOR A STATE. NO COMPANY-SPECIFIC INFORMATION WILL BE DISCLOSED OR USED IN ANY WAY.

It is recommended that you print a copy of the full survey — downloadable as a PDF from <u>http://goaspha.lt/2015NAPA-FHWASurvey</u> — to make sure you have the necessary data at hand before beginning the online survey.

Survey results will be shared with industry and government agencies and officials to help in the implementation of recycling and warm-mix technologies.

By completing this survey you will be eligible to receive a complimentary copy of the full report.

Your participation is greatly appreciated.



Recycled Materials and WMA Survey 2015

Contact Information

The following information will be used only to confirm that we do not get duplicate information from a company and to contact you if we have any questions regarding your answers. Contact Kent Hansen, khansen@asphaltpavement.org, or Audrey Copeland, audrey@asphaltpavement.org, or by phone at 888-468-6499 at NAPA if you have any questions.

* 1. Company/Branch Name:

* 2. Contact Person's Name & Address

* 3. Contact Person's Email

* 4. Contact Person's Phone Number



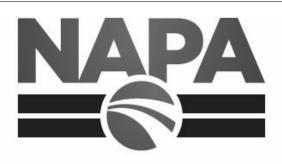
Recycled Materials and WMA Survey 2015

State

Please select the state for which you are providing the information.

If your branch operates in more than one state, please complete a separate questionnaire for each state. If a plant provides mix for more than one state, please divide the tonnage accordingly, using your best estimate if specific data is not available.

* 5. Which state is the information provided for?							
Alabama	Kentucky	Ohio					
Alaska	Louisiana	Oklahoma					
American Samoa	Maine	Oregon					
Arizona	Maryland	Pennsylvania					
Arkansas	Massachusetts	Puerto Rico					
California	Michigan	Rhode Island					
Colorado	Minnesota	South Carolina					
Connecticut	Mississippi	South Dakota					
Delaware	Missouri	Tennessee					
District of Columbia	Montana	Texas					
Florida	Nebraska	US Virgin Islands					
Georgia	Nevada	Utah					
Guam	New Hampshire	Vermont					
Hawaii	New Jersey	Virginia					
Idaho	New Mexico	Washington					
	New York	West Virginia					
Indiana	North Carolina	Wisconsin					
lowa	North Dakota	Wyoming					
Kansas	Northern Mariana Islands						
* 6. How many plants does this su	rvey response cover?						
Number of plants							



Recycled Materials and WMA Survey 2015

Total Asphalt Tonnage for 2015

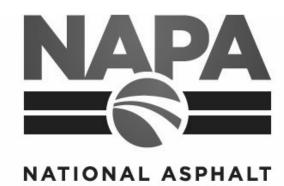
Please complete the following information for the total tonnage of all asphalt production in 2015.

* 7. What was your total tonnage of asphalt mixes in 2015 for the following sectors? (Use best estimate if data is not available.)

State DOT

Other Agency (City, County, FAA, Military)

Commercial & Residential



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Recycled Materials and WMA Survey 2015

RAP Supply and Use 2015

Please complete the following information on the amount of RAP received and used for 2015.

* 8. Did you accept, process, or use RAP in the state during 2015?

Yes

) No

|--|

Recycled Materials and WMA Survey 2015

RAP Supply and Use 2015

Please complete the following information regarding the amount of RAP received and used for 2015.

* 9. How many tons of removed asphalt pavement and asphalt millings were accepted/delivered to your facilities in the state in 2015?

Tons:

* 10. How many tons of RAP were used in 2015 for the following purposes? (Use best estimate if data not available.)

Recycled Back into HMA/WMA Mixes:	
Aggregate Base:	
Cold Mix:	
Other:	
Landfilled:	

* 11. What was the average RAP percentage used in asphalt mixes during 2015 for the following sectors? (Use best estimate if data not available.)

State DOT	
Other Agency (City, County, FAA, Military)	
Commercial & Residential	

* 12. At the end of the year 2015 did you have excess RAP (processed or unprocessed) in inventory?

Yes

) No

13. What percentage of the RAP processed is fractionated into two or more sizes? (Use best estimate if data not available.)

14. What percent of mixes using RAP were produced using a softer grade of asphalt binder? (Use best estimate if data not available.)

15. What percent of mixes using RAP were produced using rejuvenators? (Use best estimate if data not available.)

16. Please estimate how many tons of RAP you had stockpiled at the end of 2015. (Use best estimate if data not available.)

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Recycled Materials and WMA Survey 2015

Reclaimed Asphalt Shingles (RAS) Supply and Use for 2015

Please complete the following information on the amount of waste shingles received (processed and unprocessed) and used for 2015.

- * 17. Did you accept waste shingles and/or process or use reclaimed asphalt shingles (RAS) in 2015?
 - Yes
 - No

NAPA

Recycled Materials and WMA Survey 2015

Reclaimed Asphalt Shingles (RAS) Supply and Use for 2015

Please complete the following information regarding the amount of waste shingles received (processed and unprocessed) and used during 2015.

* 18. How many tons of unprocessed shingles (manufacturers waste and tear-offs) were accepted/delivered to your facilities in the state in 2015?

Unprocessed Shingles:	Tons			
Shingles:	Unprocessed	J		
	•			

* 19. How many tons of processed shingles were accepted/delivered to your facilities in the state in 2015?

Tons processed shingles	
purchased	

* 20. How many tons of reclaimed asphalt shingles (RAS) were used for the following purposes in 2015? (Use best estimate if data not available.)

Recycled into HMA/WMA Mixes:	
Aggregate Base:	
Cold Mix:	
Other:	
Landfilled:	

* 21. What was average RA estimate if data not availa		ed in asphalt mixes in 2015 for the following sectors? (Use	best
State DOT			
Other Agency (City, County, FA	A, Military)		
Commercial & Residential			
* 22. At the end of the year shingles.)	2015 did you have	e any excess RAS? (Include processed and unprocessed	
Yes			
Νο			
23. Is RAS allowed in (ch	eck all that apply)		
All DOT mixes			
Some DOT mixes			
Other Agency mixes (some	er all)		
Commercial and Resident	al mixes (some or all))	

24. What percent of the RAS binder do you estimate is blending with the new asphalt binder (enter a number between 0 - 100) *Typical values that have been reported in research are between 60 and 100 percent.*

NATIONAL ASPHALT PAVEMENT ASSOCIATION
Recycled Materials and WMA Survey 2015
Warm-Mix Asphalt Production for 2015
Warm-mix asphalt is the generic term for a variety of technologies that allow the producers of asphalt pavement material to lower the temperatures at which the material is mixed and placed on the road by 10 to 100 degrees F.
* 25. Did any of your plants in this state use Warm-Mix Asphalt technologies in 2015?
Yes
Νο

|--|

Recycled Materials and WMA Survey 2015

Warm-Mix Asphalt Production for 2015

Warm-mix asphalt is the generic term for a variety of technologies that allow the producers of asphalt pavement material to lower the temperatures at which the material is mixed and placed on the road by 10 to 100 degrees F.

* 26. What was average percent of mixes produced using warm-mix asphalt technologies in 2015 for the different sectors? (Use best estimate if data not available.)

State DOT

Other Agency (City, County, FAA, Military)

Commercial & Residential

* 27. What percentage of the total warm-mix asphalt (WMA) for 2015 was produced using the following technologies? (Use best estimate if data not available.)

Chemical Admixture	
Additive (Zeolite) Foaming	
Plant Foaming	
Organic (Wax) Additive	

28. Were warm-mix additive used in mixes produced at hot-mix temperatures (i.e., without lowering temperatures by at least 10 degrees F.)

Yes

) No

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PAVEMENT ASSOCIATION

Recycled Materials and WMA Survey 2015

Other Recycled Material for 2015

Please let us know if you used any other recycled materials in HMA/WMA mixes in 2015.

- * 29. Did you use other recycled materials (excluding RAP and RAS) in your mixes in 2015? (This includes materials added to the mix such as: ground tire rubber, blast furnace slag, steel slag, glass, fly ash, bottom ash, foundry sand, cellulose fibers, etc.)
 - Yes

) No



Recycled Materials and WMA Survey 2015

* 30. What other recycled material (excluding RAP and RAS) did you use in your mixes in 2015?

	Yes	No
Ground Tire Rubber	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Steel Slag	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Blast Furnace Slag	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Recycled Cellulose Fibers	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Other 1*	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Other 2*	\bigcirc	\bigcirc

* Please describe the other recycled materials used.

31. How many tons of available.)	HMA/WMA was produced using this product. (Use bes	t estimate if data not
Ground Tire Rubber		
Steel Slag		
Blast Furnace Slag		
Recycled Cellulose Fibers		
Other 1		
Other 2		

32. How many tons of the recycled product was used in 2014? (Enter 0 if you do not have a reasonable estimate of this quantity)

Ground Tire Rubber	
Steel Slag	
Blast Furnace Slag	
Recycled Cellulose Fibers	
Other 1	
Other 2	

NATIONAL ASPHALT PAVEMENT ASSOCIATION
Recycled Materials and WMA Survey 2015
Thank You
 33. Would you like a complimentary copy of the final report? Yes No

Asphalt Pavement Industry Survey on

Recycled Materials and Warm-Mix Asphalt Usage 2015

Appendix B: State-by-State Use of Recycled Materials and Warm-Mix Asphalt in Asphalt Pavement Mixtures

Asphalt Pavement Industry Survey on Recycled Materials and Warm-Mix Asphalt Usage: 2015 Appendix B

Introduction

This appendix provides a state-by-state breakdown of data reported in the main *Asphalt Pavement Industry Survey on Recycled Materials and Warm-Mix Asphalt Usage* report for the 2015 construction season survey.

Data are reported for all 50 U.S. states, as well as the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico. In instances where fewer than three companies/branches in a state responded to the survey, only estimated total tonnages for the state are reported to protect proprietary company data.

The accuracy of the state-level estimates will vary from state to state depending upon the number of companies/branches participating in the survey in a given state and tonnage produced by those respondents.

Data reported in each state's table provides information included in Tables 5, 7, 8, and 9 in the main report.

Alabama

	Reported	d Values	Total Estim	nated Value
	2014	2015	2014	2015
s of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (N	Aillions)	Tons (N	/illions)
Total	4.0	3.7	7.5	7.5
DOT	2.5	2.5	4.6	4.9
Other Agency	0.6	0.7	1.1	1.5
Commercial and Residential	0.9	0.5	1.7	1.1
Companies/Branches Reporting	5	4		
	Tons (N	Aillions)	Tons (N	/illions)
Accepted	0.9	0.7	1.6	1.4
Used in HMA/WMA	0.9	0.9	1.7	1.9
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	0.9	†	1.85
	Average % U	Jsed in Mixes	Average % L	Jsed in Mixes
Average % for DOT Mixes	34.0%	26.9%		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	29.3%	21.7%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	38.0%	30.6%		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA			23.3%	25.1%
	Other Data	a Reported	Other Data	
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	100%		
Percent of RAP Fractionated	†	45%	†	33%
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	†	19%	†	7%
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	+	1%	†	2%
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Tons (Th		Tons (Th	
Unprocessed Accepted	112.4	27.3	208.6	54.9
Processed Accepted	†	25.0	†	50.3
Used in HMA/WMA	89.8	61.9	166.7	124.4
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Average % U		0.0	0.0
Average % for DOT Mixes	5.56%			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	4.44%	1.07%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	4.97%	0.64%		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA	1.7770	0.0170	2.22%	1.66%
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	100%	100%	2.2270	1.0070
		Production	Tons (N	Aillions)
DOT	54%	48%	2.5	2.4
Other Agency	37%	50%	0.4	0.7
Commercial and Residential	20%	26%	0.4	0.7
Total	2070	2070	3.3	3.4
	% of N	Aarkot	ა.ა	3.4
Chamical Additive 9/	-			
Chemical Additive %	26%	9%		
Additive Foaming %	0%	3%		
Plant Foaming %	74%	88%		
() receive Addition ()/				
Organic Additive % % Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	0% 16%	0% 19%		

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Alaska

	Reporte	ed Values	Total Estimated Value		
	2014	2015	2014	2015	
s of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (Millions)	Tons (N	/illions)	
Total	*	*	4.8	4.7	
DOT	*	*	*	*	
Other Agency	*	*	*	*	
Commercial and Residential	*	*	*	*	
Companies/Branches Reporting	*	*			
	Tons (Millions)	Tons (N	/illions)	
Accepted	*	*	*	*	
Used in HMA/WMA	*	*	*	*	
Used in Aggregate	*	*	*	*	
Used in Cold Mix	*	*	*	*	
Used in Other	*	*	*	*	
Landfilled	*	*	*	*	
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	*	†	*	
	Average %	Jsed in Mixes	Average % L	sed in Mixes	
Average % for DOT Mixes	*	*			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	*	*			
Average % for Commercial & Residential	*	*			
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA			*	*	
	Other Dat	a Reported	Other Data	Estimated	
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	*	*	Other Data	Estimatou	
Percent of RAP Fractionated	+	*	†	*	
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	+	*	†	*	
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Solice Dinder	+	*	†	*	
	Tons (Th	nousands)	Tons (Th	ousands)	
Unprocessed Accepted	*	*	*	*	
Processed Accepted	†	*	†	*	
Used in HMA/WMA	*	*	*	*	
Used in Aggregate	*	*	*	*	
Used in Cold Mix	*	*	*	*	
Used in Other	*	*	*	*	
Landfilled	*	*	*	*	
Lananica	Average %	Used in Mixes			
Average % for DOT Mixes	Average %	*			
Average % for DOT Mixes	*	*			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	*	*			
Average % for Commercial & Residential			*	*	
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA % Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	*	*			
			Tana /		
	% I Otal	Production *	Tons (N *	/IIIIIONS) *	
DOT	*	*	*	*	
Other Agency	*	*	*	*	
Commercial and Residential		**	*	*	
Total		Markat	^ 	*	
	% of *	Market			
Chemical Additive %	*	*			
Additive Foaming %					
Plant Foaming %	*	*			
Organic Additive %	*	*			
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	*	*			

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Arizona

	Reported	d Values	Total Estimated Value	
	2014	2015	2014	2015
s of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (N	/illions)	Tons (M	illions)
Total	0.8	*	6.6	6.8
DOT	0.1	*	0.9	*
Other Agency	0.2	*	1.3	*
Commercial and Residential	0.6	*	4.5	*
Companies/Branches Reporting	3	*		
	Tons (N	/illions)	Tons (M	illions)
Accepted	0.1	*	0.8	*
Used in HMA/WMA	0.1	*	0.9	*
Used in Aggregate	0.0	*	0.0	*
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	*	0.0	*
Used in Other	0.0	*	0.0	*
Landfilled	0.0	*	0.0	*
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	*	†	*
	Average % U	lsed in Mixes	Average % Us	sed in Mixes
Average % for DOT Mixes	13.8%	*	5	
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	12.2%	*		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	18.7%	*		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA			13.7%	*
5	Other Data	Reported	Other Data	Estimated
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	*	o anor bata	Lotimatou
Percent of RAP Fractionated	100%	*	+	*
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	†	*	†	*
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	t	*	t	*
	Tons (Th	ousands)	Tons (Tho	usands)
Unprocessed Accepted	0.0	*	0.0	*
Processed Accepted	t	*	1	*
Used in HMA/WMA	0.0	*	0.0	*
Used in Aggregate	0.0	*	0.0	*
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	*	0.0	*
Used in Other	0.0	*	0.0	*
Landfilled	0.0	*	0.0	*
Landined	Average % U	lood in Mixos	0.0	
Average 0/ for DOT Mixes	0.00%			
Average % for DOT Mixes	0.00%	*		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	0.00%	*		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	0.00%		0.000/	*
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA % Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	00/	*	0.00%	
	0%		Taua (M	::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
	% Total P	roduction	Tons (M	illions)
DOT	17%	*	0.1	*
Other Agency	3%	*	0.0	*
Commercial and Residential	2%	^	0.1	
Total			0.3	*
	% of N			
Chemical Additive %	0%	*		
Additive Foaming %	0%	*		
Plant Foaming %	100%	*		
Organic Additive % % Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	0% 22%	*		

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Arkansas

	Reporte	d Values	Total Estin	nated Value
	2014	2015	2014	2015
ns of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (I	Millions)	Tons (I	Villions)
Total	1.7	1.9	5.1	3.2
DOT	1.0	0.9	3.1	1.6
Other Agency	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.8
Commercial and Residential	0.5	0.5	1.5	0.8
Companies/Branches Reporting	6	6		
	Tons (Villions)	Tons (I	Villions)
Accepted	0.3	0.2	0.8	0.4
Used in HMA/WMA	0.2	0.3	0.7	0.5
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	t	0.2	†	0.34
	Average % I	Jsed in Mixes	Áverage % l	
Average % for DOT Mixes	19.3%	15.3%		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	15.2%	16.6%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	18.9%	14.7%		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA	10.770	14.770	13.7%	14.1%
	Othor Dat	a Reported		a Estimated
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	7		Other Data	ESUIIIaleu
	100%	100%	+	110/
Percent of RAP Fractionated	T	18%	<u>†</u>	11%
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	†	17%	<u>†</u>	9%
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	T	0%	†	0%
	1	nousands)	Tons (Thousands)	
Unprocessed Accepted	14.7	20.6	44.8	35.3
Processed Accepted	†	19.0	†	32.6
Used in HMA/WMA	14.1	27.4	43.1	47.0
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other	2.0	0.0	6.0	0.0
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		Jsed in Mixes		
Average % for DOT Mixes	0.41%			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	2.50%	1.37%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	3.10%	2.35%		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA			0.84%	1.47%
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	50%	67%		
Α	% Total F	Production	Tons (I	villions)
DOT	42%	10%	1.3	0.2
Other Agency	50%	18%	0.2	0.1
Commercial and Residential	62%	53%	0.9	0.4
Total			2.5	0.7
	% of	Market		
Chemical Additive %	0%	0%		
Additive Foaming %	0%	0%		
Plant Foaming %	100%	100%		
Organic Additive %	0%	0%		
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	11%	14%		
No Companies Departing	1170	17/0		

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

California

	Reporte	d Values	Total Estimated Value	
	2014	2015	2014	2015
s of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (I	Villions)	Tons (M	Villions)
Total	10.2	9.3	23.1	25.5
DOT	4.1	2.7	9.4	7.4
Other Agency	2.8	2.9	6.3	8.0
Commercial and Residential	3.3	3.7	7.4	10.1
Companies/Branches Reporting	6	4		
	Tons (I	Villions)	Tons (Millions)	
Accepted	1.4	2.1	3.2	5.7
Used in HMA/WMA	1.3	1.5	2.9	4.0
Used in Aggregate	0.3	0.0	0.6	0.0
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	2.2	†	5.93
	Average % l	Jsed in Mixes	Average % L	Jsed in Mixes
Average % for DOT Mixes	14.3%	15.8%		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	15.2%	18.4%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	17.8%	20.0%		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA	11.070	20.070	12.8%	15.7%
	Other Data	a Reported		Estimated
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	100%	Other Date	Lotinutou
Percent of RAP Fractionated	+	0%	†	0%
Percent of RAP Practionated Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	+	8%	†	3%
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Sorter binder	+	4%	†	2%
	Tons (Th	4% ousands)	Tons (Th	
	-			
Unprocessed Accepted	4.5	0.0	10.2 †	0.0
Processed Accepted Used in HMA/WMA	6.6	1.4	14.9	3.8
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		Jsed in Mixes		
Average % for DOT Mixes	0.00%			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	0.10%	0.43%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	1.76%	1.54%	0.0101	0.000
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA		0=0/	0.06%	0.02%
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	50%	25%		
A		Production		Villions)
DOT	3%	2%	0.2	0.2
Other Agency	4%	0%	0.2	0.0
Commercial and Residential	1%	0%	0.1	0.0
Total			0.6	0.2
	-	Varket		
Chemical Additive %	23%	41%		
Additive Foaming %	0%	0%		
Plant Foaming %	77%	59%		
Organic Additive %	0%	0%		
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA		25%		

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Colorado

	Reporte	d Values	Total Estimated Value	
	2014	2015	2014	2015
s of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (I	Villions)	Tons (I	Villions)
Total	2.9	1.5	7.0	7.2
DOT	0.8	0.4	2.0	2.1
Other Agency	1.2	0.7	3.0	3.4
Commercial and Residential	0.8	0.3	2.0	1.7
Companies/Branches Reporting	5	4		
	Tons (I	Villions)	Tons (Millions)	
Accepted	0.8	0.8	2.0	3.8
Used in HMA/WMA	0.6	0.3	1.4	1.4
Used in Aggregate	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.0
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.4
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	0.2	†	1.15
	Average % I	Jsed in Mixes	Average % Used in M	
Average % for DOT Mixes	21.8%	13.8%	. torago /o c	
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	21.8%	24.3%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	23.7%	27.1%		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA	23.770	27.170	20.6%	20.1%
	Other Dat	a Reported		Estimated
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	100%	Other Date	r Estimated
	100%	26%	†	60%
Percent of RAP Fractionated	+	20%	†	60% 54%
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	+		†	
S		3%		6%
		ousands)		ousands)
Unprocessed Accepted	0.1	0.4	0.2	1.8
Processed Accepted	†	0.0	1	0.0
Used in HMA/WMA	8.5	1.8	20.8	8.6
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Average % L	Jsed in Mixes		
Average % for DOT Mixes	0.00%			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	0.00%	0.00%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	1.74%	2.61%	0.0001	0.100
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA		= = = = =	0.30%	0.12%
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	60%	50%		
Α		Production	,	Villions)
DOT	39%	4%	0.8	0.1
Other Agency	42%	11%	1.3	0.4
Commercial and Residential	46%	12%	0.9	0.2
Total			3.0	0.6
		Varket		
Chemical Additive %	23%	56%		
Additive Foaming %	0%	11%		
Plant Foaming %	77%	33%		
Organic Additive %	0%	0%		
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA				

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Connecticut

	Reported Values		Total Estimated Value	
	2014	2015	2014	2015
ns of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (N	/illions)	Tons (M	illions)
Total	2.1	*	4.7	3.1
DOT	0.9	*	2.0	*
Other Agency	0.6	*	1.2	*
Commercial and Residential	0.7	*	1.4	*
Companies/Branches Reporting	3	*		
)	Tons (N	/illions)	Tons (Millions)	
Accepted	0.5	*	1.0	*
Used in HMA/WMA	0.4	*	1.0	*
Used in Aggregate	0.0	*	0.1	*
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	*	0.0	*
Used in Other	0.0	*	0.0	*
Landfilled	0.0	*	0.0	*
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	*	t	*
	Average % U	lsed in Mixes	Average % Us	sed in Mixes
Average % for DOT Mixes	18.8%	*	Therage 70 0.	
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	19.8%	*		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	25.3%	*		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA	23.370		21.0%	*
	Other Date	Doportod	Other Data	Ectimated
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	Other Data	*	Other Data	ESUIIIdleu
	100%	*		*
Percent of RAP Fractionated	Ť	*	Ť	*
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	†	*	†	*
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	†		†	
	Tons (Th		Tons (Tho	
Unprocessed Accepted	0.2	*	0.5	*
Processed Accepted	†	*	†	*
Used in HMA/WMA	0.2	*	0.5	*
Used in Aggregate	0.0	*	0.0	*
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	*	0.0	*
Used in Other	0.0	*	0.0	*
Landfilled	0.0	*	0.0	*
	Average % U			
Average % for DOT Mixes	0.00%			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	0.00%	*		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	4.69%	*		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA			0.01%	*
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	33%	*		
Α	% Total P	roduction	Tons (M	illions)
DOT	58%	*	1.2	*
Other Agency	54%	*	0.7	*
Commercial and Residential	56%	*	0.8	*
Total			2.6	*
	% of N	/larket		
Chemical Additive %	0%	*		
Additive Foaming %	2%	*		
Plant Foaming %	98%	*		
Organic Additive %	0%	*		
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	11%	*		
	1170			

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Delaware

	Reported Values		Total Estimated Value	
	2014	2015	2014	2015
s of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (Millions)	Tons (N	(illions)
Total	*	*	1.5	1.7
DOT	*	*	*	*
Other Agency	*	*	*	*
Commercial and Residential	*	*	*	*
Companies/Branches Reporting	*	*		
	Tons (Millions)	Tons (Millions)	
Accepted	*	*	*	*
Used in HMA/WMA	*	*	*	*
Used in Aggregate	*	*	*	*
Used in Cold Mix	*	*	*	*
Used in Other	*	*	*	*
Landfilled	*	*	*	*
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	*	†	*
	Average %	Used in Mixes	Average % U	sed in Mixes
Average % for DOT Mixes	*	*		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	*	*		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	*	*		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA			*	*
	Other Dat	ta Reported	Other Data	Estimated
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	*	*	Other Data	Estimated
Percent of RAP Fractionated	+	*	†	*
	+	*	†	*
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	+	*	†	*
	Tops (TI	housands)	Tons (Th	ouconde)
Unprocessed Accepted	*	*	*	*
Processed Accepted	†	*	†	*
Used in HMA/WMA	*	*	*	*
	*	*	*	*
Used in Aggregate Used in Cold Mix	*	*	*	*
	*	*	*	*
Used in Other Landfilled	*	*	*	*
Lanunneu				
4	Average %	Used in Mixes		
Average % for DOT Mixes	*	*		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	*	*		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	Â	^	*	*
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA	*	*	^	^
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS			- 4	
A	% Total	Production	Tons (N	
DOT	*	*	*	*
Other Agency	*	*	*	*
Commercial and Residential	*	*	*	*
Total			*	*
		Market		
Chemical Additive %	*	*		
Additive Foaming %	*	*		
Plant Foaming %	*	*		
	*	*		

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District of Columbia

	Reported Values		Total Estimated Value	
	2014	2015	2014	2015
s of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (I	Villions)	Tons (I	Villions)
Total	NCR	NCR	1.9	1.7
DOT	NCR	NCR	NCR	NCR
Other Agency	NCR	NCR	NCR	NCR
Commercial and Residential	NCR	NCR	NCR	NCR
Companies/Branches Reporting	NCR	NCR		1
D		Villions)	Tons (Millions	
Accepted	NCR	NCR	NCR	NCR
Used in HMA/WMA	NCR	NCR	NCR	NCR
Used in Aggregate	NCR	NCR	NCR	NCR
Used in Cold Mix	NCR	NCR	NCR	NCR
Used in Other	NCR	NCR	NCR	NCR
Landfilled	NCR	NCR	NCR	NCR
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	t	NCR	†	NCR
		Jsed in Mixes	Average % l	Jsed in Mixes
Average % for DOT Mixes	NCR	NCR		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	NCR	NCR		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	NCR	NCR		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA	Non	Non	NCR	NCR
	Other Data	a Reported		Estimated
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	NCR	NCR	o thoi b dt	Eotimatou
Percent of RAP Fractionated	†	NCR	t	NCR
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	†	NCR	†	NCR
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	†	NCR	†	NCR
S		iousands)		nousands)
Unprocessed Accepted	NCR	NCR	NCR	NCR
Processed Accepted	†	NCR	†	NCR
Used in HMA/WMA	NCR	NCR	NCR	NCR
Used in Aggregate	NCR	NCR	NCR	NCR
Used in Cold Mix	NCR	NCR	NCR	NCR
Used in Other	NCR	NCR	NCR	NCR
Landfilled	NCR	NCR	NCR	NCR
		Jsed in Mixes	NCK	NON
Average % for DOT Mixes	NCR	NCR		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	NCR	NCR		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	NCR	NCR		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA	NOR	NOR	NCR	NCR
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	NCR	NCR	Non	Non
		Production	Tons (I	Villions)
	NCR	NCR	NCR	NCR
DOT			NCR	NCR
DOT Other Agency		NCR		
Other Agency	NCR	NCR NCR		NCR
Other Agency Commercial and Residential		NCR NCR	NCR	NCR NCR
Other Agency	NCR NCR	NCR		NCR NCR
Other Agency Commercial and Residential Total	NCR NCR % of I	NCR Market	NCR	
Other Agency Commercial and Residential Total Chemical Additive %	NCR NCR % of 1 NCR	NCR Market NCR	NCR	
Other Agency Commercial and Residential Total Chemical Additive % Additive Foaming %	NCR NCR % of f NCR NCR	NCR Market NCR NCR	NCR	
Other Agency Commercial and Residential Total Chemical Additive %	NCR NCR % of 1 NCR	NCR Market NCR	NCR	

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Florida

	Reported Values		Total Estimated Value	
	2014	2015	2014	2015
ns of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (Millions)	Tons (I	Villions)
Total	6.5	6.0	13.3	14.4
DOT	2.8	2.9	5.8	6.8
Other Agency	1.2	1.1	2.4	2.6
Commercial and Residential	2.5	2.1	5.1	5.0
Companies/Branches Reporting	7	6		
P	Tons (Millions)	Tons (Millions)	
Accepted	2.1	2.1	4.4	5.0
Used in HMA/WMA	2.1	2.0	4.3	4.8
Used in Aggregate	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	t	1.5	†	3.68
		Jsed in Mixes	Average % I	Jsed in Mixes
Average % for DOT Mixes	27.9%	26.7%		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	34.3%	32.6%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	39.1%	36.6%		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA	07.170	00.070	32.2%	33.4%
	Other Dat	a Reported		a Estimated
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	100%	Othor Dut	Lotinatoa
Percent of RAP Fractionated	10070	0%	†	0%
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	†	68%	†	80%
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	†	17%	†	7%
S		nousands)		iousands)
Unprocessed Accepted	3.0	2.6	6.1	6.1
Processed Accepted		0.0	t	0.0
Used in HMA/WMA	2.5	2.8	5.1	6.7
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		Jsed in Mixes	0.0	0.0
Average % for DOT Mixes	0.00%			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	0.95%	1.22%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	0.59%	0.73%		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA	0.3770	0.7570	0.04%	0.05%
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	14%	17%	0.0470	0.0376
		Production	Tons (I	Villions)
	-	16%		1.1
DOT Other Agopey	17% 23%	5%	1.0 0.6	0.1
Other Agency Commercial and Residential	12%	5% 1%	0.6	0.1
Commercial and Residential	1270	1 70	2.2	
	0/ 5	Markat	۷.۷	1.3
		Market		
Chemical Additive %	8%	96%		
Additive Foaming %	0%	0%		
Plant Foaming %	92%	4%		
Organic Additive %	0%	0%		
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	4%	14%		

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Georgia

	Reported	d Values	Total Estimated Value	
	2014	2015	2014	2015
ons of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (N		Tons (M	
Total	2.3	*	4.5	5.0
DOT	1.0	*	2.0	*
Other Agency	0.5	*	1.0	*
Commercial and Residential	0.8	*	1.6	*
Companies/Branches Reporting	4	*		
P	Tons (N	(illions)	Tons (Millions)	
Accepted	0.5	*	1.0	*
Used in HMA/WMA	0.5	*	0.9	*
Used in Aggregate	0.0	*	0.0	*
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	*	0.0	*
Used in Other	0.0	*	0.0	*
Landfilled	0.0	*	0.0	*
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	t	*	t	*
	Average % U	sed in Mixes	Average % Us	sed in Mixes
Average % for DOT Mixes	26.9%	*		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	25.1%	*		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	27.5%	*		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA	21.370		21.0%	*
	Other Data	Reported	Other Data	Estimatod
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	*	Other Data	Louinatou
	100%	*	+	*
Percent of RAP Fractionated	+	*	†	*
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	†	*	'	*
	† 		† 	
S	Tons (The	vusands)	Tons (Thousands)	
Unprocessed Accepted	0.0	*	0.0	*
Processed Accepted	†	*	†	*
Used in HMA/WMA	0.0	*	0.0	*
Used in Aggregate	0.0	*	0.0	*
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	*	0.0	*
Used in Other	0.0	*	0.0	*
Landfilled	0.0		0.0	^
	Average % U			
Average % for DOT Mixes	0.00%	*		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	0.00%			
Average % for Commercial & Residential	0.00%	*		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA			0.00%	*
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	0%	*		
14	% Total P	roduction	Tons (M	illions)
DOT	3%	*	0.1	*
Other Agency	0%	*	0.0	*
Commercial and Residential	2%	*	0.0	*
Total			0.1	*
	% of N	Narket		
Chemical Additive %	0%	*		
Additive Foaming %	0%	*		
Plant Foaming %	100%	*		
Organic Additive %	0%	*		
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	6%	*		
	- 1			

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Hawaii

	Reporte	d Values	Total Estim	ated Value
	2014	2015	2014	2015
of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (I	Villions)	Tons (M	/illions)
Total	*	*	1.9	1.7
DOT	*	*	*	*
Other Agency	*	*	*	*
Commercial and Residential	*	*	*	*
Companies/Branches Reporting	*	*		
• • •	Tons (I	Villions)	Tons (N	/illions)
Accepted	*	*	*	*
Used in HMA/WMA	*	*	*	*
Used in Aggregate	*	*	*	*
Used in Cold Mix	*	*	*	*
Used in Other	*	*	*	*
Landfilled	*	*	*	*
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	*	†	*
	Average % L	Jsed in Mixes	Average % L	lsed in Mixes
Average % for DOT Mixes	*	*		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	*	*		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	*	*		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA			*	*
	Other Data	a Reported	Other Data	Estimated
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	*	*	o and Date	Louinatou
Percent of RAP Fractionated	+	*	†	*
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	+	*	†	*
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Soliter Bilder Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	+	*	†	*
	Tons (Th	(spresuo	Tons (Th	ousands)
Unprocessed Accepted	*	*	*	*
Processed Accepted	+	*	†	*
Used in HMA/WMA	*	*	*	*
	*	*	*	*
Used in Aggregate Used in Cold Mix	*	*	*	*
Used in Other	*	*	*	*
Landfilled	*	*	*	*
Lanunneu				
	Average % L	Jsed in Mixes		
Average % for DOT Mixes	*	*		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	*	*		
Average % for Commercial & Residential			*	*
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA	*	*		
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS		^		
	% Total F	Production	Tons (N	
DOT	*	*	*	*
Other Agency	*	*	*	*
Commercial and Residential	*	*	*	*
Total			*	*
		Varket		
Chemical Additive %	*	*		
Additive Foaming %	*	*		
Plant Foaming %	*	*		
Organic Additive %	*	*		
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA				

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Idaho

	Reported Values		Total Estimated Value		
	2014	2015	2014	2015	
s of HMA/WMA Produced		Millions)	Tons (N		
Total	1.0	1.1	3.1	3.0	
DOT	0.6	0.4	1.7	1.1	
Other Agency	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.8	
Commercial and Residential	0.3	0.4	0.8	1.1	
Companies/Branches Reporting	4	6			
)	Tons (Millions)	Tons (N	Aillions)	
Accepted	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.5	
Used in HMA/WMA	0.3	0.3	0.8	0.7	
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	0.3	†	0.72	
	Average %	Used in Mixes	Average % L	Jsed in Mixes	
Average % for DOT Mixes	28.4%	40.3%			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	27.9%	22.6%			
Average % for Commercial & Residential	28.9%	31.1%			
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA	20.770	01.170	24.8%	25.0%	
	Other Dat	a Reported	Other Data		
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	100%	Other Date	Estimated	
Percent of RAP Fractionated	+	8%	†	6%	
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	t	53%	†	75%	
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	†	0%	†	0%	
	1	nousands)	Tons (Th		
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Unprocessed Accepted Processed Accepted	t	0.0	0.0 	0.0	
Used in HMA/WMA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Aggregate Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	0.0	Used in Mixes	0.0	0.0	
Augrore W for DOT Million	0.00%				
Average % for DOT Mixes	0.00%	0.00%			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	0.00%				
Average % for Commercial & Residential	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA % Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	0%	0%	0.00%	0.00%	
			Tons /	(illions)	
A	-	Production	Tons (N		
DOT Other Agency	75%	23%	1.3	0.3	
Other Agency	80%	15%	0.4	0.1	
Commercial and Residential	58%	39%	0.5	0.4	
Total			2.2	0.8	
		Market			
Chemical Additive %	8%	31%			
Additive Foaming %	0%	0%			
Plant Foaming %	92%	69%			
Organic Additive %	0%	0%			
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	25%	14%			

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Illinois

IIIIOIS	Reporte	ed Values	Total Estimated Value		
	2014	2015	2014	2015	
ons of HMA/WMA Produced		Millions)	Tons (M		
Total	3.5	5.2	13.8	, 15.8	
DOT	1.6	2.3	6.4	7.1	
Other Agency	1.0	1.6	4.0	4.9	
Commercial and Residential	0.9	1.3	3.5	3.9	
Companies/Branches Reporting	9	15	010	017	
\P		Millions)	Tons (Villions)	
Accepted	1.4	1.9	5.5	5.8	
Used in HMA/WMA	1.0	1.3	3.8	4.0	
Used in Aggregate	0.3	0.7	1.3	2.1	
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	t	1.1	+	3.43	
		Jsed in Mixes		Jsed in Mixes	
Average % for DOT Mixes	24.9%	19.3%	Average % L		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	27.2%	24.0%			
Average % for Commercial & Residential	27.2%	27.4%			
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA	27.170	27.470	27.7%	25.1%	
	Other Det	a Doportod			
1. Companies/Dronches Departing Using DAD		a Reported	Other Data	Estimated	
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	100%			
Percent of RAP Fractionated	†	56%	†	82%	
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	†	42%	†	68%	
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	†	0%	†	0%	
AS		nousands)		ousands)	
Unprocessed Accepted	42.9	0.0	169.8	0.0	
Processed Accepted	†	111.5	†	339.2	
Used in HMA/WMA	68.2	101.6	269.8	309.1	
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	· · ·	Jsed in Mixes			
Average % for DOT Mixes	2.18%	2.26%			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	2.55%	2.83%			
Average % for Commercial & Residential	2.47%	3.30%			
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA			1.95%	1.96%	
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	56%	60%			
MA	% Total I	Production	Tons (N	Villions)	
DOT	22%	18%	1.4	1.2	
Other Agency	46%	54%	1.8	2.6	
Commercial and Residential	24%	43%	0.8	1.6	
Total			4.1	5.5	
	% of	Market		0.0	
Chemical Additive %	30%	14%			
Additive Foaming %	0%	0%			
Plant Foaming %	70%	86%			
Organic Additive %	0%	0%			
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	5%	2%			
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WiviA	070	Z 70			

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Indiana

	Reporte	d Values	Total Estimated Value		
	2014	2015	2014	2015	
of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (N	Villions)	Tons (I	Villions)	
Total	4.8	5.1	9.2	10.5	
DOT	2.0	2.1	3.8	4.3	
Other Agency	1.8	1.7	3.4	3.6	
Commercial and Residential	1.0	1.3	2.0	2.6	
Companies/Branches Reporting	4	4			
	Tons (N	Aillions)	Tons (I	Villions)	
Accepted	1.9	1.2	3.7	2.6	
Used in HMA/WMA	1.4	1.4	2.7	2.9	
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Other	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	t	1.7	†	3.51	
		Jsed in Mixes	Average % I	Jsed in Mixes	
Average % for DOT Mixes	23.2%	25.1%			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	26.3%	26.9%			
Average % for Commercial & Residential	27.0%	25.6%			
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA	2,10,70	2010/0	29.3%	28.1%	
	Other Data	Reported		a Estimated	
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	100%	Othor Dut	Estimatod	
Percent of RAP Fractionated	10070	46%	†	53%	
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	†	31%	†	36%	
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Soliter Binder Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	†	0%	†	0%	
	Tons (Th			iousands)	
Unprocessed Acconted	20.0	17.5	38.7	36.3	
Unprocessed Accepted Processed Accepted	20.0	5.0		10.4	
Used in HMA/WMA	33.5	57.7	64.8	119.8	
Used in Aggregate Used in Cold Mix	0.0 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Landfilled	0.0				
Lanunneu		0.0 Jsed in Mixes	0.0	0.0	
	2.48%	2.55%			
Average % for DOT Mixes					
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	2.33%	2.96%			
Average % for Commercial & Residential	2.37%	2.48%	0 70%	1 1 40/	
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA % Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	1000/	750/	0.70%	1.14%	
	100%	75%			
		Production		Villions)	
DOT	67%	56%	2.5	2.4	
Other Agency	64%	55%	2.2	2.0	
Commercial and Residential	70%	50%	1.4	1.3	
Total			6.1	5.7	
		Market			
Chemical Additive %	3%	3%			
Additive Foaming %	0%	0%			
V V					
Plant Foaming %	97%	97%			
V V	97% 0% 25%	97% 0% 19%			

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

lowa	3				
		Reporte	d Values	Total Estim	ated Value
		2014	2015	2014	2015
Tons of	of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (Villions)	Tons (N	/illions)
ŀ	Total	2.2	1.5	3.6	3.6
	DOT	1.3	0.7	2.2	1.7
	Other Agency	0.6	0.4	1.0	1.1
	Commercial and Residential	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.8
	Companies/Branches Reporting	8	6		
RAP		Tons (Villions)	Tons (N	/illions)
	Accepted	0.4	0.2	0.6	0.5
	Used in HMA/WMA	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.5
	Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
	Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	0.2	†	0.48
I ľ		Average % l	Jsed in Mixes	Average % L	sed in Mixes
	Average % for DOT Mixes	16.8%	14.6%		
	Average % for Other Agency Mixes	18.7%	15.0%		
	Average % for Commercial & Residential	18.6%	17.5%		
	State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA			15.3%	13.3%
		Other Dat	a Reported	Other Data	Estimated
	% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	100%		
1	Percent of RAP Fractionated	†	0%	†	0%
	Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	†	74%	†	58%
	Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	†	17%	†	18%
RAS		Tons (Th	iousands)	Tons (Th	ousands)
	Unprocessed Accepted	10.5	10.4	17.3	25.4
	Processed Accepted	†	13.7	†	33.4
	Used in HMA/WMA	14.0	12.7	23.1	30.9
	Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		Average % l	Jsed in Mixes		
	Average % for DOT Mixes	1.54%	1.34%		
	Average % for Other Agency Mixes	2.59%	1.66%		
	Average % for Commercial & Residential	0.40%	1.67%		
	State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA			0.64%	0.86%
	% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	38%	50%		
WMA			Production	Tons (N	•
	DOT	13%	3%	0.3	0.1
	Other Agency	15%	5%	0.1	0.1
	Commercial and Residential	20%	8%	0.1	0.1
	Total			0.5	0.2
			Varket		
	Chemical Additive %	3%	62%		
	Additive Foaming %	0%	0%		
	Plant Foaming %	97%	38%		
	Organic Additive %	0%	0%		
	% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	6%	11%		

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Kansas

Sas Reported Values		Total Estimated Value		
	2014	2015	2014	2015
s of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (Villions)	Tons (N	Villions)
Total	2.4	1.9	4.0	4.0
DOT	1.3	0.7	2.2	1.5
Other Agency	0.7	0.7	1.2	1.4
Commercial and Residential	0.3	0.5	0.6	1.0
Companies/Branches Reporting	5	4		
		Villions)	Tons (Villions)
Accepted	0.7	0.3	1.2	0.6
Used in HMA/WMA	0.5	0.3	0.9	0.7
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	0.5	†	1.07
		Jsed in Mixes	Average % I	Jsed in Mixes
Average % for DOT Mixes	20.1%	18.1%	- Anologo - O C	200 11 111/03
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	21.4%	18.6%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	25.2%	23.3%		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA	23.270	23.370	22.3%	17.5%
	Other Data	a Reported		a Estimated
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	100%	Other Date	
Percent of RAP Fractionated	100%	0%	+	0%
		46%	†	48%
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	† †	40% 1%	†	48%
			-	
		ousands)		ousands)
Unprocessed Accepted	4.6	10.5	7.8	22.1
Processed Accepted	†	22.2	†	46.8
Used in HMA/WMA	14.0	24.1	23.7	50.7
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		Jsed in Mixes		
Average % for DOT Mixes	4.38%			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	0.22%	0.00%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	0.79%	1.36%		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA			0.59%	1.27%
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	60%	100%		
A	% Total F	Production	Tons (N	Villions)
DOT	88%	93%	2.0	1.4
Other Agency	76%	69%	0.9	1.0
Commercial and Residential	72%	68%	0.4	0.7
Total			3.3	3.1
	% of I	Varket		
Chemical Additive %	22%	47%		
Additive Foaming %	0%	0%		
Plant Foaming %	78%	53%		
Organic Additive %	0%	0%		
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	16%	25%		

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Kentucky

Reported		d Values	Total Estin	nated Value
	2014	2015	2014	2015
s of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (N	Villions)	Tons (I	Villions)
Total	4.4	4.1	9.0	6.5
DOT	3.1	2.8	6.4	4.5
Other Agency	0.8	0.8	1.6	1.2
Commercial and Residential	0.5	0.5	1.0	0.8
Companies/Branches Reporting	7	6		
	Tons (N	Aillions)	Tons (I	Villions)
Accepted	0.5	0.4	1.0	0.6
Used in HMA/WMA	0.6	0.6	1.2	1.0
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	0.7	†	1.13
	Average % L	Jsed in Mixes	Average % I	Jsed in Mixes
Average % for DOT Mixes	15.5%	16.2%		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	18.5%	17.4%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	19.1%	18.0%		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA	17.170	10.076	13.6%	15.1%
	Other Data	a Reported		Estimated
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	100%	Othor But	Estimatou
Percent of RAP Fractionated	+	50%	†	64%
Percent of RAP Practionated Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	†	17%	†	9%
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Sorier binder	+	0%	†	9% 0%
	Tops (Th	ousands)		ousands)
	34.0		70.0	
Unprocessed Accepted	34.0	2.0 19.1	70.0	3.2
Processed Accepted Used in HMA/WMA	32.2	29.5	66.4	30.3 46.9
	0.0	0.0		46.9 0.0
Used in Aggregate	0.0		0.0	0.0
Used in Cold Mix Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled				
Landinied	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	· · ·	Jsed in Mixes		
Average % for DOT Mixes	1.35%			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	0.50%	2.48%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	0.34%	2.95%	0 7404	0 700/
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA	000/	500/	0.74%	0.72%
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	29%	50%		
A		Production		Villions)
DOT	60%	60%	3.8	2.7
Other Agency	71%	67%	1.2	0.8
Commercial and Residential	61%	50%	0.6	0.4
Total			5.6	3.9
		Market		
Chemical Additive %	18%	8%		
Additive Foaming %	0%	0%		
Plant Foaming %	82%	92%		
Organic Additive %	0%	0%		
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	070	070		

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Louisiana

s of HMA/WMA Produced	2014	2015		
		2015	2014	2015
	Tons ((Millions)	Tons (N	(illions)
Total	*	*	6.3	4.0
DOT	*	*	*	*
Other Agency	*	*	*	*
Commercial and Residential	*	*	*	*
Companies/Branches Reporting	*	*		
y	Tons ((Millions)	Tons (N	(illions)
Accepted	*	*	*	*
Used in HMA/WMA	*	*	*	*
Used in Aggregate	*	*	*	*
Used in Cold Mix	*	*	*	*
Used in Other	*	*	*	*
Landfilled	*	*	*	*
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	*	†	*
	1	Used in Mixes	Average % U	sed in Mixes
Average % for DOT Mixes	*	*	Average 70 0	
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	*	*		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	*	*		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA			*	*
	Othor Dai	ta Reported	Other Data	Estimated
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	*	*	Other Data	LSUIIIaleu
		*		*
Percent of RAP Fractionated	T	*	†	*
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	T	*	†	*
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	Ť		†	
	Ions (Ir	housands)	Tons (The	ousands) *
Unprocessed Accepted		*		*
Processed Accepted	<u>†</u>	*	*	*
Used in HMA/WMA				*
Used in Aggregate	*	*	*	
Used in Cold Mix	*	*	*	*
Used in Other	*	*	*	*
Landfilled	*	*	*	*
	Average %	Used in Mixes		
Average % for DOT Mixes	*	*		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	*	*		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	*	*		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA			*	*
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	*	*		
A	% Total	Production	Tons (N	Aillions)
DOT	*	*	*	*
Other Agency	*	*	*	*
Commercial and Residential	*	*	*	*
Total			*	*
	% of	Market		
	*	*		
Chemical Additive %				
Chemical Additive %	*	*		
Additive Foaming %		*		
	*			

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Maine

	Reported	Values	Total Estima	ated Value
	2014	2015	2014	2015
s of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (N	1illions)	Tons (N	lillions)
Total	1.4	*	2.1	2.3
DOT	0.7	*	1.0	*
Other Agency	0.3	*	0.5	*
Commercial and Residential	0.4	*	0.5	*
Companies/Branches Reporting	3	*		
)	Tons (N	(illions)	Tons (M	lillions)
Accepted	0.1	*	0.1	*
Used in HMA/WMA	0.3	*	0.4	*
Used in Aggregate	0.0	*	0.0	*
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	*	0.0	*
Used in Other	0.0	*	0.0	*
Landfilled	0.0	*	0.0	*
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	t	*	†	*
	Average % U	sed in Mixes	Average % U	sed in Mixes
Average % for DOT Mixes	17.4%	*		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	16.9%	*		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	22.1%	*		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA	22.170		21.3%	*
	Other Data	Reported	Other Data	Estimated
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	*	Other Data	Estimatod
Percent of RAP Fractionated	+	*	+	*
Percent of RAP Practionated Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	†	*	†	*
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Sorter binder	†	*	†	*
		aucanda)	Tons (The	ucanda)
	Tons (The	, *		/uSd11uS/ *
Unprocessed Accepted	3.9 †	*	5.9	*
Processed Accepted Used in HMA/WMA		*	†	*
	10.8	*	16.4	*
Used in Aggregate	0.0	*	0.0	*
Used in Cold Mix Used in Other	0.0	*	0.0	*
Landfilled		*		*
	0.0		0.0	
	Average % U			
Average % for DOT Mixes	3.98%	*		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	3.75%	*		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	2.84%		0.700/	*
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA	(70)	*	0.79%	*
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	67%			
A	% Total P		Tons (N	
DOT	11%	*	0.1	*
Other Agency	13%	*	0.1	*
Commercial and Residential	21%	*	0.1	*
Total			0.3	*
	% of N			
Chemical Additive %	3%	*		
Additive Foaming %	0%	*		
Plant Foaming %	114%	*		
Organic Additive % % Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	0%	*		

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Maryland

	Reporte	ed Values	Total Estimated Value	
	2014	2015	2014	2015
s of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (I	Millions)	Tons (I	Millions)
Total	2.5	3.3	6.8	7.5
DOT	1.0	1.0	2.6	2.2
Other Agency	1.0	1.2	2.6	2.7
Commercial and Residential	0.6	1.2	1.6	2.7
Companies/Branches Reporting	5	6		
	Tons (I	Millions)	Tons (I	Millions)
Accepted	0.8	1.0	2.1	2.3
Used in HMA/WMA	0.5	0.8	1.4	1.7
Used in Aggregate	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.5
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	0.8	†	1.76
	Average % l	Used in Mixes	Average % l	Jsed in Mixes
Average % for DOT Mixes	22.3%	20.1%	Č Č	
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	18.4%	22.5%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	16.3%	30.1%		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA			20.7%	23.0%
	Other Dat	a Reported	Other Data	a Estimated
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	100%		
Percent of RAP Fractionated	†	0%	t	0%
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	†	3%	t	6%
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	+	0%	†	0%
	Tons (Th	nousands)		nousands)
Unprocessed Accepted	9.5	0.4	25.6	0.8
Processed Accepted	7.J	0.3	23.0	0.0
Used in HMA/WMA	9.5	3.1	25.6	7.0
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.0
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		Used in Mixes	0.0	0.0
Average % for DOT Mixes	0.31%			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	0.31%	0.00%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	0.39%	0.43%		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA	0.0070	0.4370	0.38%	0.09%
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	60%	33%	0.3070	0.0770
A		Production	Tons (I	Millions)
	33%	44%	0.9	1.0
DOT Other Agency	35%	57%	0.9	1.5
Other Agency Commercial and Residential	51%	53%	0.9	1.5
Total	5176	5570	2.6	3.9
1 Utai	0/ 55	Markot	۷.۷	3.7
	% Of I	Market		
Character LA delition ()	E20/			
Chemical Additive %	53%	26%		
Additive Foaming %	0%	0%		

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Massachusetts

	Reported Values		Total Estimated Value		
	2014	2015	2014	2015	
s of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (Millions)	Tons (I	Millions)	
Total	2.6	2.9	6.5	6.2	
DOT	0.8	1.4	2.0	3.1	
Other Agency	0.9	0.5	2.1	1.1	
Commercial and Residential	1.0	0.9	2.4	2.0	
Companies/Branches Reporting	4	4			
	Tons (Millions)	Tons (I	Millions)	
Accepted	0.5	0.4	1.1	1.0	
Used in HMA/WMA	0.4	0.5	1.1	1.1	
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	t	0.5	†	1.10	
	Average % l	Jsed in Mixes	Average % l	Jsed in Mixes	
Average % for DOT Mixes	16.3%	18.0%			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	17.7%	16.6%			
Average % for Commercial & Residential	17.1%	18.6%			
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA			16.8%	17.9%	
	Other Dat	a Reported		a Estimated	
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	100%			
Percent of RAP Fractionated	+	6%	†	11%	
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	†	25%	†	10%	
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	+	0%	†	0%	
	Tons (Tr	nousands)		nousands)	
Unprocessed Accepted	8.6	0.8	21.3	1.6	
Processed Accepted	t	2.1		4.5	
Used in HMA/WMA	3.7	2.1	9.2	4.5	
	0.0	0.0	39.7	4.J 5.4	
Used in Aggregate Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
			0.0	0.0	
Average 0/ fer DOT Million	0.99%	Jsed in Mixes			
Average % for DOT Mixes					
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	1.46%	0.06%			
Average % for Commercial & Residential	1.01%	0.13%	0.140/	0.070/	
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA % Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	F00/	F 00/	0.14%	0.07%	
	50%	50%	T	\/illiana\	
A		Production		Millions)	
DOT	50%	57%	1.0	1.8	
Other Agency	2%	14%	0.1	0.2	
Commercial and Residential	3%	1%	0.1	0.0	
Total			1.1	1.9	
		Market			
Chemical Additive %	50%	53%			
Additive Foaming %	0%	0%			
Plant Foaming %	8%	6%			
Organic Additive %	43%	41%			
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	25%	19%			

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Michigan

	Reported Values		Total Estimated Value	
	2014	2015	2014	2015
ns of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (Millions)	Tons (N	Villions)
Total	7.4	7.1	11.3	12.6
DOT	2.3	2.3	3.5	4.1
Other Agency	1.8	1.6	2.8	2.9
Commercial and Residential	3.2	3.2	5.0	5.6
Companies/Branches Reporting	6	5		
P	Tons (Millions)	Tons (M	Villions)
Accepted	2.7	2.1	4.1	. 3.7
Used in HMA/WMA	2.4	2.2	3.6	4.0
Used in Aggregate	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	t	2.3	†	4.14
	1	Jsed in Mixes	Average % I	Jsed in Mixes
Average % for DOT Mixes	21.1%	21.5%		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	24.3%	28.3%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	32.0%	38.3%		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA	52.070	50.570	32.1%	31.6%
	Other Dat	a Reported		a Estimated
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	100%	Other Date	Estimated
	100%	100%	+	13%
Percent of RAP Fractionated	+		†	
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	† †	29%	†	28%
		0%		0%
S		nousands)	Tons (Th	
Unprocessed Accepted	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Processed Accepted	†	0.0	†	0.0
Used in HMA/WMA	10.0	3.2	15.3	5.8
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		Jsed in Mixes		
Average % for DOT Mixes	0.00%			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	0.00%	0.00%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	0.33%	0.00%		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA			0.14%	0.05%
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	17%	0%		
<i>I</i> A	% Total I	Production	Tons (M	Villions)
DOT	19%	62%	0.7	2.6
Other Agency	21%	31%	0.6	0.9
Commercial and Residential	7%	65%	0.3	3.7
Total			1.6	7.1
	% of	Market		
Chemical Additive %	0%	0%		
Additive Foaming %	0%	0%		
Plant Foaming %	100%	100%		
Organic Additive %	0%	0%		
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	14%	16%		
NP. No Companies Departing	•			

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Minnesota

	Reporte	d Values	Total Estimated Value		
	2014	2015	2014 2015		
s of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (I	Villions)	Tons (I	Villions)	
Total	5.5	6.1	13.0	13.5	
DOT	1.3	1.4	2.9	3.2	
Other Agency	2.8	2.9	6.6	6.5	
Commercial and Residential	1.5	1.8	3.4	3.9	
Companies/Branches Reporting	7	7			
	Tons (Villions)	Tons (I	Villions)	
Accepted	1.4	1.4	3.4	3.0	
Used in HMA/WMA	1.3	1.3	3.1	3.0	
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	1.6	†	3.61	
	Average % l	Jsed in Mixes	Average % I	Jsed in Mixes	
Average % for DOT Mixes	22.6%	20.7%			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	21.7%	23.5%			
Average % for Commercial & Residential	21.6%	23.0%			
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA	21.070	20.070	23.7%	21.9%	
	Other Data	a Reported		Estimated	
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	100%	Othor Dut	Estimatou	
Percent of RAP Fractionated	+	0%	t	0%	
Percent of RAP Practionated Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	†	16%	†	8%	
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Sorier binder	+	0%	†	0%	
	Tops (Th	iousands)		ousands)	
	3.0	0.0	7.1	0.0	
Unprocessed Accepted Processed Accepted	5.0	2.6	/.1	5.6	
Used in HMA/WMA	13.1	5.5	30.6	12.0	
	0.0	0.0		0.0	
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Cold Mix Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Landfilled					
Lanunneu	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	*	Jsed in Mixes			
Average % for DOT Mixes	0.22%				
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	3.20%	3.26%			
Average % for Commercial & Residential	0.83%	0.84%	0.040/	0.000/	
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA	100/	100/	0.24%	0.09%	
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	43%	43%			
A		Production		Villions)	
DOT	56%	43%	1.7	1.3	
Other Agency	67%	77%	4.4	5.0	
Commercial and Residential	69%	73%	2.4	2.8	
Total			8.4	9.1	
		Varket			
Chemical Additive %	2%	3%			
Additive Foaming %	0%	0%			
Plant Foaming %	98%	97%			
	0%	0%			
Organic Additive % % Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	078	070			

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Mississippi

	Reporte	d Values	Total Estimated Value		
	2014	2015	2014	2015	
s of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (N	Villions)	Tons (N	Villions)	
Total	2.4	2.1	3.5	4.5	
DOT	1.4	1.5	2.1	3.1	
Other Agency	0.5	0.4	0.8	0.8	
Commercial and Residential	0.4	0.3	0.6	0.6	
Companies/Branches Reporting	5	3			
)		Villions)	Tons (M	Villions)	
Accepted	0.4	0.4	0.5	, 0.8	
Used in HMA/WMA	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.8	
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	0.6	†	1.22	
	Average % L	Jsed in Mixes	Áverage % L		
Average % for DOT Mixes	16.1%	19.1%			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	17.0%	18.6%			
Average % for Commercial & Residential	21.0%	24.4%			
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA	21.070	21.170	16.8%	17.1%	
	Other Data	a Reported		Estimated	
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	100%	Other Date	Estimated	
Percent of RAP Fractionated	+	43%	†	16%	
Percent of RAP Practionated Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	†	0%	†	0%	
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Soriel Binder	+	0%	†	0%	
	Tops (Th	ousands)		ousands)	
	1.5	0.0	2.2	0.0	
Unprocessed Accepted Processed Accepted	1.5	7.3	2.2	15.8	
Used in HMA/WMA	0.1	1.0	0.1	2.1	
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Aggregate Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Landined			0.0	0.0	
Augusta and Minas	0.00%	Jsed in Mixes 0.00%			
Average % for DOT Mixes					
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	0.00%	0.00%			
Average % for Commercial & Residential	2.83%	1.92%	0.000/	0.050/	
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA % Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	200/	220/	0.00%	0.05%	
	20%	33%	Tow- /A	(illione)	
	-	Production		Villions)	
DOT Other Access	90%	19%	1.9	0.6	
Other Agency	90%	36%	0.7	0.3	
Commercial and Residential	57%	30%	0.4	0.2	
Total	<i>0/</i>		2.9	1.1	
		Varket			
Chemical Additive %	0%	0%			
Additive Foaming %	0%	0%			
Plant Foaming %	100%	100%			
Organic Additive %	0%	0%			
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	20%	33%			

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* Fewer than three companies reporting

Missouri

	Reporte	d Values	Total Estimated Value		
	2014	2015	2014 2015		
ons of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (I	Villions)	Tons (M		
Total	1.9	1.6	6.1	6.0	
DOT	1.1	1.1	3.6	3.9	
Other Agency	0.1	0.3	0.4	1.0	
Commercial and Residential	0.6	0.3	2.1	1.0	
Companies/Branches Reporting	4	4			
P	Tons (I	Villions)	Tons (M	Villions)	
Accepted	0.5	0.3	1.7	, 1.3	
Used in HMA/WMA	0.4	0.4	1.2	1.4	
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	0.2	†	0.76	
	Average % l	Jsed in Mixes	Average % L	Jsed in Mixes	
Average % for DOT Mixes	23.7%	22.3%	5		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	23.4%	20.3%			
Average % for Commercial & Residential	21.2%	18.2%			
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA			20.2%	23.5%	
	Other Dat	a Reported		Estimated	
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	100%			
Percent of RAP Fractionated	†	0%	t	0%	
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	†	35%	†	57%	
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	t	19%	†	19%	
S		nousands)		ousands)	
Unprocessed Accepted	48.8	20.1	157.5	74.9	
Processed Accepted	†	2.0	†	7.5	
Used in HMA/WMA	25.2	26.1	81.4	97.4	
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Average % L	Jsed in Mixes			
Average % for DOT Mixes	1.91%				
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	2.11%	2.28%			
Average % for Commercial & Residential	1.89%	2.63%			
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA			1.33%	1.62%	
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	100%	100%			
MA		Production	Tons (Villions)	
DOT	11%	37%	0.4	1.5	
Other Agency	15%	47%	0.1	0.5	
Commercial and Residential	32%	35%	0.7	0.4	
Total			1.1	2.3	
	% of I	Market		2.0	
Chemical Additive %	10%	48%			
Additive Foaming %	0%	0%			
Plant Foaming %	90%	52%			
Organic Additive %	0%	0%			
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	19%	25%			
Companies/Draicies Reporting Using WiviA	17/0	2070			

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Montana

Jilana	Report	ed Values	Total Estimated Value		
	2014	2015	2014	2015	
ns of HMA/WMA Produced		(Millions)		Villions)	
Total	*	*	4.2	4.1	
DOT	*	*	*	*	
Other Agency	*	*	*	*	
Commercial and Residential	*	*	*	*	
Companies/Branches Reporting	*	*			
	Tons	(Millions)	Tons (Villions)	
Accepted	*	*	*	*	
Used in HMA/WMA	*	*	*	*	
Used in Aggregate	*	*	*	*	
Used in Cold Mix	*	*	*	*	
Used in Other	*	*	*	*	
Landfilled	*	*	*	*	
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	*	+	*	
		Llood in Mixos	1	lood in Miyoo	
	Average %	Used in Mixes	Average % C	Jsed in Mixes	
Average % for DOT Mixes	*	*			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	*	*			
Average % for Commercial & Residential State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA			*	*	
State Average All Mixes Based off RAP Toris Used in HiviA/WiviA					
		ta Reported	Other Data	a Estimated	
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	*	*			
Percent of RAP Fractionated	t	*	†	*	
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	†	*	†	*	
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	†	*	†	*	
S	Tons (T	housands)	Tons (Thousands)		
Unprocessed Accepted	*	*	*	*	
Processed Accepted	†	*	†	*	
Used in HMA/WMA	*	*	*	*	
Used in Aggregate	*	*	*	*	
Used in Cold Mix	*	*	*	*	
Used in Other	*	*	*	*	
Landfilled	*	*	*	*	
		Used in Mixes			
Average % for DOT Mixes	*	*			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	*	*			
Average % for Commercial & Residential	*	*			
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA			*	*	
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	*	*			
A	% Total	Production	Tons (M	Villions)	
DOT	*	*	*	*	
Other Agency	*	*	*	*	
Commercial and Residential	*	*	*	*	
Total			*	*	
	% of	Market			
Chemical Additive %	*	*			
Additive Foaming %	*	*			
Plant Foaming %	*	*			
Organic Additive %	*	*			
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	*	*			

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Nebraska

	Reported	d Values	Total Estimated Value		
	2014	2015	2014	2015	
s of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (N	(illions)	Tons (N	lillions)	
Total	0.8	*	3.2	3.0	
DOT	0.4	*	1.7	*	
Other Agency	0.2	*	0.6	*	
Commercial and Residential	0.2	*	0.8	*	
Companies/Branches Reporting	3	*			
	Tons (M	(illions)	Tons (M	lillions)	
Accepted	0.3	*	1.3	*	
Used in HMA/WMA	0.3	*	1.0	*	
Used in Aggregate	0.0	*	0.1	*	
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	*	0.0	*	
Used in Other	0.0	*	0.0	*	
Landfilled	0.0	*	0.0	*	
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	t	*	t	*	
	Áverage % U	sed in Mixes	Average % U	sed in Mixes	
Average % for DOT Mixes	35.6%	*			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	24.7%	*			
Average % for Commercial & Residential	15.5%	*			
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA	13.370		32.7%	*	
	Other Data	Reported	Other Data	Estimated	
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	*	Other Data	LStimated	
Percent of RAP Fractionated	100%	*	+	*	
	+	*	†	*	
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	+	*	†	*	
	Tana /Th	au con do)	· · · · · ·	un a na da)	
	Tons (The	susanus)	Tons (The	usanus) *	
Unprocessed Accepted	0.0	*	0.0	*	
Processed Accepted	†	*	†	*	
Used in HMA/WMA	0.0	*	0.0	*	
Used in Aggregate	0.0	*	0.0	*	
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	*	0.0	*	
Used in Other	0.0	*	0.0	*	
Landfilled	0.0		0.0	×	
	Average % U				
Average % for DOT Mixes	0.00%	*			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	0.00%				
Average % for Commercial & Residential	0.00%	*			
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA			0.00%	*	
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	33%	*			
A	% Total P	roduction	Tons (N	•	
DOT	79%	*	1.4	*	
Other Agency	52%	*	0.3	*	
Commercial and Residential	11%	*	0.1	*	
Total			1.8	*	
	% of N	larket			
Chemical Additive %	16%	*			
Additive Foaming %	0%	*			
Plant Foaming %	84%	*			
Organic Additive %	0%	*			

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Nevada

	Reported Values		Total Estimated Value	
	2014	2015	2014	2015
s of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (I	Villions)	Tons (M	illions)
Total	0.5	*	3.7	3.5
DOT	0.2	*	1.4	*
Other Agency	0.1	*	0.5	*
Commercial and Residential	0.3	*	1.8	*
Companies/Branches Reporting	3	*		
	Tons (I	Villions)	Tons (M	illions)
Accepted	0.1	*	0.5	*
Used in HMA/WMA	0.1	*	0.6	*
Used in Aggregate	0.1	*	0.5	*
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	*	0.0	*
Used in Other	0.0	*	0.0	*
Landfilled	0.0	*	0.0	*
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	t	*	†	*
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Jsed in Mixes	Average % Us	sed in Mixes
Average % for DOT Mixes	20.6%	*		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	13.7%	*		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	23.2%	*		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA	20.270		17.7%	*
	Other Data	a Reported	Other Data	Estimated
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	*	Other Data	Lotinated
Percent of RAP Fractionated	100%	*	†	*
Percent of RAP Practionated Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	†	*	†	*
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	†	*	†	*
		iousands)	Tons (Tho	ucande)
	0.0	*	0.0	*
Unprocessed Accepted	1	*	0.0 †	*
Processed Accepted Used in HMA/WMA	0.0	*	0.0	*
	0.0	*	0.0	*
Used in Aggregate Used in Cold Mix	0.0	*	0.0	*
Used in Other	0.0	*	0.0	*
Landfilled	0.0	*	0.0	*
Landined		Jsed in Mixes	0.0	
Average % for DOT Mixes	0.00%			
		*		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	0.00%	*		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	0.00%		0.00%	*
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA % Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	00/	*	0.00%	
	0%		Tawa (M	:!!!:
	-	Production *	Tons (M	illions)
DOT	0%	*	0.0	*
Other Agency	0%	*	0.0	*
Commercial and Residential	0%	^	0.0	
Total			0.0	*
		Varket		
Chemical Additive %	0%	*		
Additive Foaming %	0%	*		
Plant Foaming %	100%	*		
Organic Additive %	0%	*		
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	11%	*		

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

New Hampshire

	Reporte	ed Values	Total Estimated Value	
	2014	2015	2014 2015	
of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (Millions)	Tons (I	Villions)
Total	1.6	1.3	1.9	1.8
DOT	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
Other Agency	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.4
Commercial and Residential	0.8	0.6	1.0	0.8
Companies/Branches Reporting	4	3		
	Tons (Millions)	Tons (I	Villions)
Accepted	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.1
Used in HMA/WMA	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.3
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	t	0.1	†	0.13
	Average %	Used in Mixes	Average % l	Jsed in Mixes
Average % for DOT Mixes	22.3%	22.8%		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	22.9%	22.1%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	24.5%	23.8%		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA	21.070	20.070	22.5%	18.5%
	Other Dat	a Reported		a Estimated
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	100%	Other But	Estimatod
Percent of RAP Fractionated	+	0%	†	0%
Percent of RAP Practionated Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	†	0%	†	0%
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Bilder Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	+	0%	†	0%
	Tops (T	nousands)		ousands)
	· · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1
Unprocessed Accepted	0.0	0.0 2.5	0.0	0.0 3.4
Processed Accepted Used in HMA/WMA	5.1	2.5		
	0.0	0.0	<u> </u>	3.4 0.0
Used in Aggregate				
Used in Cold Mix Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lanunieu	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		Used in Mixes		
Average % for DOT Mixes	0.00%			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	1.86%	2.31%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	2.19%	2.75%	0.0001	0.101
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA	500/	000	0.32%	0.19%
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	50%	33%		
A		Production		Villions)
DOT	54%	64%	0.3	0.3
Other Agency	26%	38%	0.1	0.2
Commercial and Residential	32%	46%	0.3	0.4
Total			0.7	0.9
	% of	Market		
Chemical Additive %	20%	20%		
Additive Foaming %	0%	0%		
Plant Foaming %	200%	70%		
Organic Additive %	10%	10%		
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	6%	11%		

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

New Jersey

	Reported	d Values	Total Estimated Value	
	2014	2015	2014	2015
of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (N	Aillions)	Tons (M	illions)
Total	3.3	*	5.0	8.7
DOT	0.9	*	1.3	*
Other Agency	1.8	*	2.7	*
Commercial and Residential	0.7	*	1.0	*
Companies/Branches Reporting	3	*		
	Tons (N	Aillions)	Tons (M	illions)
Accepted	1.3	*	2.0	*
Used in HMA/WMA	0.6	*	0.9	*
Used in Aggregate	0.0	*	0.0	*
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	*	0.0	*
Used in Other	0.0	*	0.0	*
Landfilled	0.1	*	0.1	*
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	*	†	*
	Average % U	Jsed in Mixes	Average % Us	sed in Mixes
Average % for DOT Mixes	15.1%	*		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	17.5%	*		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	25.0%	*		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA	20.070		18.8%	*
	Other Data	Reported	Other Data	Estimated
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	*	Other Data	Lotimated
Percent of RAP Fractionated	100 %	*	†	*
	†	*	†	*
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	†	*	†	*
		aucanda)		ucondo)
	Tons (Th	ousanus) *	Tons (Tho	
Unprocessed Accepted	0.0	*	0.0	*
Processed Accepted	†	*	†	*
Used in HMA/WMA	0.0	*	0.0	*
Used in Aggregate	0.0	*	0.0	*
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	*	0.0	*
Used in Other	0.0	*	0.0	*
Landfilled	0.0		0.0	*
		Jsed in Mixes		
Average % for DOT Mixes	0.00%			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	0.00%	*		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	0.00%	*		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA			0.00%	*
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	0%	*		
A	% Total P		Tons (M	illions)
DOT	1%	*	0.0	*
Other Agency	10%	*	0.3	*
Commercial and Residential	10%	*	0.1	*
Total			0.4	*
	% of N	Market		
Chemical Additive %	0%	*		
Additive Foaming %	0%	*		
Plant Foaming %	100%	*		
Organic Additive %	0%	*		
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	11%	*		
	1175			

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

New Mexico

	Report	ed Values	Total Estimated Value		
	2014	2015	2014	2015	
of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons	(Millions)	Tons (Millions)	
Total	*	NCR	3.8	3.5	
DOT	*	NCR	*	NCR	
Other Agency	*	NCR	*	NCR	
Commercial and Residential	*	NCR	*	NCR	
Companies/Branches Reporting	*	NCR			
	Tons	(Millions)	Tons (Millions)	
Accepted	*	NCR	*	NCR	
Used in HMA/WMA	*	NCR	*	NCR	
Used in Aggregate	*	NCR	*	NCR	
Used in Cold Mix	*	NCR	*	NCR	
Used in Other	*	NCR	*	NCR	
Landfilled	*	NCR	*	NCR	
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	t	NCR	†	NCR	
		Used in Mixes		Used in Mixes	
Average % for DOT Mixes	*	NCR		2200 1111/03	
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	*	NCR			
Average % for Commercial & Residential	*	NCR			
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA		NOR	*	NCR	
	Other Da	ta Reported	Other Dat	a Estimated	
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	*	NCR	Other Dat		
	+		+	NCD	
Percent of RAP Fractionated	† †	NCR	†	NCR	
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	+	NCR	†	NCR	
	Tana /T	NCR	† 	NCR	
I have a second discovery of	1 ONS (1	housands)	10NS (1)	nousands)	
Unprocessed Accepted		NCR		NCR	
Processed Accepted	† *	NCR	†*	NCR	
Used in HMA/WMA	*	NCR	*	NCR	
Used in Aggregate	*	NCR	*	NCR	
Used in Cold Mix	*	NCR	*	NCR	
Used in Other	*	NCR	*	NCR	
Landfilled		NCR	*	NCR	
	Average %	Used in Mixes			
Average % for DOT Mixes	*	NCR			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes		NCR			
Average % for Commercial & Residential	*	NCR			
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA			*	NCR	
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	*	NCR			
	% Total	Production	Tons (Millions)	
DOT	*	NCR	*	NCR	
Other Agency	*	NCR	*	NCR	
Commercial and Residential	*	NCR	*	NCR	
Total			*	NCR	
	% of	Market			
Chemical Additive %	*	NCR			
Additive Foaming %	*	NCR			
Plant Foaming %	*	NCR			
	1				
Organic Additive % % Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	*	NCR			

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

New York

	Reporte	ed Values	Total Estimated Value		
	2014	2015	2014	2015	
s of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (I	Millions)	Tons (N	Villions)	
Total	5.1	7.2	16.3	16.8	
DOT	1.5	2.0	4.9	4.7	
Other Agency	1.3	3.0	4.1	7.0	
Commercial and Residential	2.3	2.2	7.3	5.2	
Companies/Branches Reporting	9	12		•	
	Tons (I	Millions)	Tons (M	Villions)	
Accepted	0.6	1.1	1.8	2.5	
Used in HMA/WMA	0.7	1.2	2.2	2.7	
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	1.1	†	2.58	
	Average % l	Jsed in Mixes	Average % L	Jsed in Mixes	
Average % for DOT Mixes	16.9%	18.0%	5		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	17.9%	18.9%			
Average % for Commercial & Residential	16.4%	17.0%			
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA		- · · ·	13.7%	16.1%	
	Other Dat	a Reported		Estimated	
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	100%			
Percent of RAP Fractionated	†	15%	t	4%	
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	†	3%	†	2%	
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	†	9%	†	2%	
		nousands)	Tons (Th	ousands)	
Unprocessed Accepted	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.0	
Processed Accepted	†	0.3	t	0.6	
Used in HMA/WMA	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.6	
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
		Jsed in Mixes	0.0	0.0	
Average % for DOT Mixes	0.00%				
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	0.00%	0.00%			
Average % for Commercial & Residential	0.09%	0.10%			
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA	0.0770	0.1070	0.00%	0.00%	
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	11%	8%	5.0070	0.0070	
		Production	Tons (Villions)	
DOT	21%	30%	1.0	1.4	
Other Agency	8%	20%	0.3	1.4	
Commercial and Residential	14%	11%	1.0	0.6	
Total	1170	11/0	2.4	3.3	
	% of	Market	2.7	J.J	
Chemical Additive %	10%	49%			
	0%	49% 0%			
Additive Foaming %					
Plant Foaming %	90% 0%	51% 0%			
Organic Additive %					
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	9%	7%			

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

North Carolina

	Reporte	ed Values	Total Estimated Value		
	2014	2015	2014	2015	
ns of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (Millions)	Tons (I	Villions)	
Total	4.2	5.9	12.0	11.0	
DOT	2.6	3.8	7.5	7.1	
Other Agency	0.3	0.7	1.0	1.3	
Commercial and Residential	1.2	1.4	3.5	2.6	
Companies/Branches Reporting	7	8			
P	Tons (Millions)	Tons (I	Villions)	
Accepted	1.0	1.3	2.8	2.4	
Used in HMA/WMA	1.1	1.6	3.1	2.9	
Used in Aggregate	0.5	0.0	1.5	0.0	
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Other	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.0	
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	t	1.6	t	3.02	
	Average % I	Jsed in Mixes	Average % l		
Average % for DOT Mixes	26.3%	26.6%	. torago /o c		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	17.5%	20.5%			
Average % for Commercial & Residential	27.7%	30.6%			
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA	21.170	50.070	25.8%	26.3%	
	Other Dat	a Reported		a Estimated	
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP				LSUINALEU	
	100%	100% 34%	+	220/	
Percent of RAP Fractionated	+		† †	33% 57%	
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	+	30%	†	0%	
	Tana /Th	0%			
S		nousands)		ousands)	
Unprocessed Accepted	20.0	37.0	56.8	68.7	
Processed Accepted	†	46.7	†	86.6	
Used in HMA/WMA	11.6	73.7	32.9	136.8	
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	-	Jsed in Mixes			
Average % for DOT Mixes	2.41%	2.73%			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	2.00%	0.00%			
Average % for Commercial & Residential	0.90%	1.25%			
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA			0.27%	1.24%	
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	57%	38%			
ЛА		Production		villions)	
DOT	6%	4%	0.4	0.3	
Other Agency	8%	0%	0.1	0.0	
Commercial and Residential	10%	5%	0.4	0.1	
Total			0.9	0.4	
	% of	Market			
Chemical Additive %	16%	36%			
Additive Foaming %	0%	0%			
Plant Foaming %	60%	64%			
Organic Additive %	0%	0%			
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	10%	8%			

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

North Dakota

	Reporte	ed Values	Total Estimated Value		
	2014	2015	2014	2015	
s of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (Millions)	Tons (N	/illions)	
Total	*	*	5.0	3.0	
DOT	*	*	*	*	
Other Agency	*	*	*	*	
Commercial and Residential	*	*	*	*	
Companies/Branches Reporting	*	*			
	Tons (Millions)	Tons (N	/illions)	
Accepted	*	*	*	*	
Used in HMA/WMA	*	*	*	*	
Used in Aggregate	*	*	*	*	
Used in Cold Mix	*	*	*	*	
Used in Other	*	*	*	*	
Landfilled	*	*	*	*	
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	*	†	*	
	Average %	Used in Mixes	Average % L	lsed in Mixes	
Average % for DOT Mixes	*	*			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	*	*			
Average % for Commercial & Residential	*	*			
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA			*	*	
	Othor Dat	ta Reported	Other Data	Estimatod	
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	*	*	Other Data	Estimateu	
		*		*	
Percent of RAP Fractionated	Ť	*	†	*	
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	Ť	*	†	*	
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	† 		†		
	Ions (II	housands)	Tons (Thousands)		
Unprocessed Accepted		*		*	
Processed Accepted	† *	*	† *	*	
Used in HMA/WMA	*	*	*	*	
Used in Aggregate	*	*	*	*	
Used in Cold Mix	*	*	*	*	
Used in Other	*	*	*	*	
Landfilled			*	*	
	Average %	Used in Mixes			
Average % for DOT Mixes	*	*			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	*	*			
Average % for Commercial & Residential	*	*			
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA			*	*	
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	*	*			
A	% Total	Production	Tons (N	/illions)	
DOT	*	*	*	*	
Other Agency	*	*	*	*	
Commercial and Residential	*	*	*	*	
Total			*	*	
	% of	Market			
Chemical Additive %	*	*			
Additive Foaming %	*	*			
Plant Foaming %	*	*			
Organic Additive %	*	*			

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Ohio

Reported Values		Total Estimated Value		
	2014	2015	2014	2015
ns of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (Millions)	Tons (I	Villions)
Total	13.5	11.0	14.8	. 17.4
DOT	6.1	5.7	6.7	9.0
Other Agency	3.8	3.2	4.1	5.1
Commercial and Residential	3.7	2.1	4.0	3.3
Companies/Branches Reporting	7	4		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Tons (Millions)	Tons (Villions)
Accepted	3.4	2.5	3.7	4.0
Used in HMA/WMA	3.8	3.1	4.1	4.8
Used in Aggregate	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	t	2.0	t	3.13
		Jsed in Mixes	Δverage % I	Jsed in Mixes
Average % for DOT Mixes	27.5%	33.2%	Average 70 C	
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	25.0%	27.3%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	29.9%	30.6%		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA	29.970	30.070	28.0%	27.8%
	Other Dat	a Doportod		
0/ Companies/Properties Lising DAD		a Reported	Uther Data	a Estimated
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	100%		050/
Percent of RAP Fractionated	Ť	19%	t	25%
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	†	24%	†	28%
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	†	0%	†	0%
	1	nousands)		iousands)
Unprocessed Accepted	9.5	12.0	10.4	19.0
Processed Accepted	†	2.2	1	3.5
Used in HMA/WMA	26.3	14.9	28.8	23.5
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		Jsed in Mixes		
Average % for DOT Mixes	0.00%			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	0.60%	2.39%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	0.91%	1.30%		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA			0.19%	0.14%
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	43%	50%		
A	% Total I	Production	Tons (I	Villions)
DOT	70%	59%	4.7	5.3
Other Agency	64%	55%	2.6	2.8
Commercial and Residential	66%	59%	2.7	2.0
Total			9.9	10.1
	% of	Market		-
Chemical Additive %	0%	0%		
Additive Foaming %	0%	0%		
Plant Foaming %	100%	100%		
Organic Additive %	0%	0%		
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	14%	25%		
	1470	2J/0		

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Oklahoma

	Reported Values		Total Estimated Value	
	2014	2015	2014	2015
ns of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (I	Villions)	Tons (N	Villions)
Total	2.2	2.1	4.6	6.3
DOT	1.2	1.0	2.4	3.1
Other Agency	0.6	0.3	1.3	0.9
Commercial and Residential	0.4	0.7	0.9	2.3
Companies/Branches Reporting	6	5	-	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	-	Villions)	Tons (N	Villions)
Accepted	0.5	0.5	1.0	1.6
Used in HMA/WMA	0.4	0.4	0.8	1.2
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	0.5	+	1.67
		Jsed in Mixes	ہ Average % L	
Average % for DOT Mixes	19.2%	18.1%	Average /0 C	
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	14.8%	18.1%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	22.0%	24.5%		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA	22.0%	24.3%	16.5%	10 / 0/
State Average Air Mixes Dased of RAF Toris Used in HimA/WIMA	Other Det	Demonted		19.6%
0/ Compositor/Dropokao Departing Lloing DAD	7	a Reported	Other Data	a Estimated
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	100%		
Percent of RAP Fractionated	†	83%	†	97%
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	†	7%	†	9%
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	†	0%	†	0%
	1	ousands)		ousands)
Unprocessed Accepted	28.5	35.0	59.5	106.6
Processed Accepted	†	0.0	†	0.0
Used in HMA/WMA	25.0	17.6	52.2	53.6
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		Jsed in Mixes		
Average % for DOT Mixes	0.00%	0.00%		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	2.00%	0.94%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	2.39%	3.09%		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA			1.13%	0.85%
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	33%	40%		
Α	% Total F	Production	Tons (N	Villions)
DOT	47%	49%	1.1	1.5
Other Agency	62%	62%	0.8	0.6
Commercial and Residential	87%	44%	0.8	1.0
Total			2.7	3.1
	% of l	Market		
Chemical Additive %	1%	0%		
Additive Foaming %	0%	0%		
Plant Foaming %	99%	100%		
Organic Additive %	0%	0%		
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	14%	16%		
		1(1)%		

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Oregon

egon	Reporte	ed Values	Total Estimated Value		
	2014	2015	2014	2015	
ns of HMA/WMA Produced		Millions)		Villions)	
Total	1.5	1.7	4.9	4.9	
DOT	0.5	0.3	1.6	0.7	
Other Agency	0.4	0.5	1.3	1.4	
Commercial and Residential	0.6	0.9	1.9	2.7	
Companies/Branches Reporting	5	4			
		Millions)	Tons (I	Villions)	
Accepted	0.3	0.5	1.1	1.6	
Used in HMA/WMA	0.4	0.5	1.4	1.3	
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	t	0.5	t	1.51	
		Used in Mixes	Average % I	Jsed in Mixes	
Average % for DOT Mixes	25.5%	25.1%	Average 70 C		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	23.7%	22.5%			
Average % for Commercial & Residential	28.2%	28.8%			
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA	20.270	20.070	28.0%	27.1%	
	Othor Dat	a Reported		a Estimated	
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	7		Other Data	ESUINALEU	
a	100%	100%	+	F0(
Percent of RAP Fractionated		3%	†	5%	
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	†	23%	†	42%	
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators		5%	† 	11%	
	· · · · ·	nousands)		ousands)	
Unprocessed Accepted	15.0	30.0	50.4	87.2	
Processed Accepted	†	2.8	†	8.2	
Used in HMA/WMA	18.8	36.9	63.3	107.3	
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
		Used in Mixes			
Average % for DOT Mixes	0.00%				
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	0.42%	0.00%			
Average % for Commercial & Residential	1.89%	2.78%			
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA			1.29%	2.21%	
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	40%	100%			
A		Production		Villions)	
DOT	11%	13%	0.2	0.1	
Other Agency	33%	12%	0.4	0.2	
Commercial and Residential	4%	10%	0.1	0.3	
Total			0.7	0.5	
	% of	Market			
Chemical Additive %	9%	0%			
Additive Foaming %	0%	0%			
Plant Foaming %	91%	100%			
Organic Additive %	0%	0%			
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	16%	19%			
Na Camanania - Dananian					

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Pennsylvania

	Reporte	d Values	Total Estimated Value		
	2014	2015	2014	2015	
s of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (Villions)	Tons (N	Aillions)	
Total	3.2	4.6	17.7	19.4	
DOT	1.7	2.4	9.5	10.1	
Other Agency	0.3	0.7	1.8	2.8	
Commercial and Residential	1.2	1.5	6.4	6.5	
Companies/Branches Reporting	6	8			
		Villions)	Tons (M	Aillions)	
Accepted	0.6	0.6	3.1	2.6	
Used in HMA/WMA	0.5	0.7	2.8	2.9	
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	1.0	t	4.11	
		Jsed in Mixes	Average % L		
Average % for DOT Mixes	16.9%	16.4%	Awerdye 70 C		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	18.1%	17.3%			
Average % for Commercial & Residential	16.8%	21.0%			
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA	10.070	21.070	15.9%	14.9%	
	Other Date	a Reported		Estimated	
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP			Other Data	ESUIIIaleu	
	100%	100%	1	100/	
Percent of RAP Fractionated	†	19%	†	19%	
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	†	6%	†	8%	
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	† 	4%	† 	10%	
	1	iousands)	Tons (Th	-	
Unprocessed Accepted	38.0	46.0	208.4	194.3	
Processed Accepted	†	0.0	†	0.0	
Used in HMA/WMA	59.0	53.0	323.6	223.9	
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
		Jsed in Mixes			
Average % for DOT Mixes	0.89%	1.56%			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	0.76%	2.06%			
Average % for Commercial & Residential	3.67%	2.15%			
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA	_		1.83%	1.15%	
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	33%	38%			
Α	% Total F	Production	Tons (M	Aillions)	
DOT	56%	78%	5.3	7.8	
		18%	0.3	0.5	
Other Agency	15%				
	15% 13%	17%	0.9	1.1	
Other Agency			0.9 6.5	1.1 9.4	
Other Agency Commercial and Residential	13%				
Other Agency Commercial and Residential	13%	17%			
Other Agency Commercial and Residential Total Chemical Additive %	13% % of I	17% Market			
Other Agency Commercial and Residential Total Chemical Additive % Additive Foaming %	13% % of 1 38%	17% Market 70%			
Other Agency Commercial and Residential Total Chemical Additive %	13% % of 1 38% 0%	17% Market 70% 0%			

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Puerto Rico

Reported Values		d Values	Total Estimated Value	
	2014	2015	2014	2015
is of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (N	/illions)	Tons (M	illions)
Total	NCR	*	1.6	1.0
DOT	NCR	*	NCR	*
Other Agency	NCR	*	NCR	*
Commercial and Residential	NCR	*	NCR	*
Companies/Branches Reporting	NCR	*		
	Tons (N	(illions)	Tons (M	illions)
Accepted	NCR	*	NCR	*
Used in HMA/WMA	NCR	*	NCR	*
Used in Aggregate	NCR	*	NCR	*
Used in Cold Mix	NCR	*	NCR	*
Used in Other	NCR	*	NCR	*
Landfilled	NCR	*	NCR	*
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	*	†	*
	Average % U	sed in Mixes	Average % Us	ed in Mixes
Average % for DOT Mixes	NCR	*		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	NCR	*		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	NCR	*		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA			NCR	*
	Other Data	Reported	Other Data	Estimated
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	NCR	*	othor bata	Lotimatoa
Percent of RAP Fractionated	†	*	†	*
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	†	*	†	*
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	+	*	†	*
	Tons (The	ousands)	Tons (Tho	usands)
Unprocessed Accepted	NCR	*	NCR	*
Processed Accepted	†	*	†	*
Used in HMA/WMA	NCR	*	NCR	*
Used in Aggregate	NCR	*	NCR	*
Used in Cold Mix	NCR	*	NCR	*
Used in Other	NCR	*	NCR	*
Landfilled	NCR	*	NCR	*
Landinica	Average % U	sod in Mixos	NCK	
Average % for DOT Mixes	NCR	*		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	NCR	*		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	NCR	*		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA	NCK		NCR	*
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	NCR	*	NCK	
A	% Total P	roduction	Tons (M	illions)
	NCR	*	NCR	*
DOT Other Agency	NCR	*	NCR	*
Other Agency Commercial and Residential	NCR	*	NCR	*
				*
Total	0/ 06	Aarkat	NCR	
	% of N	/larket *		
Chemical Additive %	NCR	*		
Additive Foaming %	NCR	*		
Plant Foaming %	NCR	*		
Organic Additive %	NCR			
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	NCR	*		

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Rhode Island

	Reporte	ed Values	Total Estim	ated Value
	2014	2015	2014	2015
of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (I	Millions)	Tons (N	Aillions)
Total	*	*	2.4	2.3
DOT	*	*	*	*
Other Agency	*	*	*	*
Commercial and Residential	*	*	*	*
Companies/Branches Reporting	*	*		
	Tons (Millions)	Tons (N	Aillions)
Accepted	*	*	*	*
Used in HMA/WMA	*	*	*	*
Used in Aggregate	*	*	*	*
Used in Cold Mix	*	*	*	*
Used in Other	*	*	*	*
Landfilled	*	*	*	*
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	t	*	†	*
	'	Jsed in Mixes	Average % L	lsad in Mivas
Average % for DOT Mixes	*	*	Average 70 L	
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	*	*		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	*	*		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA			*	*
State Average All Mikes Dased of NAP Tons Osed in HiviAv WiviA	Other Det	a Doportod	Other Data	Fotimated
W. Commencies/Describes Describes Hales DAD	Uther Dat	a Reported	Other Data	Estimated
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	*	*		*
Percent of RAP Fractionated	†	*	†	*
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	ţ.		†	
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	†	*	†	*
	Tons (Th	nousands)	Tons (Thousands)	
Unprocessed Accepted	*	*	*	*
Processed Accepted	†	*	†	*
Used in HMA/WMA	*	*	*	*
Used in Aggregate	*	*	*	*
Used in Cold Mix	*	*	*	*
Used in Other	*	*	*	*
Landfilled	*	*	*	*
	Average % l	Jsed in Mixes		
Average % for DOT Mixes	*	*		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	*	*		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	*	*		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA			*	*
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	*	*		
	% Total F	Production	Tons (N	/lillions)
DOT	*	*	*	*
Other Agency	*	*	*	*
Commercial and Residential	*	*	*	*
			*	*
Total	% of I	Market		
	% of	Market *		
Chemical Additive %	5			
Chemical Additive % Additive Foaming %	*	*		
Chemical Additive %	*	*		

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

South Carolina

Reported Values		ed Values	Total Estimated Value	
	2014	2015	2014	2015
s of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (Millions)	Tons (I	Millions)
Total	2.0	1.7	4.9	5.5
DOT	1.3	1.0	3.3	3.2
Other Agency	0.2	0.3	0.5	1.0
Commercial and Residential	0.4	0.4	1.1	1.3
Companies/Branches Reporting	6	5		
• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Tons (Millions)	Tons (I	Millions)
Accepted	0.3	0.2	0.8	0.7
Used in HMA/WMA	0.4	0.3	1.0	1.0
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	t	0.1	†	0.35
	Average %	Jsed in Mixes	Average % l	Jsed in Mixes
Average % for DOT Mixes	22.6%	17.4%		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	21.5%	17.5%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	25.0%	23.0%		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA			21.2%	18.8%
	Other Dat	a Reported		a Estimated
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	100%		
Percent of RAP Fractionated	+	24%	†	31%
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	†	0%	†	0%
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	+	0%	†	0%
	Tons (Th	nousands)		nousands)
Unprocessed Accepted	2.0	8.0	5.0	26.2
Processed Accepted	1	0.0		0.0
Used in HMA/WMA	1.1	0.0	2.7	0.0
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landinicu		Used in Mixes	0.0	0.0
Average % for DOT Mixes	0.00%			
<u> </u>	0.20%	0.00%		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes				
Average % for Commercial & Residential State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA	0.16%	0.00%	0.06%	0.00%
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	17%	20%	0.00%	0.00%
			Tone	Millione)
A		Production		Millions)
DOT Other Agency	5%	53%	0.2	1.7
Other Agency	0%	1%	0.0	0.0
Commercial and Residential	0%	0%	0.0	0.0
Total		Manlaat	0.2	1.7
		Market		
Chemical Additive %	92%	100%		
Additive Foaming %	0%	0%		
Plant Foaming %	8%	0%		
Organic Additive %	0%	0%		
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	14%	16%		

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

South Dakota

	Report	ted Values	Total Esti	mated Value
	2014	2015	2014	2015
is of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons	(Millions)	Tons	(Millions)
Total	*	NCR	2.1	2.1
DOT	*	NCR	*	NCR
Other Agency	*	NCR	*	NCR
Commercial and Residential	*	NCR	*	NCR
Companies/Branches Reporting	*	NCR		
P	Tons	(Millions)	Tons	(Millions)
Accepted	*	NCR	*	NCR
Used in HMA/WMA	*	NCR	*	NCR
Used in Aggregate	*	NCR	*	NCR
Used in Cold Mix	*	NCR	*	NCR
Used in Other	*	NCR	*	NCR
Landfilled	*	NCR	*	NCR
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	NCR	†	NCR
	Average %	Used in Mixes		Used in Mixes
Average % for DOT Mixes	*	NCR		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	*	NCR		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	*	NCR		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA			*	NCR
	Other Da	ata Reported	Other Dat	a Estimated
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	*	NCR	Other Bu	Estimatou
Percent of RAP Fractionated	+	NCR	†	NCR
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	+	NCR	†	NCR
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	+	NCR	†	NCR
S		Thousands)		housands)
	*	NCR	*	NCR
Unprocessed Accepted	+	NCR	†	NCR
Processed Accepted Used in HMA/WMA	† *	NCR	*	NCR
	*		*	NCR
Used in Aggregate	*	NCR	*	
Used in Cold Mix	*	NCR	*	NCR
Used in Other Landfilled	*	NCR	*	NCR
Lanunneu		NCR		NCR
	Average %	Used in Mixes		
Average % for DOT Mixes	*	NCR		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	*	NCR		
Average % for Commercial & Residential		NCR	*	NOD
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA	*	NOD	'n	NCR
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS		NCR		(A 4111) \
ЛА	% Total	Production		(Millions)
DOT	*	NCR	*	NCR
Other Agency	*	NCR	*	NCR
Commercial and Residential	*	NCR		NCR
Total			*	NCR
	-	f Market		
Chemical Additive %	*	NCR		
Additive Foaming %	*	NCR		
Plant Foaming %	*	NCR		
		1100		
Organic Additive % % Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	*	NCR		

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Tennessee

Reported Values		Total Estimated Value		
	2014	2015	2014	2015
s of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (Villions)	Tons (I	Villions)
Total	4.4	5.5	7.4	7.8
DOT	2.4	2.6	4.0	3.7
Other Agency	0.8	0.9	1.4	1.3
Commercial and Residential	1.2	2.0	2.0	2.8
Companies/Branches Reporting	7	8		
	Tons (I	Villions)	Tons (I	Villions)
Accepted	0.7	2.0	1.2	2.8
Used in HMA/WMA	0.6	1.2	1.0	1.8
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	2.0	†	2.80
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Average % L	Jsed in Mixes	Average % l	Jsed in Mixes
Average % for DOT Mixes	17.9%	18.4%		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	16.9%	22.9%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	24.6%	24.5%		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA	21.070	21.070	14.0%	22.6%
	Other Data	a Reported		Estimated
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	88%	Othor But	Estimatou
Percent of RAP Fractionated	+	20%	t	23%
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	†	2%	†	5%
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Sorter Diruct	+	18%	†	29%
	Tops (Th	iousands)		ousands)
	40.5	0.0	67.2	0.0
Unprocessed Accepted Processed Accepted	40.5	23.0	07.2 †	32.5
Used in HMA/WMA	39.1	20.8	64.8	29.4
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Aggregate Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landined		Jsed in Mixes	0.0	0.0
Average 0/ for DOT Mixee	2.96%			
Average % for DOT Mixes	1.63%	1.65%		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes Average % for Commercial & Residential	-	1.65%		
<u> </u>	2.31%	1.00%	0.000/	0.200/
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA % Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	400/	50%	0.88%	0.38%
	43%		T	
	-	Production		Villions)
DOT Other Access	17%	20%	0.7	0.7
Other Agency	13%	35%	0.2	0.4
Commercial and Residential	37%	48%	0.7	1.3
Total			1.6	2.5
	-	Varket		
Chemical Additive %	10%	56%		
Additive Foaming %	0%	0%		
Plant Foaming %	90%	44%		
Organic Additive %	0%	0%		
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	10%	9%		

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

	Report	ed Values	Total Estim	ated Value
	2014	2015	2014	2015
s of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons	(Millions)	Tons (N	/illions)
Total	9.7	8.3	18.0	20.0
DOT	5.9	4.5	10.9	10.8
Other Agency	2.5	2.4	4.5	5.8
Commercial and Residential	1.4	1.4	2.5	3.3
Companies/Branches Reporting	11	8		
	Tons	(Millions)	Tons (N	Aillions)
Accepted	1.3	0.5	2.4	1.2
Used in HMA/WMA	1.5	1.0	2.8	2.5
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	1.3	†	3.13
	Average %	Used in Mixes	Average % U	sed in Mixes
Average % for DOT Mixes	15.3%	17.2%		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	15.5%	15.5%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	17.0%	16.6%		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA			15.3%	12.6%
	Other Da	ta Reported	Other Data	Estimated
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	100%		
Percent of RAP Fractionated	t	50%	†	49%
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	t	29%	†	26%
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	t	0%	†	0%
	Tons (T	housands)	Tons (Th	ousands)
Unprocessed Accepted	153.2	86.0	283.1	208.1
Processed Accepted	t	26.6	†	64.4
Used in HMA/WMA	167.2	124.5	309.0	301.2
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	2.2	2.9
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Average %	Used in Mixes		
Average % for DOT Mixes	2.28%	2.98%		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	2.28%	2.54%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	2.01%	2.30%		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA			1.72%	1.51%
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	64%	75%		
A	% Total	Production	Tons (N	/illions)
DOT	38%	42%	4.1	4.5
Other Agency	13%	12%	0.6	0.7
Commercial and Residential	12%	7%	0.3	0.2
Total			5.0	5.4
	% of	Market		
Chemical Additive %	69%	67%		
Additive Foaming %	0%	0%		
Plant Foaming %	31%	33%		
Organic Additive %	0%	0%		

NCR = No Companies Reporting

Texas

* Fewer than three companies reporting

	Reporte	d Values	Total Estimated Value	
	2014	2015	2014	2015
s of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (Millions)	Tons (Millions)
Total	2.9	3.3	3.4	3.5
DOT	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1
Other Agency	0.5	0.8	0.6	0.9
Commercial and Residential	1.5	1.4	1.7	1.5
Companies/Branches Reporting	8	8		
	Tons (Millions)	Tons (Millions)
Accepted	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9
Used in HMA/WMA	0.8	0.8	1.0	0.9
Used in Aggregate	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	t	1.7	†	1.84
	Average % I	Jsed in Mixes	Average %	Used in Mixes
Average % for DOT Mixes	22.3%	21.2%		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	20.3%	23.7%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	33.4%	35.1%		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA			27.9%	25.3%
	Other Dat	a Reported	Other Dat	a Estimated
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	100%		
Percent of RAP Fractionated	†	6%	t	12%
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	†	56%	' 	51%
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	+	19%	' 	16%
	Tons (Th	nousands)	1	nousands)
Unprocessed Accepted	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Processed Accepted	t	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in HMA/WMA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landinica		Jsed in Mixes	0.0	0.0
Average % for DOT Mixed	0.00%	0.00%		
Average % for DOT Mixes Average % for Other Agency Mixes	0.00%	0.00%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	0.00%	0.00%		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	0%	0%	0.0070	0.00%
A			Topo (Millions)
	-	Production		0.7
DOT Other Agency	71% 55%	63% 49%	0.8	
Other Agency	34%	49% 79%	0.3	0.4
Commercial and Residential	34%	1970	0.6	1.2
Total	0/ 5	Markat	1.7	2.3
		Market		
Chemical Additive %	5%	13%		
Additive Foaming %	0%	0%		
Plant Foaming %	95%	87%		
Organic Additive %	0%	0%		
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	9%	11%		

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Vermont

	Reporte	ed Values	Total Estimated Value	
	2014	2015	2014	2015
s of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (Millions)	Tons (N	/illions)
Total	*	*	2.3	2.1
DOT	*	*	*	*
Other Agency	*	*	*	*
Commercial and Residential	*	*	*	*
Companies/Branches Reporting	*	*		
	Tons (Millions)	Tons (N	Aillions)
Accepted	*	*	*	*
Used in HMA/WMA	*	*	*	*
Used in Aggregate	*	*	*	*
Used in Cold Mix	*	*	*	*
Used in Other	*	*	*	*
Landfilled	*	*	*	*
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	t	*	†	*
· · ·	Average %	Used in Mixes	Average % U	sed in Mixes
Average % for DOT Mixes	*	*	J	
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	*	*		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	*	*		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA			*	*
	Other Dat	ta Reported	Other Data	Estimated
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	*	*	Othor Buta	Lotinatoa
Percent of RAP Fractionated	+	*	+	*
	+	*	+	*
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	+	*	+	*
	Tons (TI	housands)	Tons (Th	ouconde)
Unprocessed Accepted	*	*	Tons (Thousands)	
Processed Accepted	†	*	†	*
Used in HMA/WMA	*	*	*	*
	*	*	*	*
Used in Aggregate Used in Cold Mix	*	*	*	*
Used in Other	*	*	*	*
Landfilled	*	*	*	*
Lanunneu				
	Average %	Used in Mixes		
Average % for DOT Mixes	*	*		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	*	*		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	Â		*	*
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA	*	*	^	^
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS			- 4	
A	% I otal	Production	Tons (N	Aillions)
DOT	*	*	*	*
Other Agency	*	*	*	*
Commercial and Residential	*	*	*	*
Total			*	*
	% of	Market		
Chemical Additive %	*	*		
Additive Foaming %	*	*		
Plant Foaming %	*	*		
Organic Additive %	*	*		
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	*	*		
	*	*		

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Virginia

	Reported Values		Total Estimated Value	
	2014 2015 Tons (Millions)		2014 2015	
ns of HMA/WMA Produced			Tons (I	Millions)
Total	5.2	6.8	9.8	12.5
DOT	2.3	3.5	4.4	6.5
Other Agency	1.1	1.1	2.1	2.1
Commercial and Residential	1.8	2.1	3.3	3.9
Companies/Branches Reporting	7	7		
P	Tons (I	Millions)	Tons (Millions)	
Accepted	1.2	1.9	2.3	3.6
Used in HMA/WMA	1.4	1.9	2.6	3.6
Used in Aggregate	0.6	0.0	1.1	0.1
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	1.7	†	3.06
		Jsed in Mixes	Average % I	Jsed in Mixes
Average % for DOT Mixes	25.4%	25.9%		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	27.9%	27.4%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	29.2%	32.4%		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA	27.270	52.170	26.8%	28.7%
	Other Dat	a Reported		a Estimated
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	100%	Other Date	
Percent of RAP Fractionated	100%	34%	†	32%
	†	34%	†	32% 1%
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	†	0%	†	0%
S				nousands)
	1	nousands)		
Unprocessed Accepted	0.8	0.0	1.4	0.0
Processed Accepted	†	5.6	†	10.4
Used in HMA/WMA	10.9	5.5	20.3	10.1
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	· · ·	Jsed in Mixes		
Average % for DOT Mixes	0.94%			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	0.18%	0.41%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	0.25%	0.15%	0.010/	0.0001
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA	0001	0001	0.21%	0.08%
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	29%	29%		
		Production		Millions)
DOT	79%	75%	3.5	4.9
Other Agency	87%	82%	1.9	1.8
Commercial and Residential	80%	94%	2.6	3.6
Total			7.9	10.3
		Market		
Chemical Additive %	9%	19%		
Additive Foaming %	0%	0%		
	91%	81%		
Plant Foaming %	7170			
Plant Foaming % Organic Additive % % Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	0%	0%		

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Washington

Isington	Reported Values		Total Estimated Value	
	2014 2015 Tons (Millions)		2014 2015 Tons (Millions)	
s of HMA/WMA Produced				
Total	2.6	3.5	4.9	5.3
DOT	0.7	0.7	1.4	1.1
Other Agency	1.1	1.3	2.1	1.9
Commercial and Residential	0.7	1.5	1.4	2.3
Companies/Branches Reporting	4	5		
	Tons (1	Villions)	Tons (Millions)	
Accepted	0.6	0.7	1.1	, 1.1
Used in HMA/WMA	0.7	0.9	1.2	1.3
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	0.6	†	0.87
		Jsed in Mixes	Average % Used in Mi	
Average % for DOT Mixes	25.7%	26.8%		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	25.4%	24.8%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	27.2%	29.2%		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA	27.270	27.270	25.5%	24.8%
	Other Dat	a Reported		a Estimated
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	100%	Other Date	
Percent of RAP Fractionated	100%	18%	†	10%
Percent of RAP Fractionated Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	†	8%	†	4%
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Bilder Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	†	0%	†	4%
			1	
	Tons (Thousands)		Tons (Thousands)	
Unprocessed Accepted Processed Accepted	7.1 †	2.8 4.2	13.4 †	4.3
Used in HMA/WMA	7.5	4.2	14.2	0.4
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Aggregate Used in Cold Mix				
Used in Cold Mix Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled				
Lanunneu	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		Jsed in Mixes		
Average % for DOT Mixes	0.00%			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	0.65%	1.81%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	15.38%	1.20%	0.000/	0.000
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA	FOR	(62)	0.29%	0.22%
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	50%	60%		
A		Production	Tons (Millions)	
DOT	12%	9%	0.2	0.1
Other Agency	10%	18%	0.2	0.3
Commercial and Residential	21%	29%	0.3	0.7
Total			0.7	1.1
	% of I	Varket		
Chemical Additive %	13%	5%		
Additive Foaming %	0%	0%		
Plant Foaming %	87%	95%		
Organic Additive % % Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	0%	0%		

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

West Virginia

	Reported Values		Total Estimated Value	
	2014 2015 Tons (Millions)		2014 2015	
s of HMA/WMA Produced			Tons (I	Millions)
Total	1.5	1.7	2.6	3.5
DOT	1.1	1.3	1.8	2.6
Other Agency	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.3
Commercial and Residential	0.4	0.3	0.6	0.6
Companies/Branches Reporting	3	3		
	Tons (Millions)	Tons (Millions)	
Accepted	0.4	0.2	0.7	0.5
Used in HMA/WMA	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.5
Used in Aggregate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Cold Mix	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	0.1	†	0.11
	Average % Used in Mixes		Average % Used in Mixes	
Average % for DOT Mixes	12.4%	13.9%		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	9.7%	14.0%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	14.5%	14.1%		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA	11.070	11.170	15.0%	13.7%
	Other Dat	ta Reported		a Estimated
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	100%	100%	Other Date	a Estimated
Percent of RAP Fractionated	100%	0%	†	0%
Percent of RAP Fractionated Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	†	0%	†	0%
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	+	0%	†	0%
	Tops /T			
	Tons (Thousands)		Tons (Thousands) 0.0 0.0	
Unprocessed Accepted	0.0 †	0.0	0.0	0.0
Processed Accepted Used in HMA/WMA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used in Aggregate Used in Cold Mix				
Used in Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landfilled	0.0			
Lanumeu		0.0	0.0	0.0
	*	Used in Mixes		
Average % for DOT Mixes	0.00%	0.00%		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	0.00%	0.00%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	0.00%	0.00%	0.000/	0.000/
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA	0.04	00/	0.00%	0.00%
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	0%	0%		
A	% Total Production			Millions)
DOT	1%	0%	0.0	0.0
Other Agency	1%	0%	0.0	0.0
Commercial and Residential	1%	0%	0.0	0.0
Total			0.0	0.0
	-	Market		
Chemical Additive %	0%	0%		
Additive Foaming %	0%	0%		
Plant Foaming %	100%	0%		
Organic Additive %	0%	0%		
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	22%	0%		

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Wisconsin

	Reported Values		Total Estimated Value	
	2014	2015	2014	2015
s of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (Millions)	Tons ((Millions)
Total	*	8.1	13.0	11.0
DOT	*	4.2	*	5.7
Other Agency	*	1.9	*	2.5
Commercial and Residential	*	2.1	*	2.8
Companies/Branches Reporting	*	3		
	Tons (Millions)	Tons (Millions)	
Accepted	*	1.1	*	1.5
Used in HMA/WMA	*	1.3	*	1.8
Used in Aggregate	*	0.0	*	0.0
Used in Cold Mix	*	0.0	*	0.0
Used in Other	*	0.0	*	0.0
Landfilled	*	0.0	*	0.0
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	1.3	†	1.71
	Average %	Used in Mixes	Average % Used in M	
Average % for DOT Mixes	*	18.0%		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	*	18.0%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	*	22.2%		
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA			*	16.1%
5	Other Data Reported		Other Data Estimated	
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	*	100%		
Percent of RAP Fractionated	+	2%	+	2%
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	+	30%	+	4%
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	+	2%	+	0%
	Tops (T	housands)	1	housands)
Unprocessed Accepted	*	66.5	*	89.8
Processed Accepted	†	13.5	†	18.2
Used in HMA/WMA	*	69.1	*	93.3
	*	0.0	*	0.0
Used in Aggregate Used in Cold Mix	*	0.0	*	0.0
Used in Other	*	0.0	*	0.0
Landfilled	*	0.0	*	0.0
Landined				0.0
	average %	Used in Mixes		
Average % for DOT Mixes	*	2.48%		
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	*	2.69%		
Average % for Commercial & Residential	, A	3.00%	*	0.05%
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA	*	1000/		0.85%
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS		100%		(A 4111) \
	% I otal	Production	l ons ((Millions)
DOT	*	10%	*	0.5
Other Agency	*	14%	*	0.4
Commercial and Residential	*	13%	*	0.4
Total			*	1.3
	1	Market		
Chemical Additive %	*	83%		
Additive Foaming %	*	13%		
Plant Foaming %	*	3%		
Organic Additive %	*	0%		
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using WMA	*	33%		

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting

Wyoming

	Reported Values		Total Estimated Value		
	2014	2015	2014	2015	
s of HMA/WMA Produced	Tons (Millions)	Tons (N	(illions)	
Total	*	*	2.8	2.6	
DOT	*	*	*	*	
Other Agency	*	*	*	*	
Commercial and Residential	*	*	*	*	
Companies/Branches Reporting	*	*			
	Tons (Millions)	Tons (N	Tons (Millions)	
Accepted	*	*	*	*	
Used in HMA/WMA	*	*	*	*	
Used in Aggregate	*	*	*	*	
Used in Cold Mix	*	*	*	*	
Used in Other	*	*	*	*	
Landfilled	*	*	*	*	
Tons of RAP Stockpiled at End of Year	†	*	†	*	
	Average %	Used in Mixes	Average % U	sed in Mixes	
Average % for DOT Mixes	*	*			
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	*	*			
Average % for Commercial & Residential	*	*			
State Average All Mixes Based on RAP Tons Used in HMA/WMA			*	*	
	Other Dat	a Reported	Other Data	Estimated	
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAP	*	*	Other Data	EStimated	
Percent of RAP Fractionated	†	*	+	*	
Percent of RAP Fractionated Percent of RAP Mixes Using Softer Binder	†	*	+	*	
Percent of RAP Mixes Using Sofiel Bilider Percent of RAP Mixes Using Rejuvenators	†	*	†	*	
		aucanda)	1	aucanda)	
	10115 (11	nousands)	Tons (Thousands)		
Unprocessed Accepted		*		*	
Processed Accepted	*	*	† *	*	
Used in HMA/WMA	*	*	*	*	
Used in Aggregate	*	*	*	*	
Used in Cold Mix	*	*	*	*	
Used in Other	*	*	*	*	
Landfilled			*	×	
	-	Used in Mixes			
Average % for DOT Mixes	*				
Average % for Other Agency Mixes	*	*			
Average % for Commercial & Residential	*	*			
State Average All Mixes Based on RAS Tons Used in HMA/WMA			*	*	
% Companies/Branches Reporting Using RAS	*	*			
A	% Total I	Production	Tons (N	Aillions)	
DOT	*	*	*	*	
Other Agency	*	*	*	*	
Commercial and Residential	*	*	*	*	
Total			*	*	
	% of	Market			
Chemical Additive %	*	*			
Additive Foaming %	*	*			
Plant Foaming %	*	*			
Organic Additive %	*	*			

NCR = No Companies Reporting

* Fewer than three companies reporting