# NCHRP Project 9-54 Long-Term Aging of Asphalt Mixtures for Performance Testing and Prediction

Y. Richard Kim, Cassie Castorena, Farhad Yousefi Rad, Michael Elwardany NC State University

Asphalt Mixture & Construction Expert Task Group

Ames, IA

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#### Outline

- NCHRP 09-54 objectives
- Proposed Long-Term Aging Method
- Kinetics Modeling
- Aging Durations Based on Climatic Data

## NCHRP 09-54 Objectives

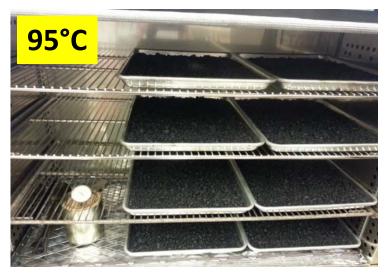
- Develop a calibrated and validated procedure to simulate long-term aging of asphalt mixtures for performance testing and prediction.
- Develop an aging model that is more accurate than GAS model and less cumbersome than the Transport model (developed by Texas A&M).
- Develop calibration functions by investigating the differences in mechanical properties as functions of traffic, climate, and moisture.

# Aging Factors Investigated

- Pressure vs. Oven
- Compacted specimen vs. Loose mix
- 95°C vs. 135°C

# Proposed Long-Term Aging Method

- Oven aging of loose mix at 95°C was found to be the most promising method for long-term aging of asphalt mixture based on the following criteria:
  - Specimen integrity (Compactability)
  - Uniformity of oxidation
  - Efficiency
  - Practicality and versatility
  - Simulation of physicochemical changes in field aging



#### Kinetics Modeling

Verification of Existing Kinetics Models Using Rheological AIP (log G\*) and Laboratory Aged Loose Mix Data

#### Kinetics Modeling

#### Herrington \_ New Zealand

$$P = M(1 - \exp(-k_f t)) + k_c t$$

Charles Glover \_ Texas A&M

$$CA = CA_{tank} + M(1 - \exp(-k_f t)) + k_c t$$

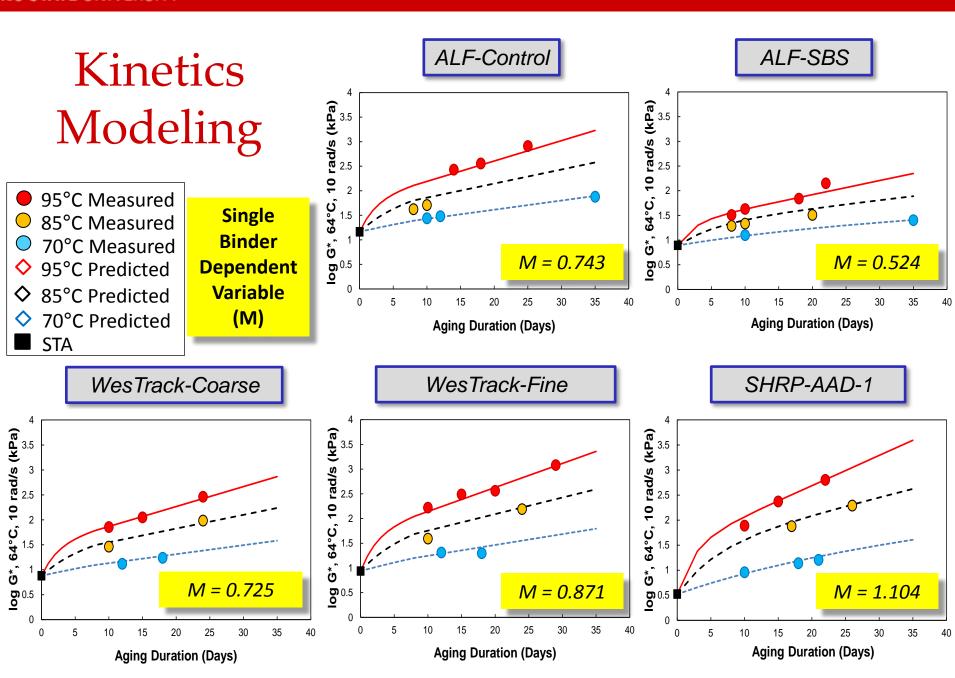
Petersen and Glaser \_ WRI

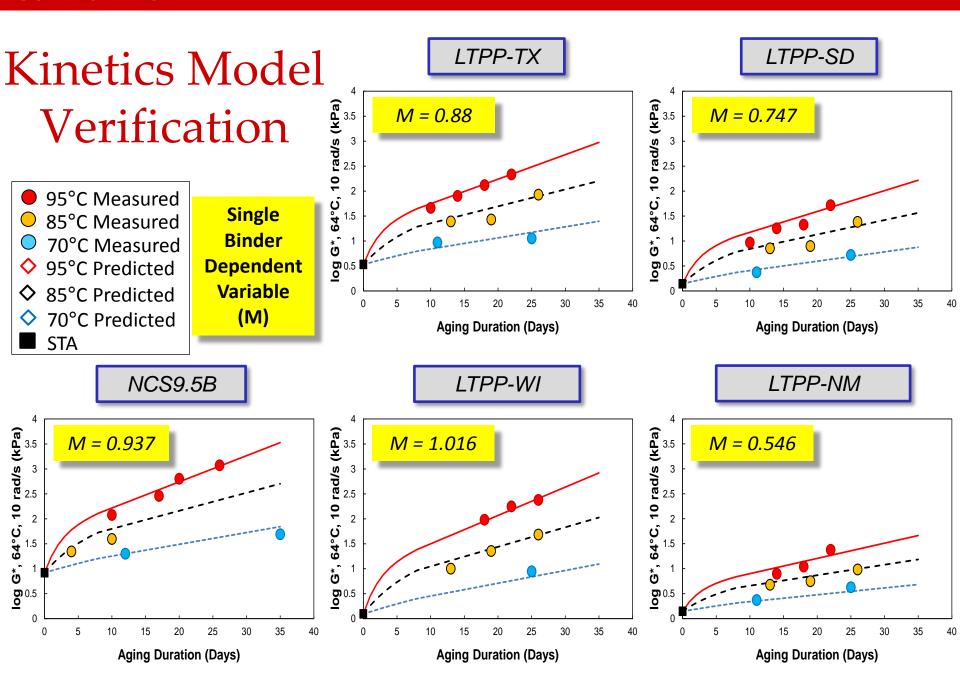
$$(C+S) = (C+S)_0 + M(1 - \frac{k_c}{k_f})(1 - \exp(-k_f t)) + k_c M t$$

#### **NCHRP 09-54**

$$\log G^* = \log G_0^* + M(1 - \frac{k_c}{k_f})(1 - \exp(-k_f t)) + k_c M t$$
where

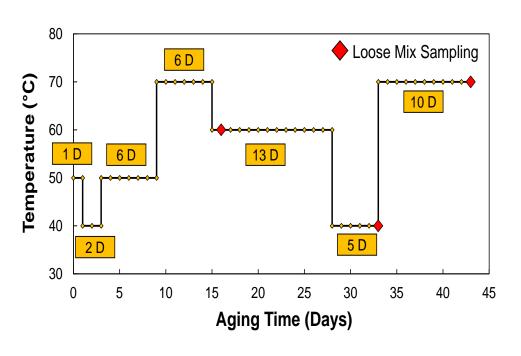
$$k_f = A_f \exp(\frac{-E_{af}}{RT})$$
  $k_c = A_c \exp(\frac{-E_{ac}}{RT})$ 

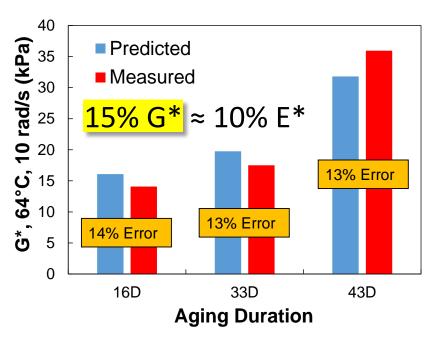




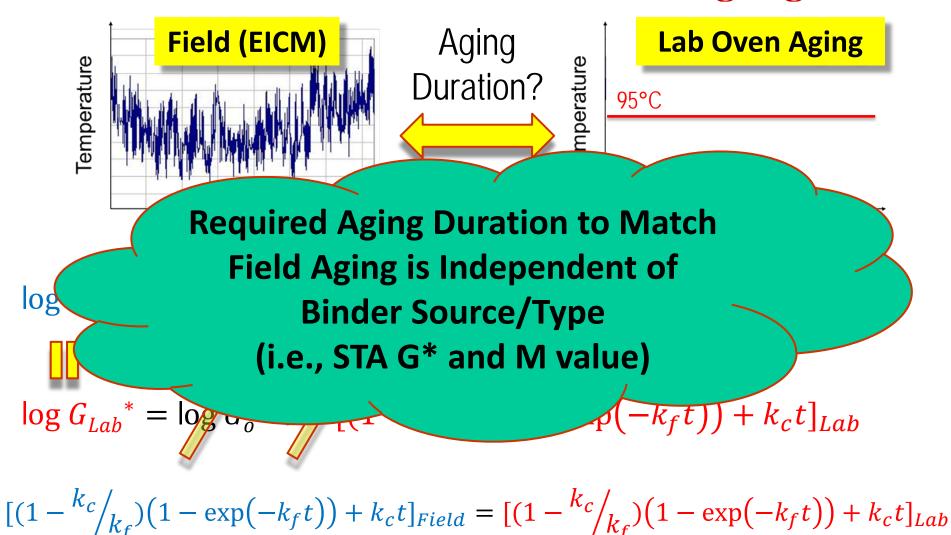
### Verification Using Non-Isothermal History

#### WesTrack Fine 1995



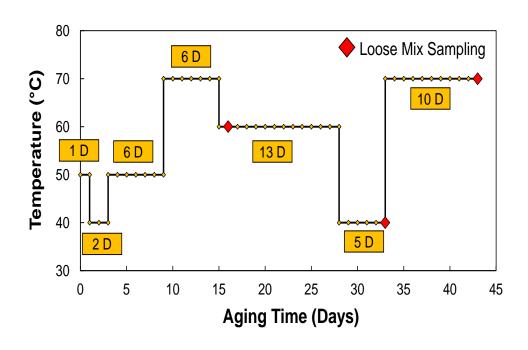


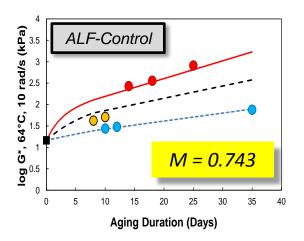
# Kinetics Modeling to Find Required Duration to Match Field Aging

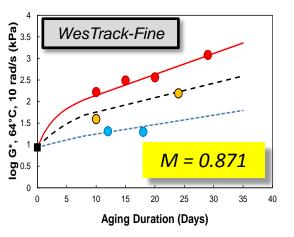


#### Non-Isothermal Aging Verification

- Non-Isothermal Laboratory Aging Trial
  - FHWA ALF Control
  - WesTrack Fine 1995

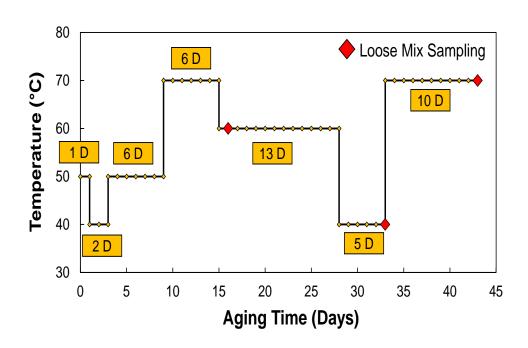


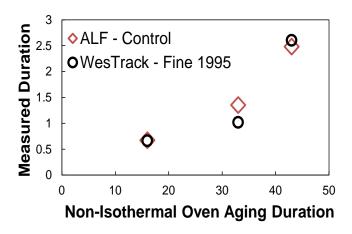


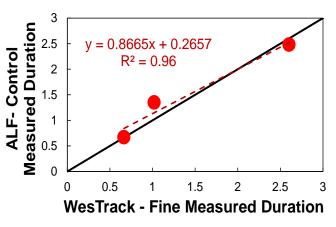


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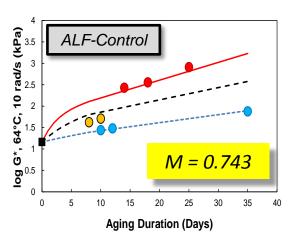
#### Verification from Field Cores

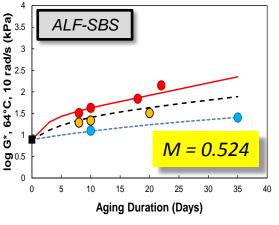
#### Field Cores from:

- FHWA ALF Control
- FHWA ALF SBS-LG Modified



Field (19 mm depth)	Required Durations
ALF-Control	7.7 days
ALF-SBS	8 days





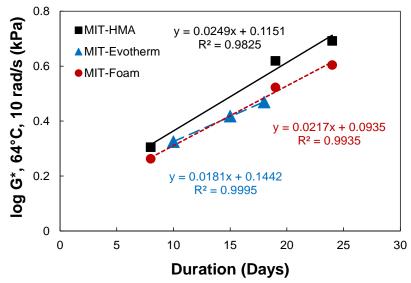
#### Verification from WMA vs. HMA

Manitoba Sections – 4 Years Old

Matching field aging levels in the laboratory

Field Section	Depth	Required Durations at 85°C
MIT-Control HMA	19 mm	16.5 days
MIT-WMA Evotherm	19 mm	16.1 days





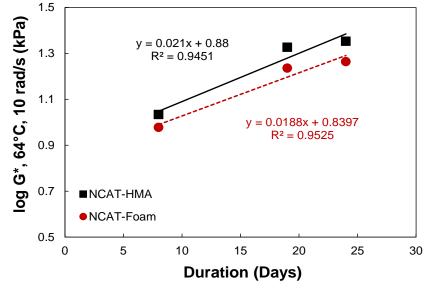
#### Verification from WMA vs. HMA

NACT Sections – 4 Years Old

Matching field aging levels in the laboratory

Field Section	Depth	Required Durations at 85°C
NCAT-Control HMA	19 mm	35.6 days
NCAT-WMA Foam	19 mm	31.3 days





# Aging Durations Based on Climatic Data

Matching 4, 8, and 16 Years of Field Aging

#### Climatic Aging Index

Climatic Aging Index (CAI)

$$CAI = \sum (A \times \exp(^{-E_a}/_{RT})/24)$$

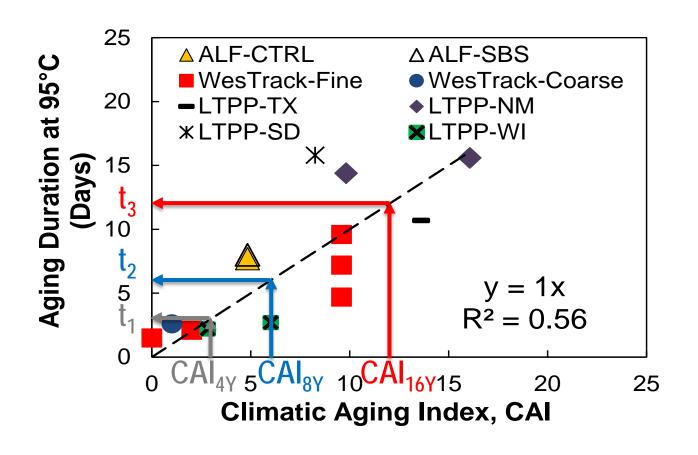
where

A,  $E_a$  = Fitting Parameters

R= Universal Gas Constant

T= Air Temperature in Kelvin

#### Aging Durations Based on Climatic Data









# Questions?