

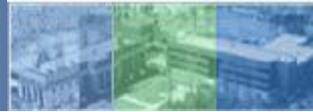
# **FHWA ALF Update & Performance Testing**

**May 2018, ETG**

**Sean (Xinjun) Li  
Jack Youtcheff**

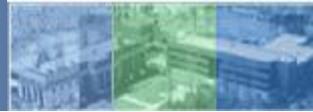
**SES/TFHRC-FHWA**





# Outline

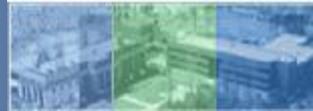
- ALF Density Study
  - Laboratory performance testing
  - ALF field testing
  
- ALF RAP/RAS Study
  - 20% & 40% RBR + additional virgin binder
  - Performance testing
  
- Stress Sweep Rutting Testing with Small Specimen



# AC Field Density and CAB Geosynthetic Reinforcement

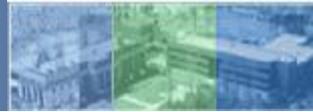
## □ Objectives

- Investigation of Asphalt Concrete Compaction and Its Impact on Performance of Pavements Built with and without Geosynthetic Base Reinforcement



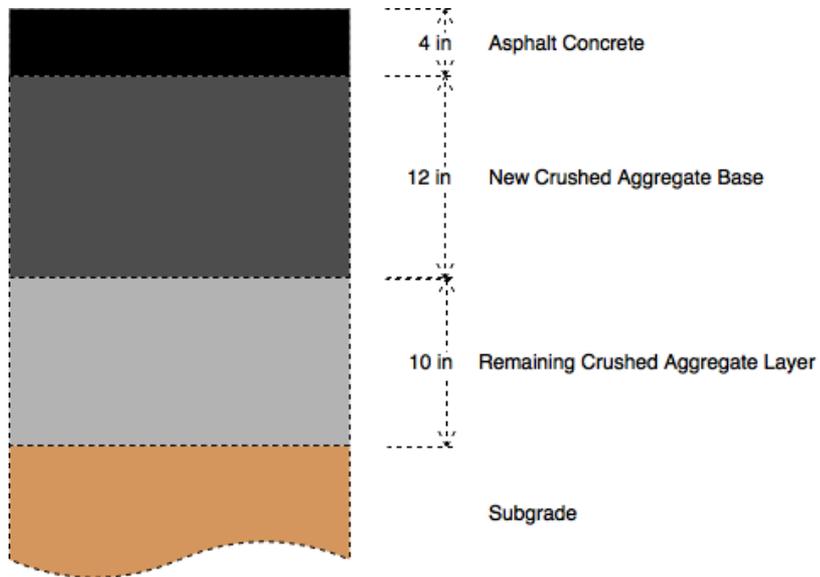
# The Experiment

- ❑ One AC mixture
- ❑ Four Lanes (4 different AC compaction levels)
  - ❑ High (>92% compaction)
  - ❑ Medium (90-92%)
  - ❑ Low (< 90%)
- ❑ Two structures per lane
  - ❑ Unreinforced
  - ❑ Reinforced with a Standard BS-1200
- ❑ Performance measures
  - ❑ Cracking
  - ❑ Rutting

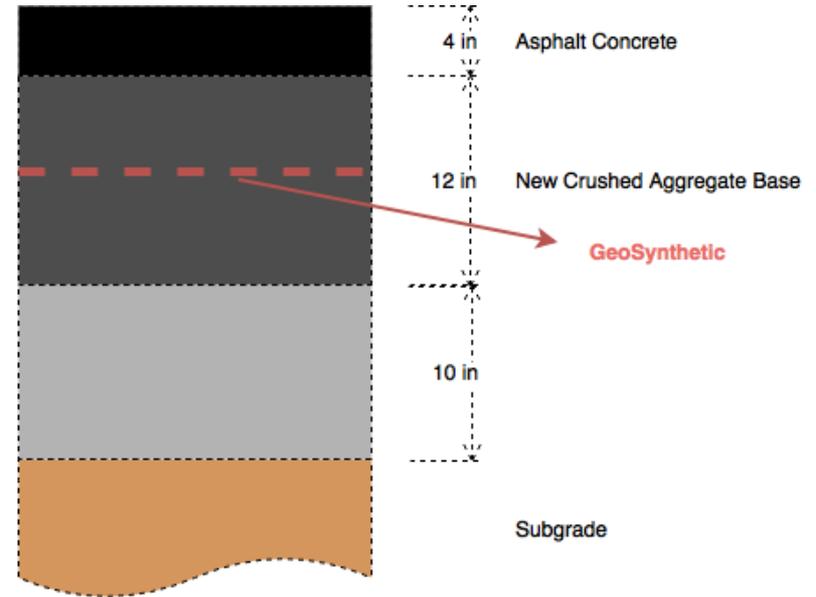


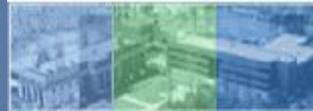
# Pavement Structure

## No Reinforcement

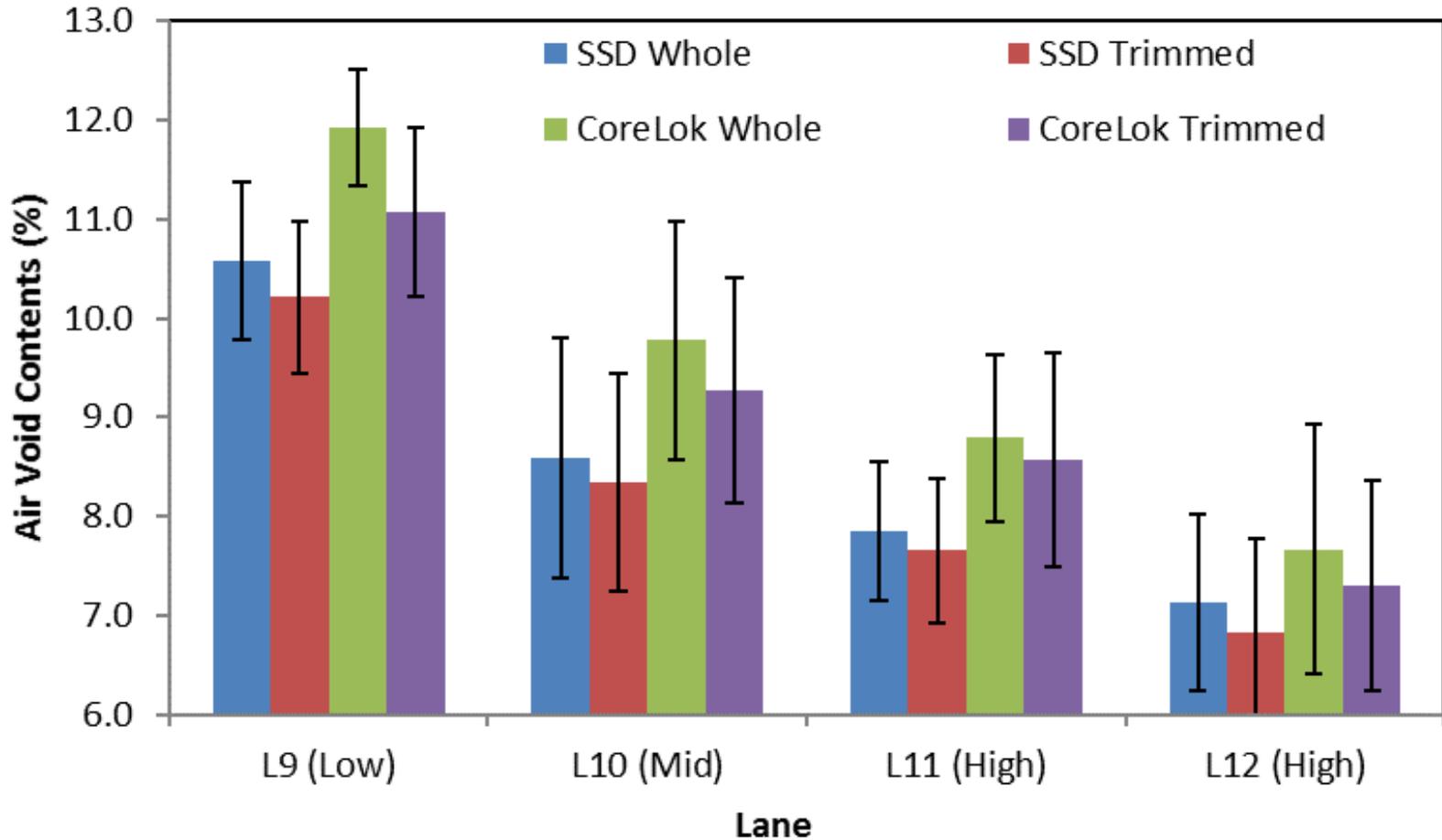


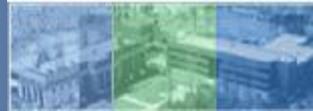
## With Reinforcement





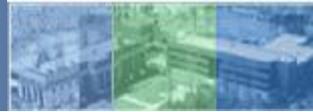
# Air voids of field cores (cont'd)





# Air Voids of Field Cores

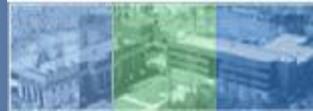
Lane	SSD Whole		SSD Bottom Trimmed		CoreLok Whole		CoreLok Bottom Trimmed	
	Ave.	St. Dev.	Ave.	St. Dev.	Ave.	St. Dev.	Ave.	St. Dev.
L9 (Low)	10.6	0.8	10.2	0.8	11.93	0.6	<u>11.1</u>	0.8
L10 (Mid)	8.6	1.2	8.3	1.1	9.9	1.2	<u>9.3</u>	1.1
L11 (High)	7.9	0.7	7.7	0.7	8.8	0.8	<u>8.6</u>	1.1
L12 (High)	7.1	0.9	6.8	1.0	7.7	1.3	<u>7.3</u>	1.1



# Loading Specs

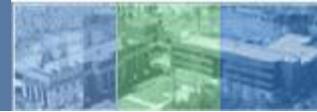
## □ Rutting

- Terminal state: 1.5 to 2 inches of total permanent deformation
- Loading temperature:
  - Variable temperature:
    - 10K passes at 40°C
    - 10K passes at 50°C
    - Cycle until terminal state is reached

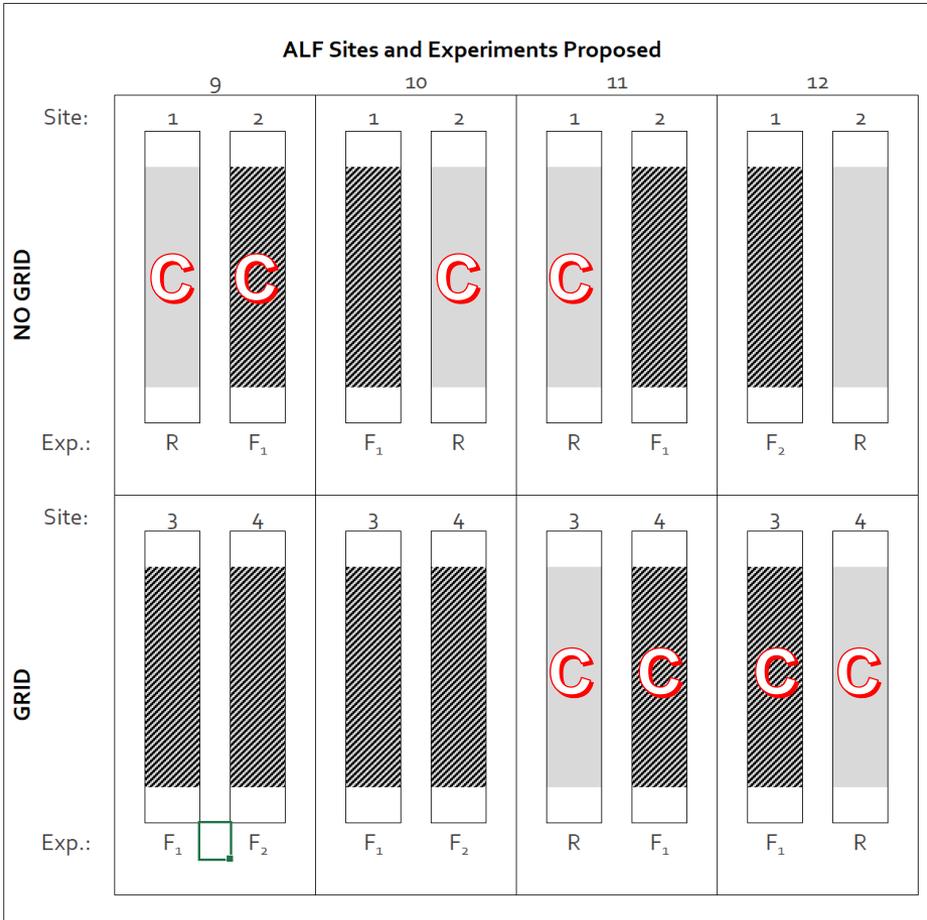


# Loading Specs (Cont'd)

- Cracking
  - Loading temperature: 20°C
  - Terminal state: total cracking length > 1,000 inches
    - Early stages of cracking in which preventive maintenance would be optimum intervention in real pavements



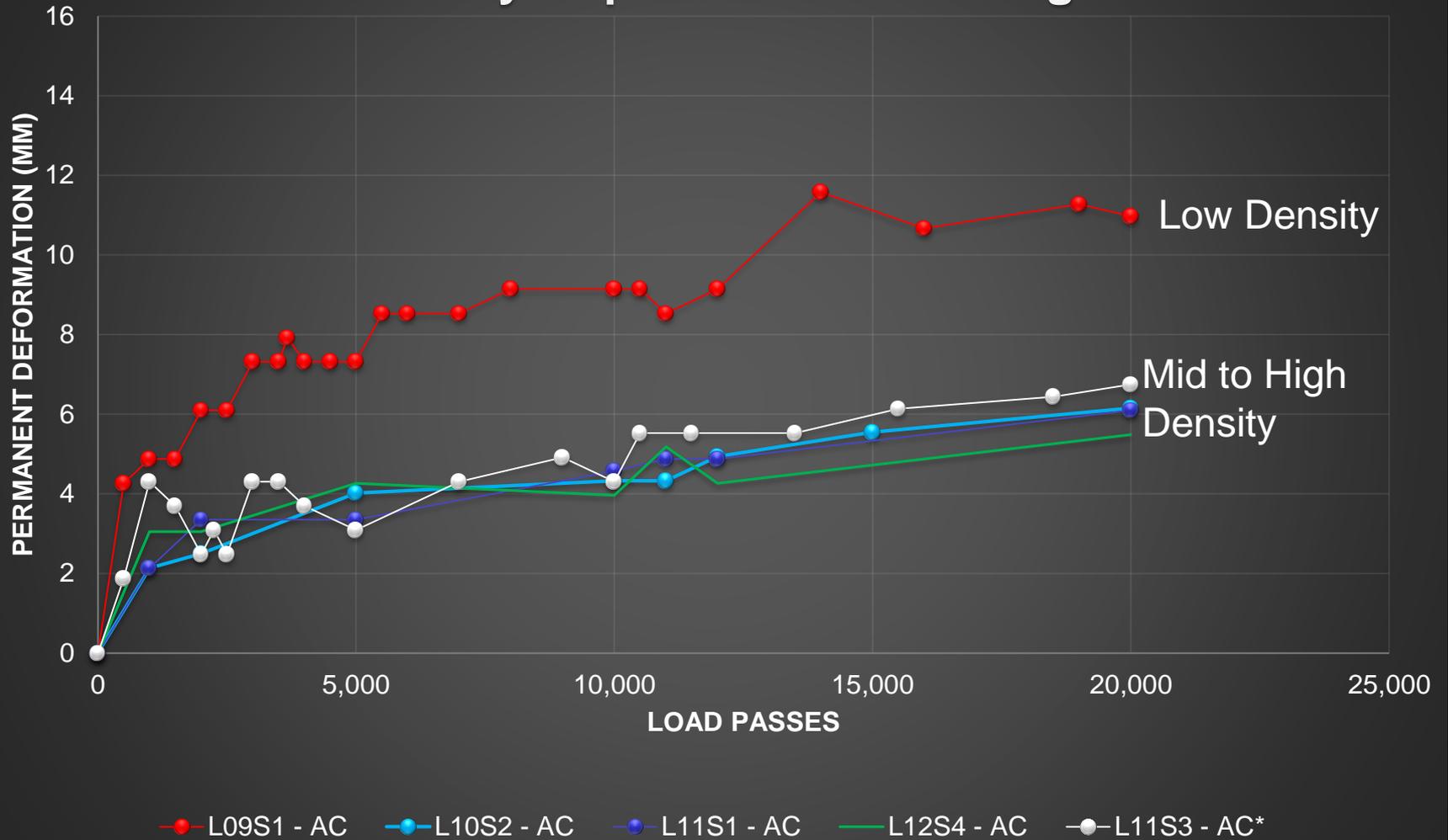
# Layout and Current Status



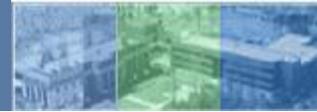
- F<sub>i</sub> – Fatigue test at aged conditions
- Completed Rutting
  - All but L12S2
- Completed Cracking
  - L9S2
  - L11S4
  - L12S3
- Next (until end of loading season):
  - L10S1
  - L12S2



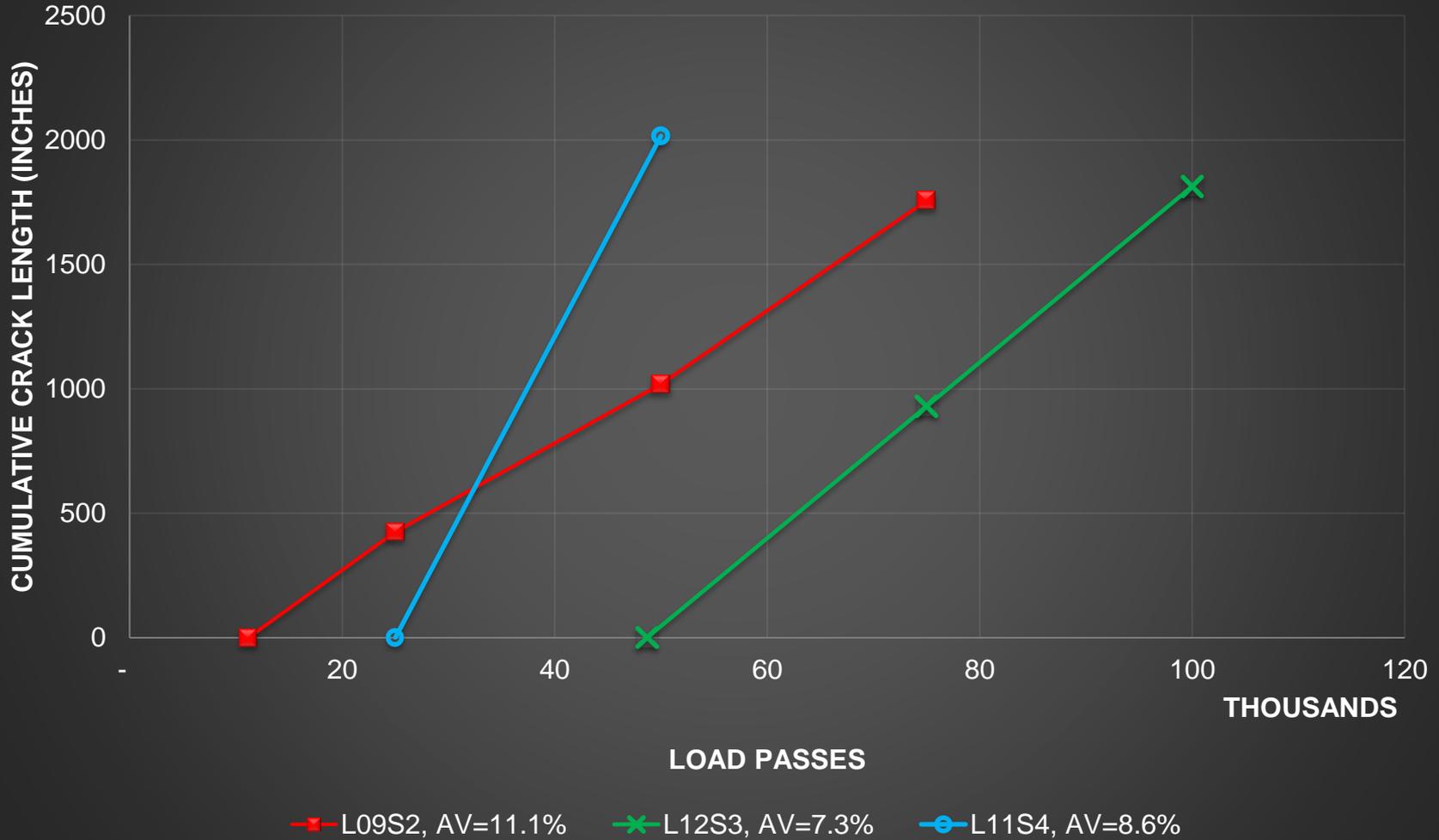
## Density Impact on AC Rutting



\* Needs validation (post-mortem)



## Total Crack Length

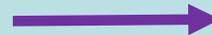




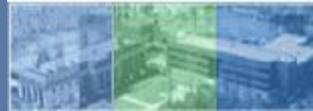
# Field Core Sampling + Testing



2016  
0 day



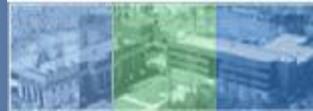
2018  
1.5 year



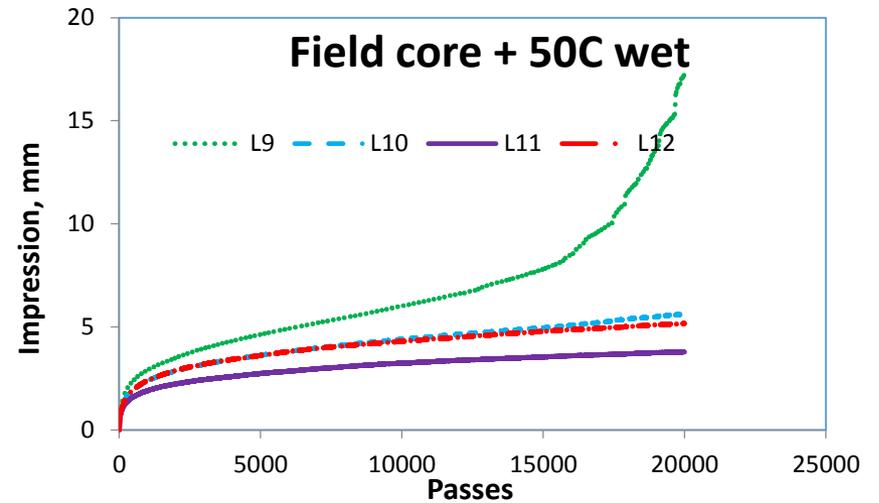
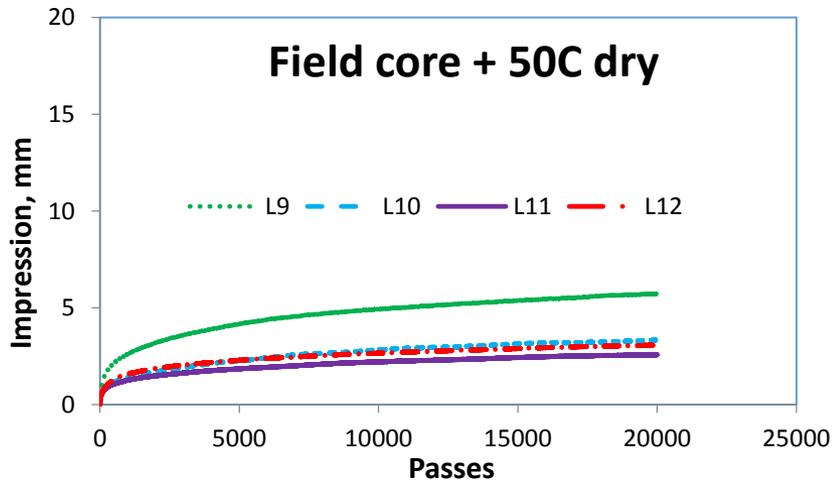
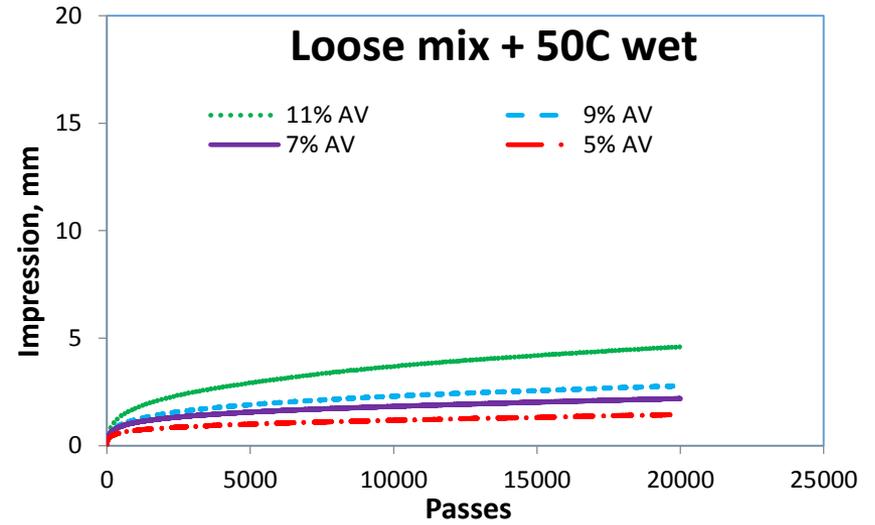
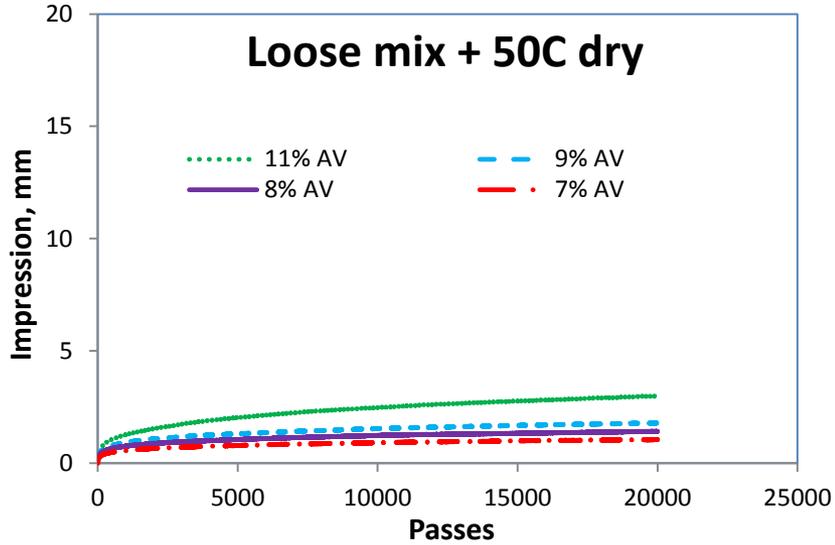
# Loose Mix Laboratory Testing

- ❑ **HWTD testing**
  - ❑ Dry 50°C + wet 50°C
- ❑ **Flow number**
- ❑ **Dynamic modulus**
- ❑ **Axial cyclic fatigue test**
- ❑ **Stress sweep rutting test**
  - ❑ 4 air voids (7%, 8%, 9%, 11%)
  - ❑ 2-hour aging
  - ❑ 2 LTOA (5-day 85°C, 7-day 95°C)



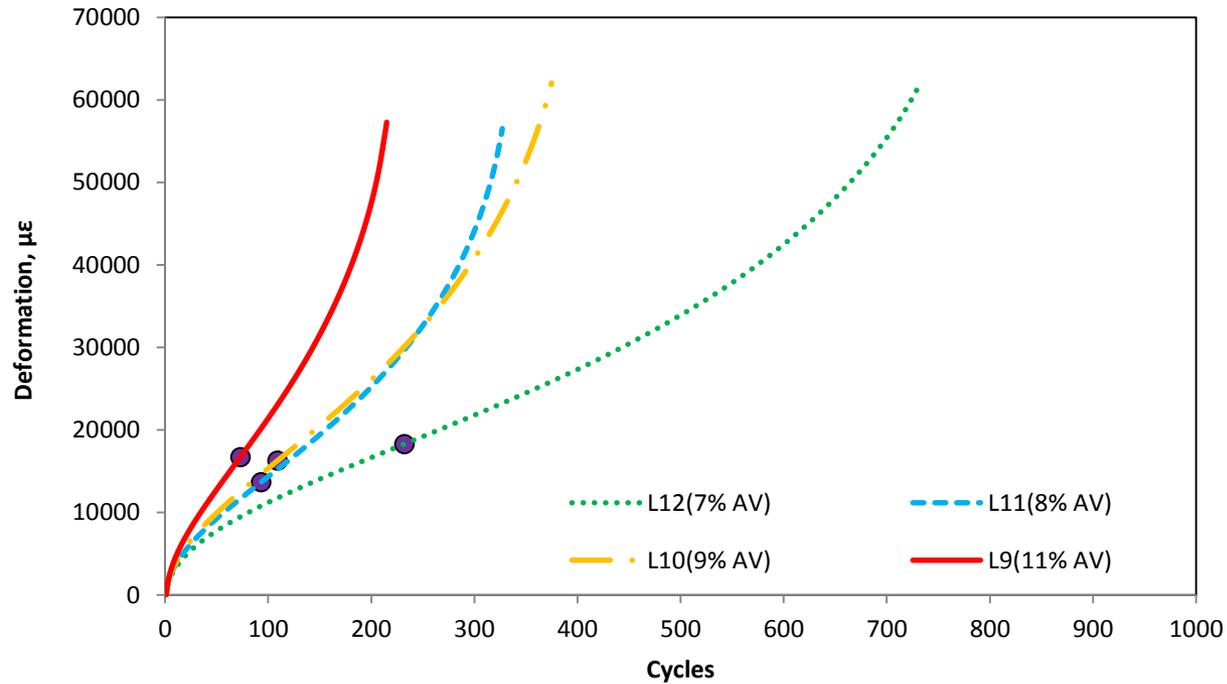


# HWDT





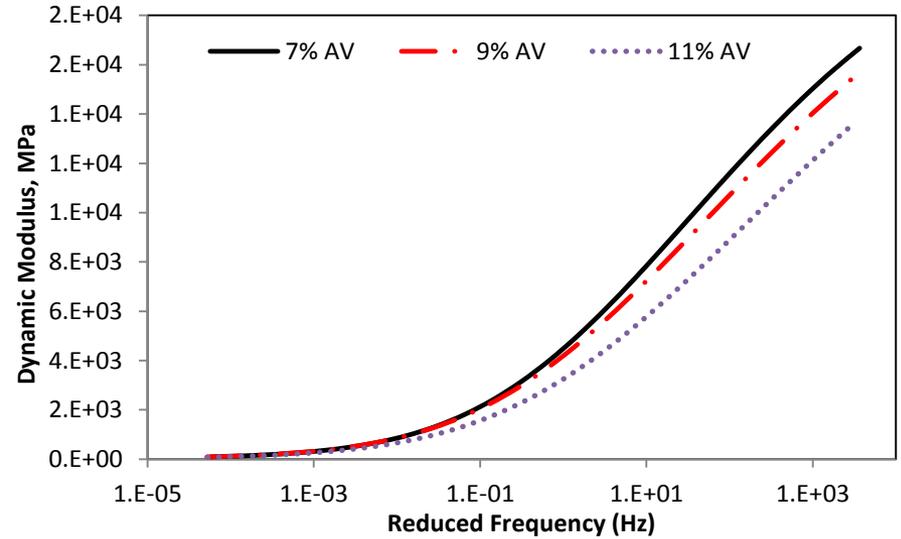
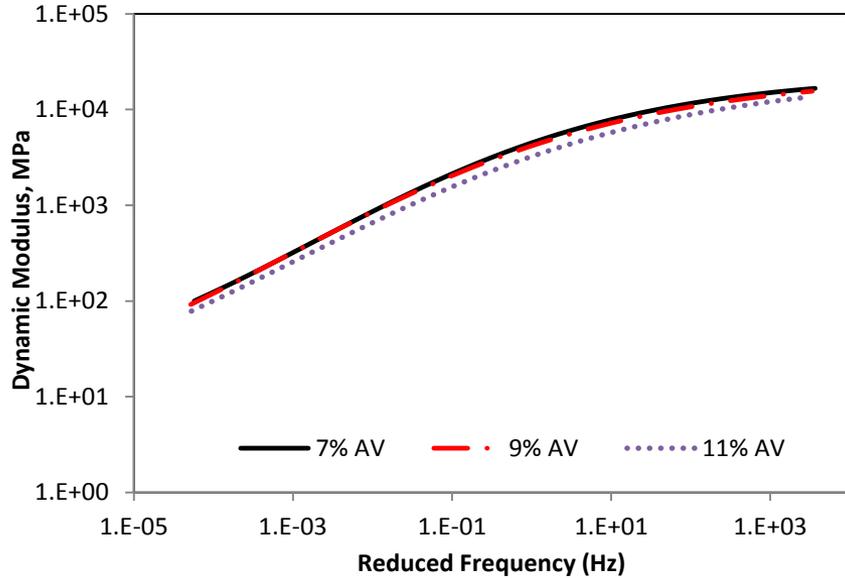
# Flow Number



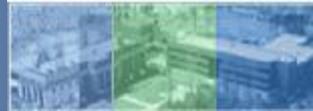
Lane and Va	Flow Number (cycles)
L12 (7%Va)	232
L11 (8%Va)	93
L10 (9%Va)	109
L9 (11%Va)	73



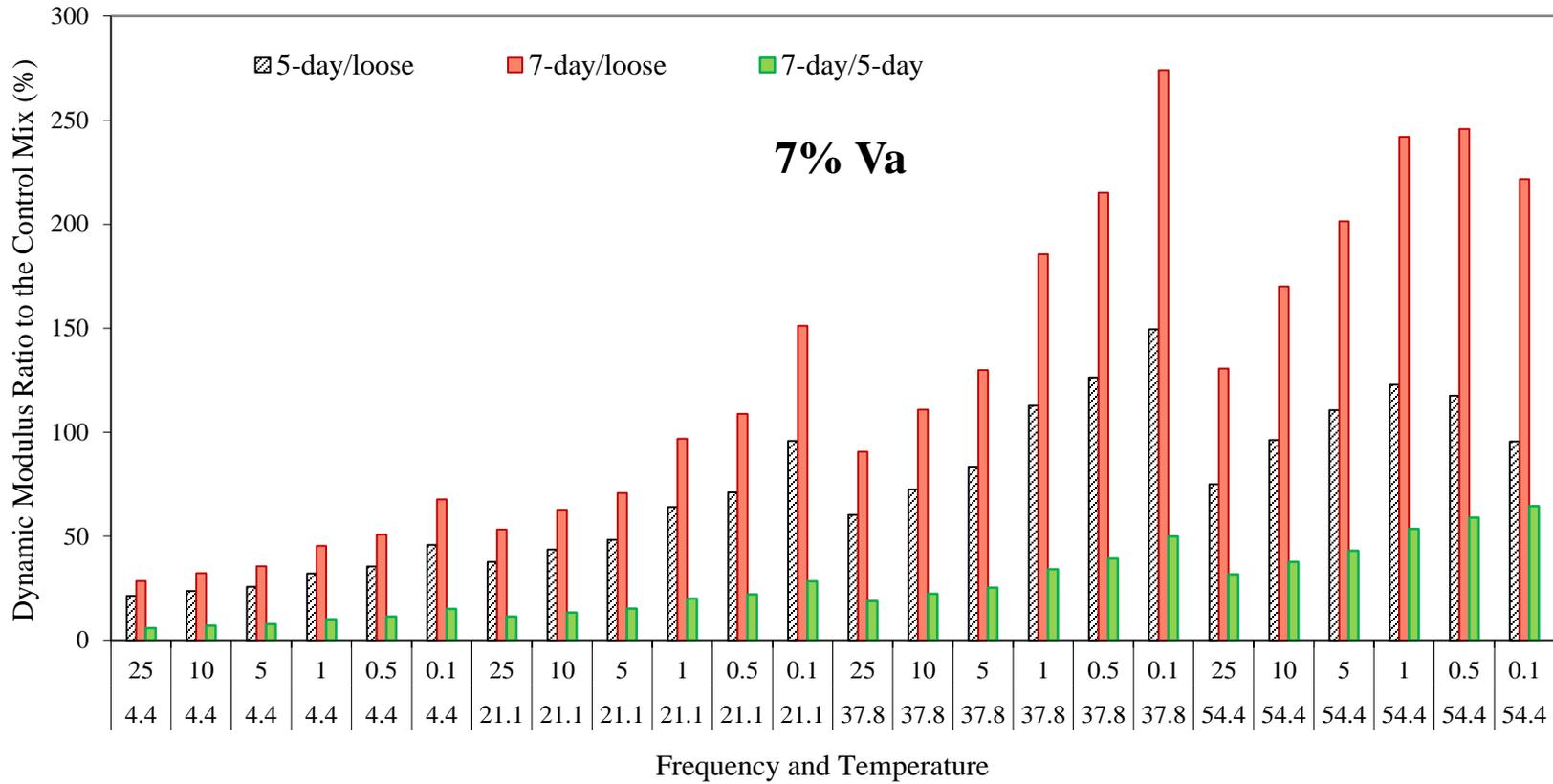
# Effect of Air Voids on $|E^*|$

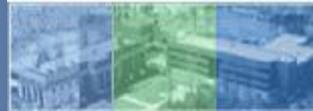


Temperature (°C)	Correction Factor from Each Method		
	Witczak Model	Hirsch Model	Lab Data
4.4	6.0%	3.9%	6.1%
21.1	6.2%	6.5%	7.1%
37.8	N/A	N/A	8.4%
54.4	6.8%	1.3%	9.6%

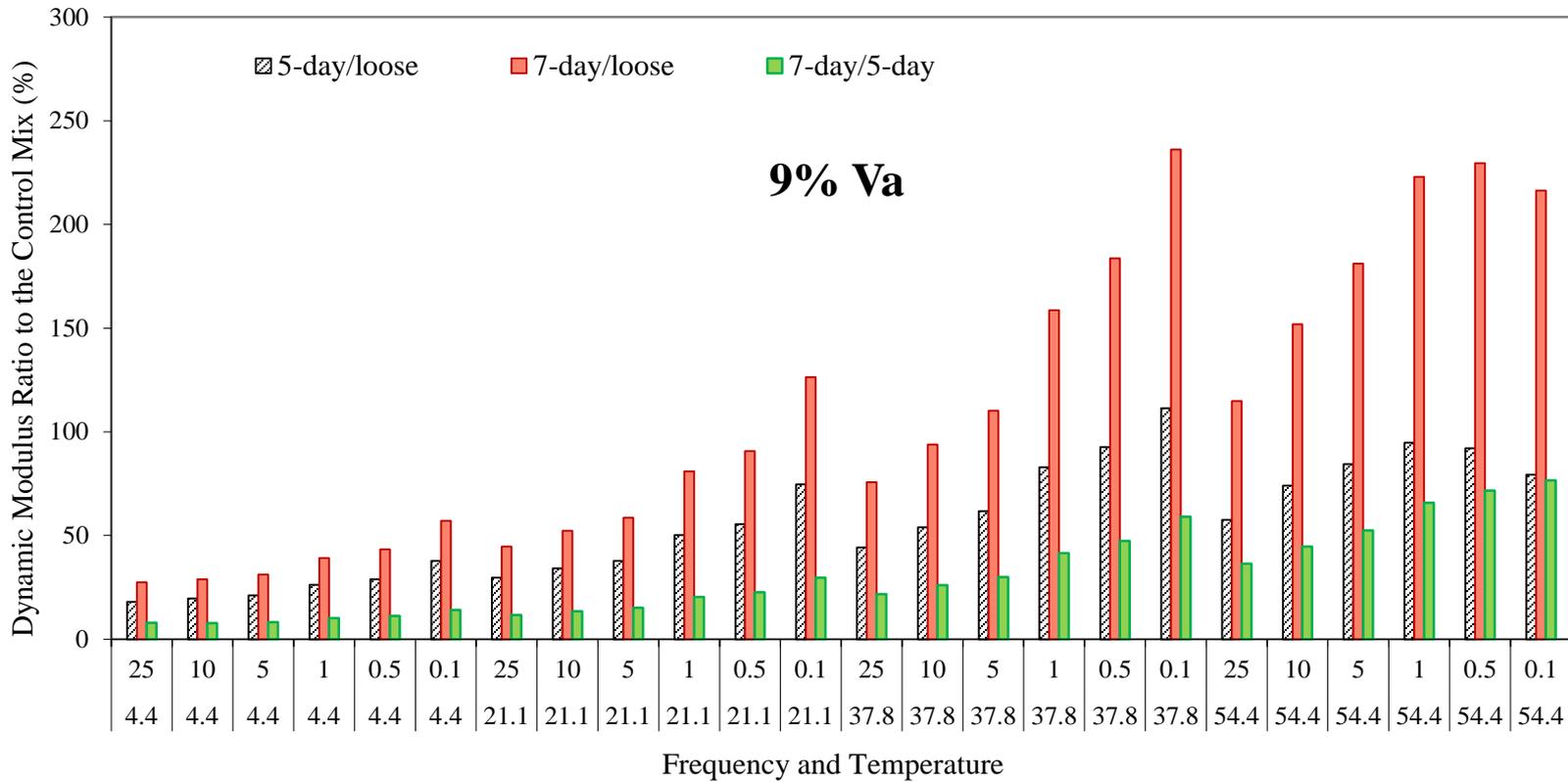


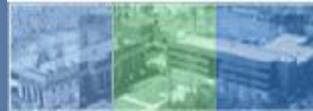
# Aging Effect on $|E^*|$



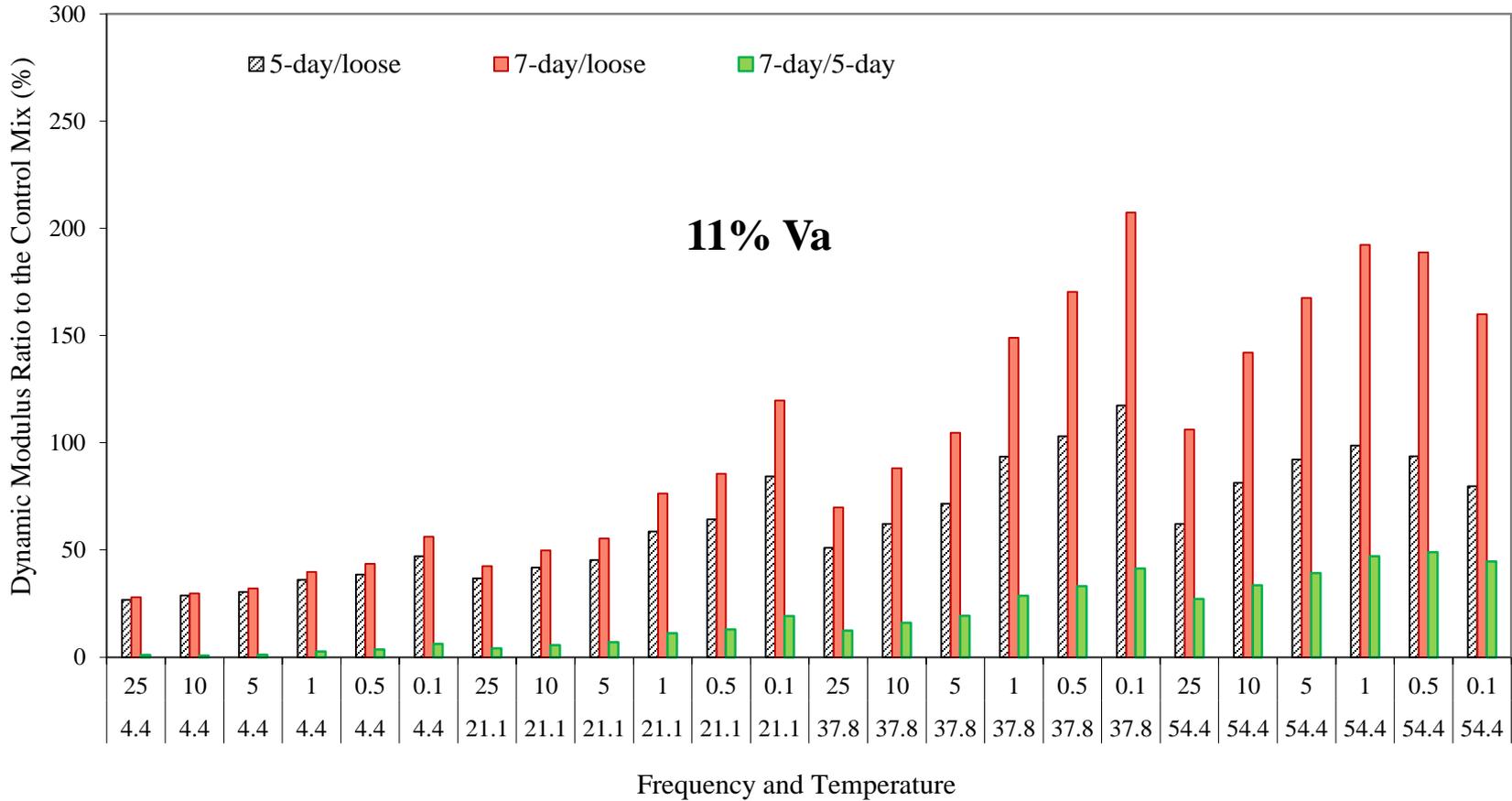


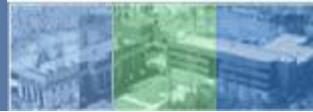
# Aging Effect on $|E^*|$



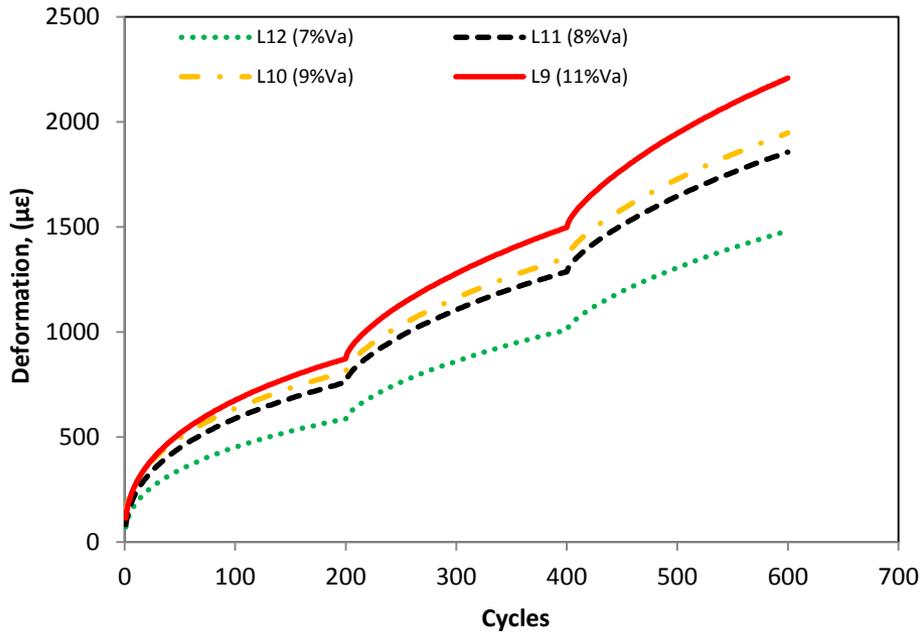


# Aging Effect on $|E^*|$

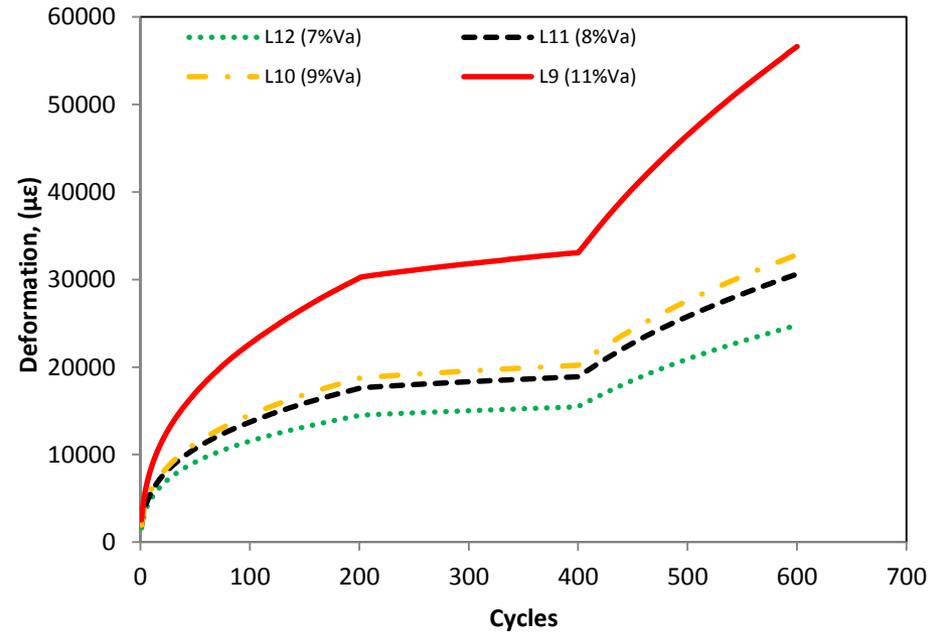




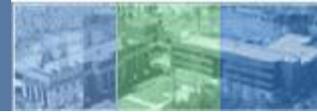
# Stress Sweep Rutting Testing



20°C



54°C



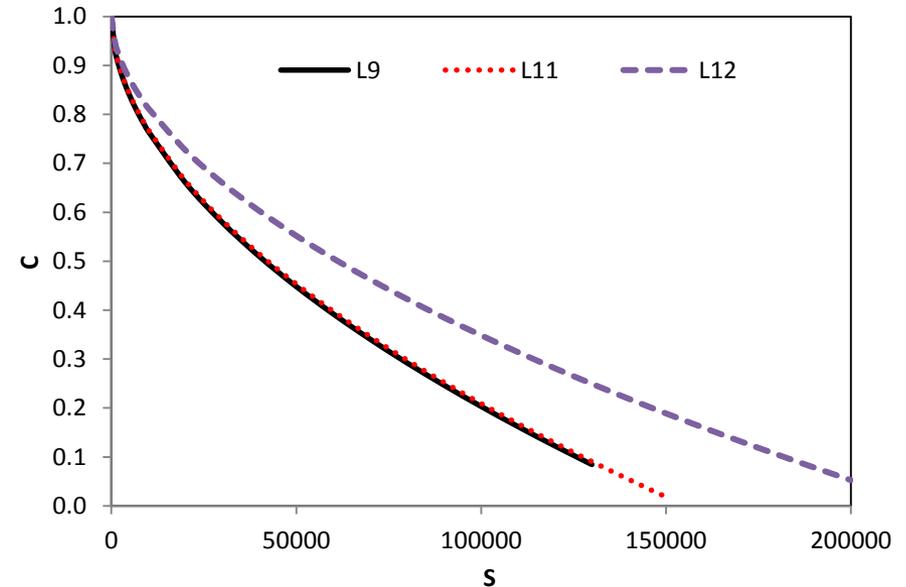
# Fatigue Testing Results

- Axial cyclic fatigue (AASHTO TP107)
  - fatigue characteristics

Parameters	L9 (11% Va)	L11 (8% Va)	L12 (7% Va)
C11	0.002	0.002	0.001
C12	0.530	0.533	0.540
DR	0.496	0.477	0.493

$$C = 1 - C_{11} \cdot S^{C_{12}}$$

$$D^R = \frac{\int_0^{N_f} (1 - C) dN}{N_f}$$

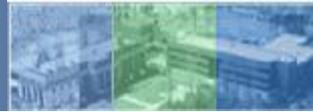




# RAP Mix + More Virgin Binder

## ALF RBR Study





# Objectives

- ❑ Examine the effect of asphalt binder replacement in the asphalt mixtures containing RAP
- ❑ Determine how much virgin binder needs to be added for the mixes to exhibit equivalent performance
- ❑ Improve RAP mix design to ensure satisfactory performance





# Materials and Testing

## □ Materials

- L1 (0% RBR, control mix, PG 64-22)
- L6 (20% RBR, PG 64-22)
- L5 (40% RBR, PG 64-22)
- L8 (40% RBR, PG 58-28)

## □ Additional Binder

- +0.25%, +0.5%, +0.75%

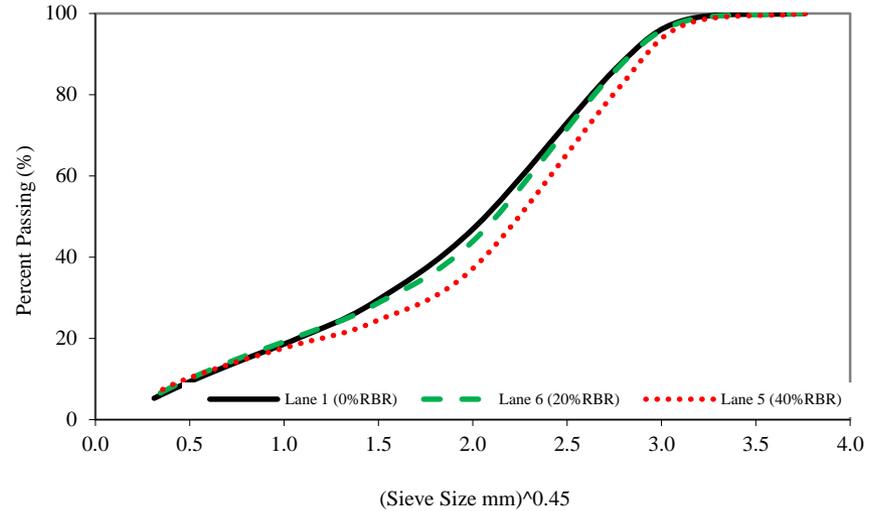
## □ Testing

- Dynamic modulus
- Direct tension fatigue (AASHTO TP 107)
- Stress sweep rutting (SSR)



# Volumetrics

Dimension (mm)	Sieve Size	Lane 1 (0%RBR)	Lane 6 (20%RBR)	Lane 5 (40%RBR)
19	3/4 inch	100	100	100
12.5	1/2 inch	98.3	98.0	97.1
9.5	3/8 inch	86.2	85.8	80.6
4.75	# 4	47.6	44.6	37.9
2.36	# 8	28.8	28.1	24.0
1.18	# 16	20.1	20.6	18.6
0.6	# 30	15.0	15.7	14.9
0.3	# 50	11.0	11.7	11.6
0.15	# 100	7.8	8.5	8.9
0.075	#200	5.3	5.8	6.3



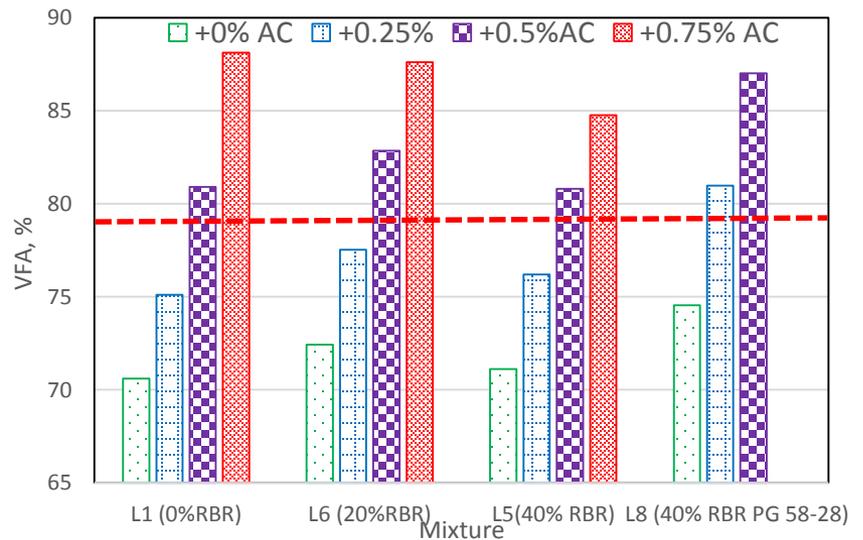
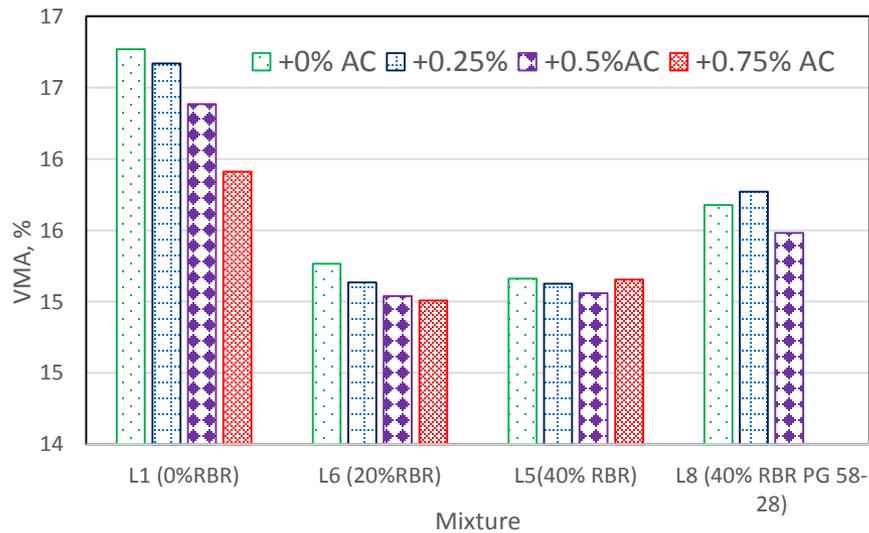
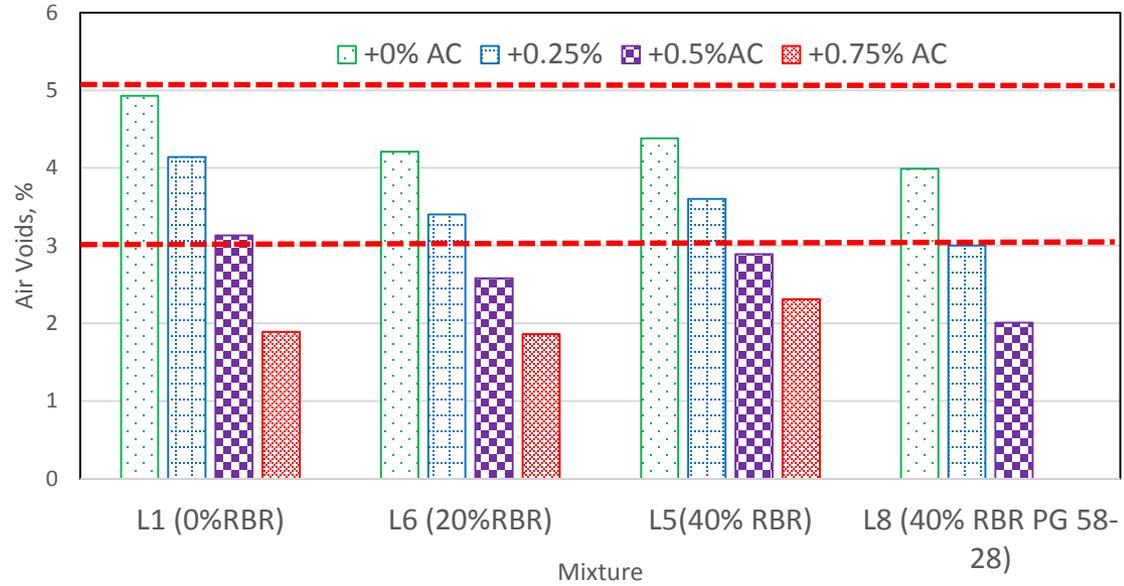
	L1 (0%RBR)				L6 (20%RBR)				L5 (40%RBR)				L8 (40%RBR PG58-28)		
	+0	+0.25%	+0.5%	+0.75%	+0	+0.25%	+0.5%	+0.75%	+0	+0.25%	+0.5%	+0.75%	+0	+0.25%	+0.5%
<b>+ AC</b>															
<b>G<sub>mm</sub></b>	2.747	2.735	2.723	2.711	2.744	2.732	2.72	2.708	2.744	2.732	2.72	2.708	2.715	2.705	2.693
<b>Air Voids</b>	4.93	4.14	3.13	1.89	4.21	3.4	2.58	1.86	4.38	3.6	2.89	2.31	3.99	3	2.01
<b>G<sub>mb</sub></b>	2.612	2.622	2.638	2.66	2.629	2.64	2.65	2.658	2.624	2.632	2.641	2.645	2.619	2.623	2.639
<b>P<sub>b</sub></b>	5.14	5.39	5.64	5.89	4.92	5.17	5.42	5.67	4.62	4.87	5.12	5.37	5.02	5.27	5.52
<b>P<sub>be</sub></b>	4.63	4.89	5.14	5.39	4.30	4.55	4.80	5.05	4.20	4.45	4.70	4.95	4.71	4.96	5.21
<b>VMA</b>	16.8	16.7	16.4	15.9	15.3	15.1	15.0	15.0	15.2	15.1	15.1	15.2	15.7	15.8	15.5
<b>VFA</b>	70.6	75.1	80.9	88.1	72.4	77.5	82.8	87.6	71.1	76.2	80.8	84.8	74.5	81.0	87.0
<b>% dust</b>	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	5.7	5.7	5.7
<b>DB Ratio</b>	1.14	1.08	1.03	0.98	1.35	1.28	1.21	1.15	1.50	1.42	1.34	1.27	1.21	1.15	1.09

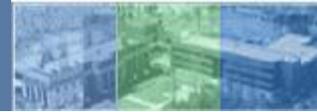




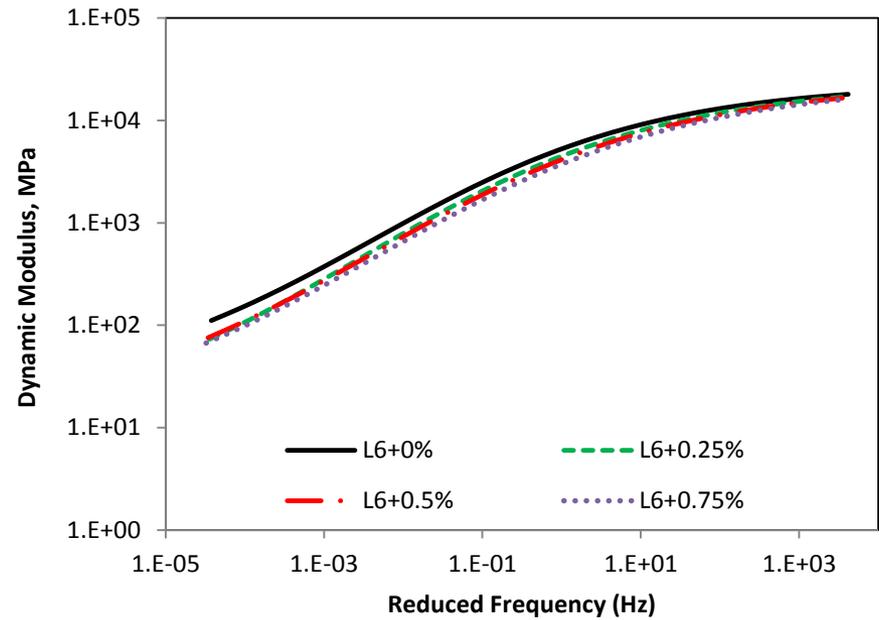
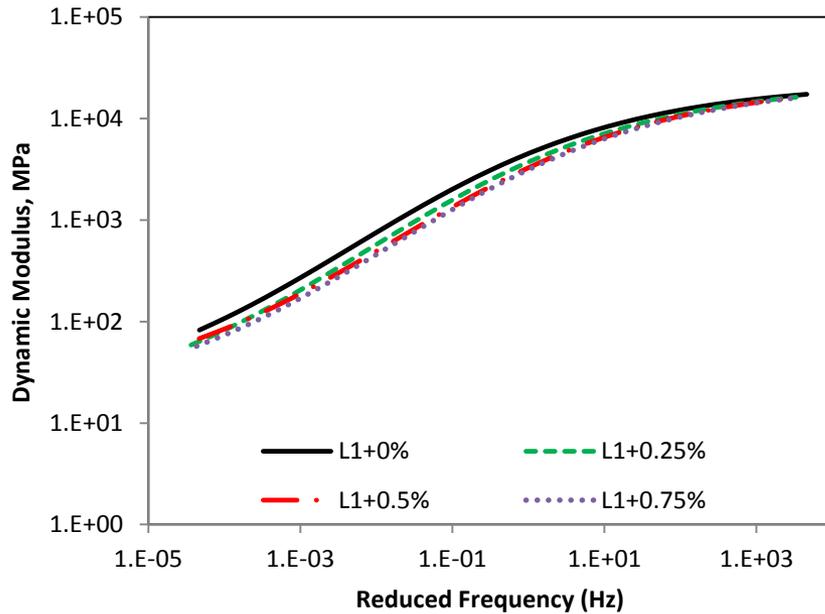
# Volumetrics

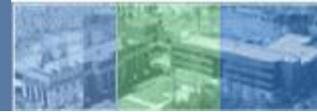
Requirements	
Air Voids	3%-5%
VMA	> 14%
VFA	65%-78%



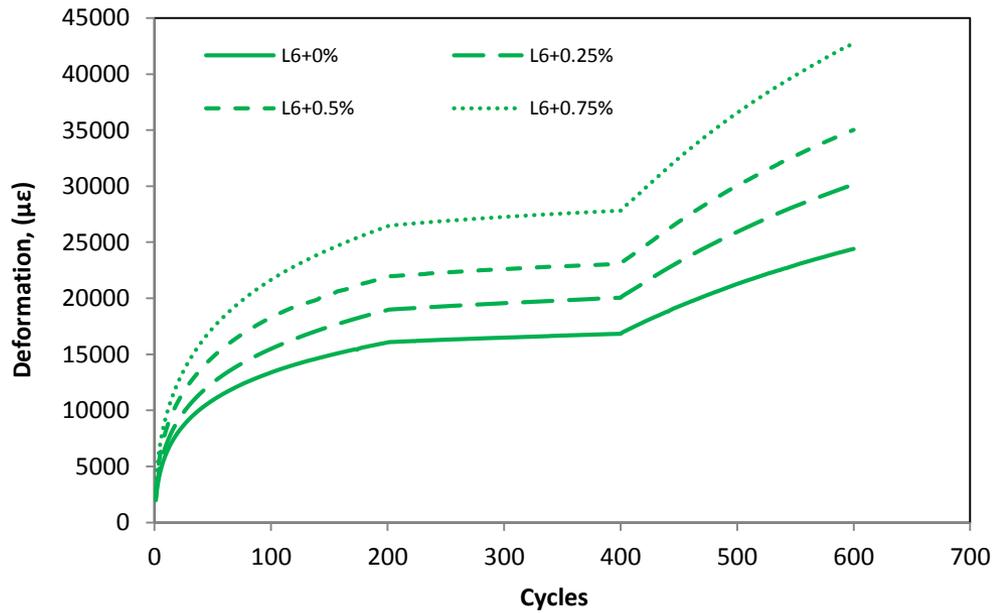
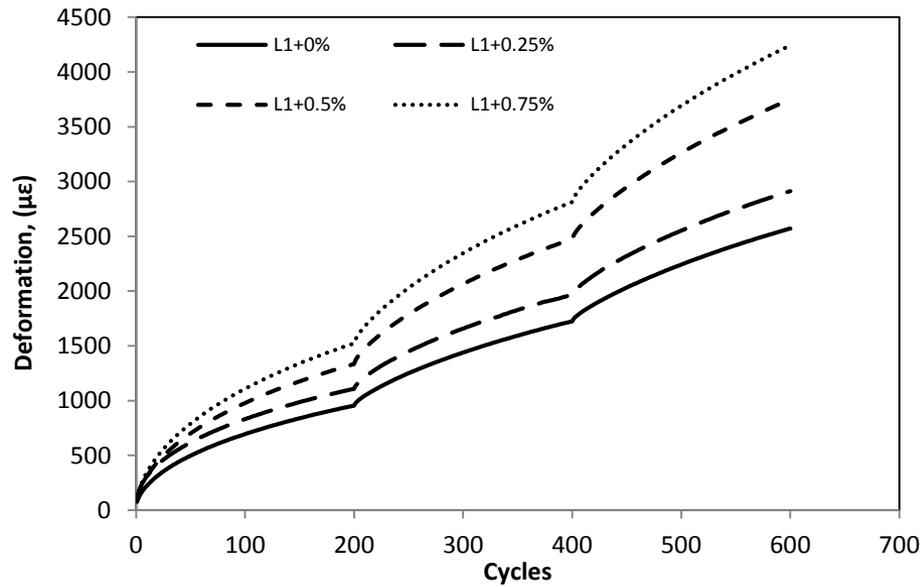


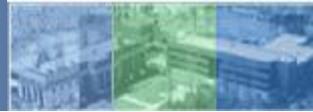
# Dynamic Modulus





# Stress Sweep Rutting Results

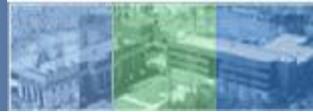




# **Fatigue Testing Results**

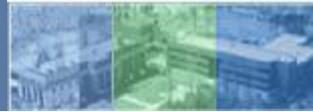
## **Under Analysis**





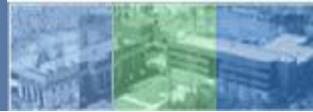
# Stress Sweep Rutting Testing with Small Geometry Specimen





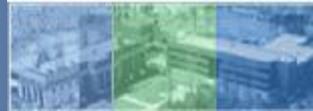
# AMPT Performance Tests

- ❑ **TFHRC using AMPT/SPT for 14 years**
- ❑ **Dynamic modulus test**
  - ❑ full size + small size specimens
- ❑ **Axial direction tension cyclic fatigue test**
  - ❑ full size + small size specimens
- ❑ **Direct tension monotonic test**
  - ❑ Small size specimens
- ❑ **Stress sweep rutting test**
  - ❑ full size + small size specimens
- ❑ **Flow number test**



# Stress Sweep Rutting Test

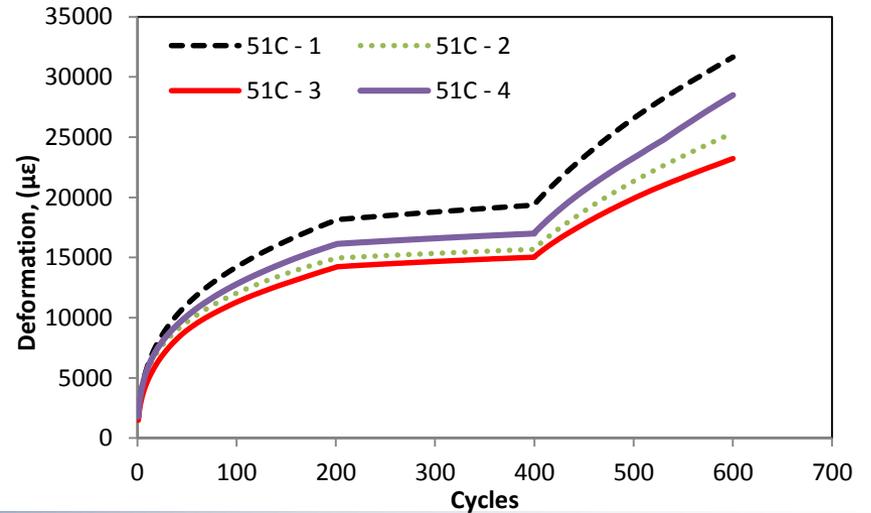
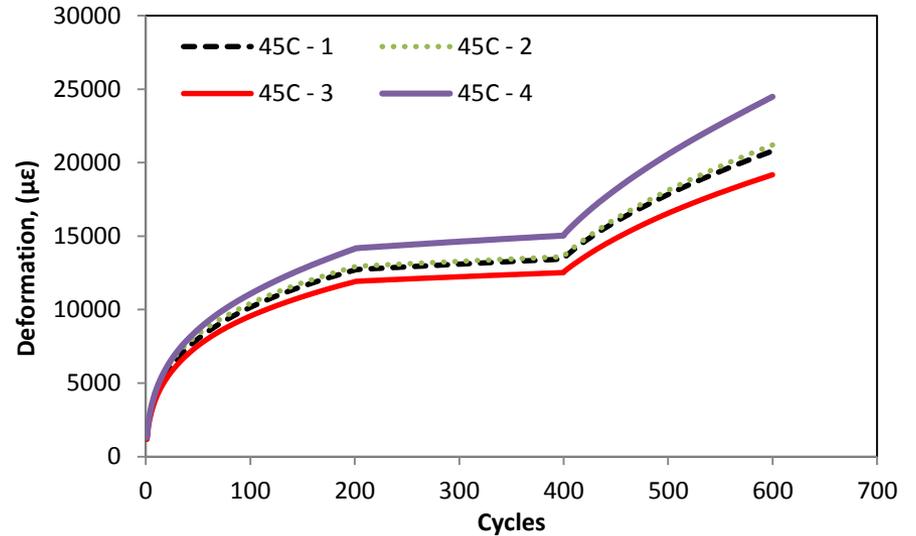
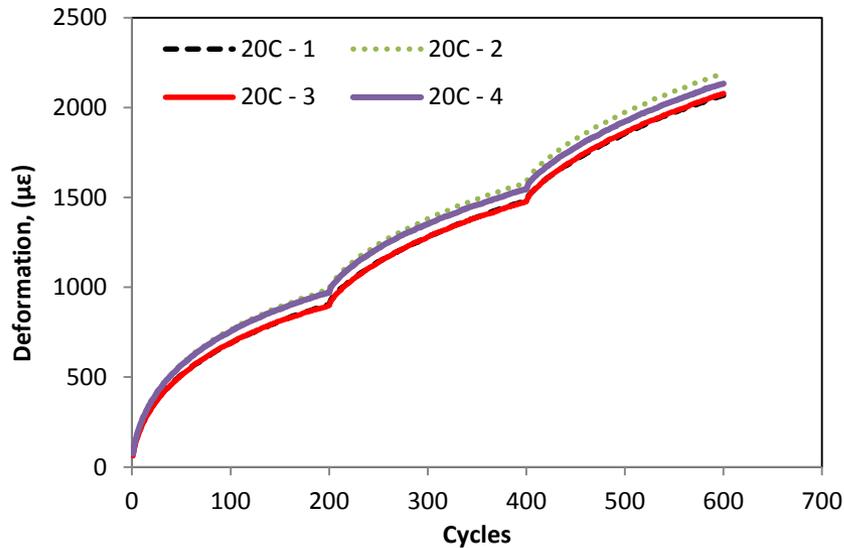
- ❑ **One loose mix (PG 64E-34)**
- ❑ **Three air voids**
  - ❑ 5%, 7% and 9%
- ❑ **Three temperatures**
  - ❑ 20°C, 51°C, 45°C
- ❑ **Two geometry**
  - ❑ 38mm x 110mm
  - ❑ 100mm x 150mm

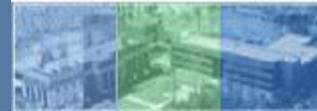


# SSR Testing Results

## Repeatability

38mm + 5% Va

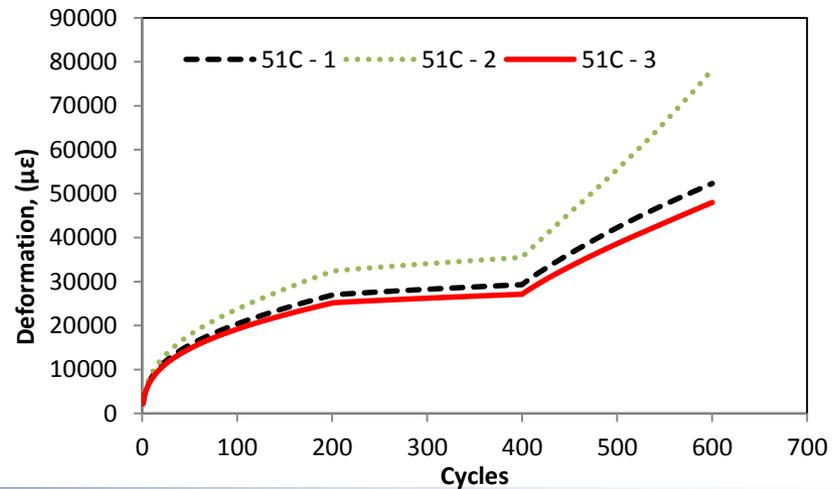
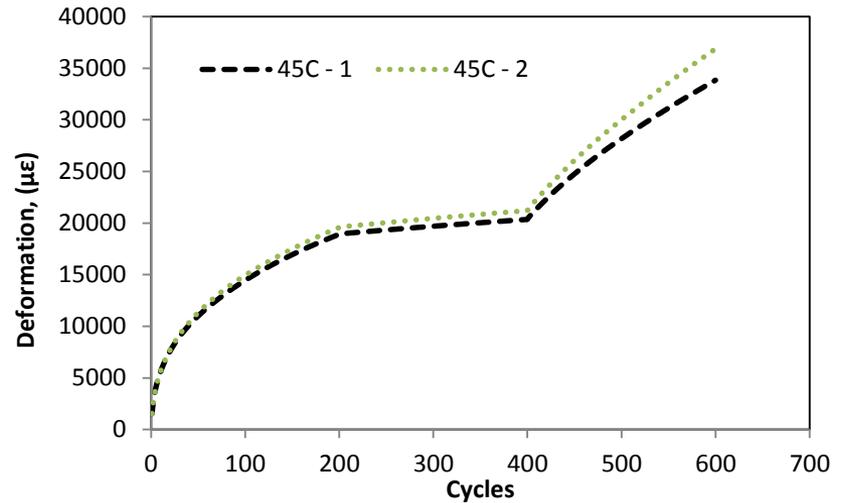
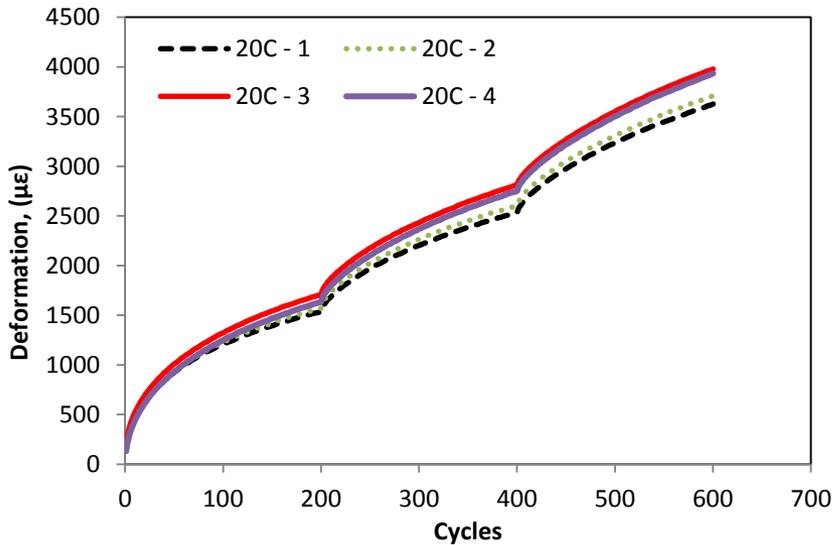


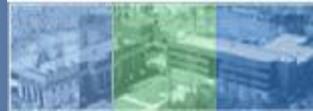


# SSR Testing Results

## Repeatability

38mm + 9% Va

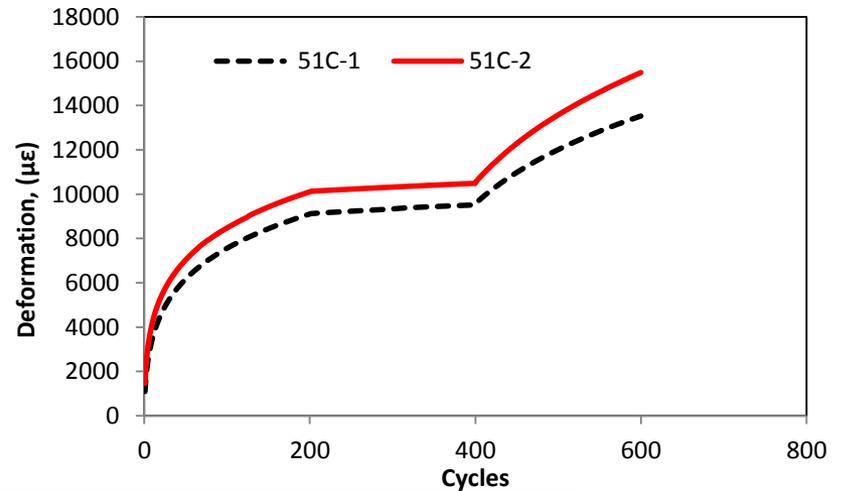
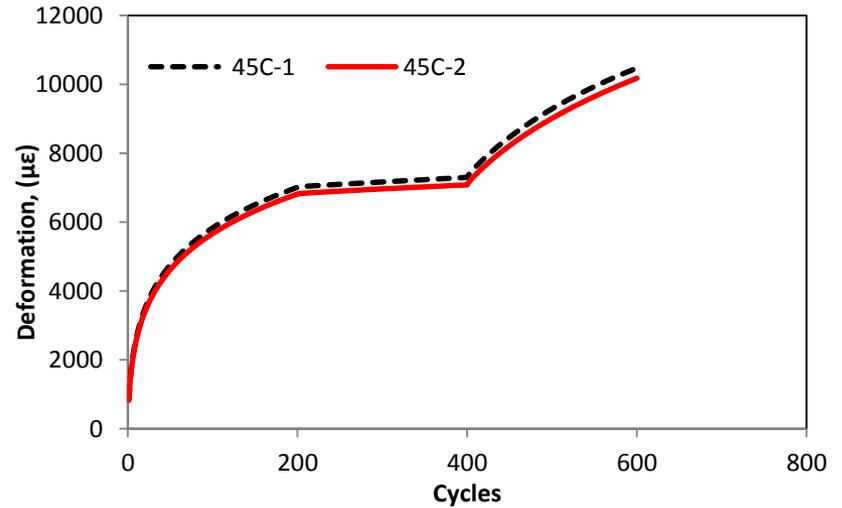
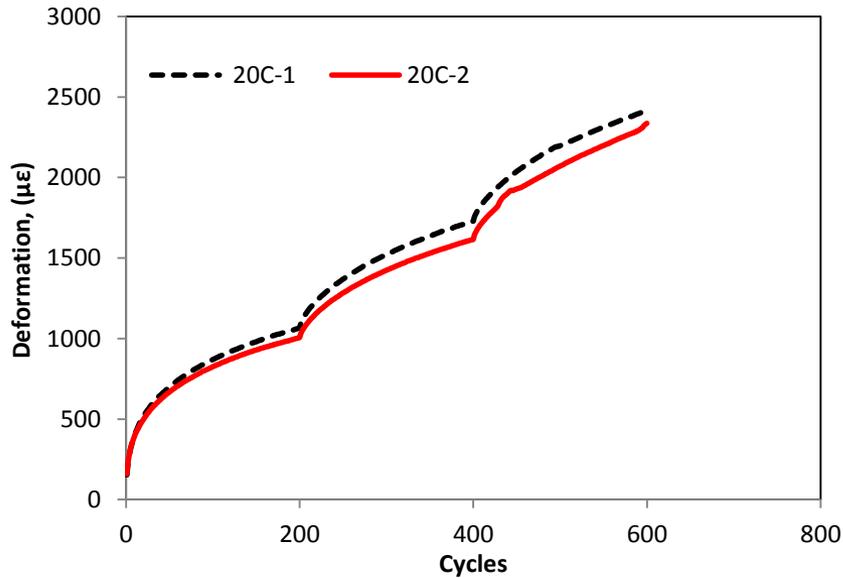


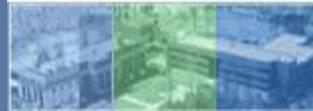


# SSR Testing Results

## Repeatability

100mm + 5% Va

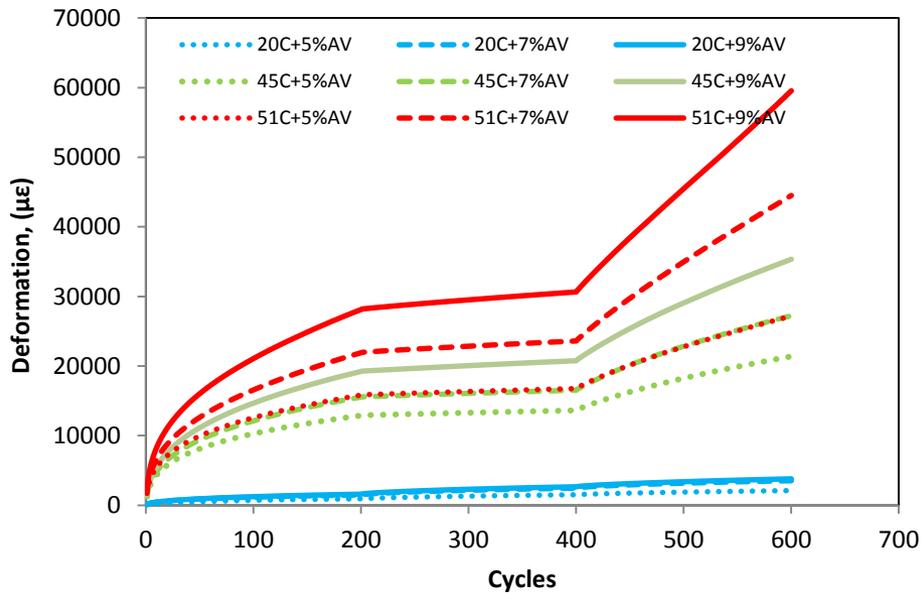




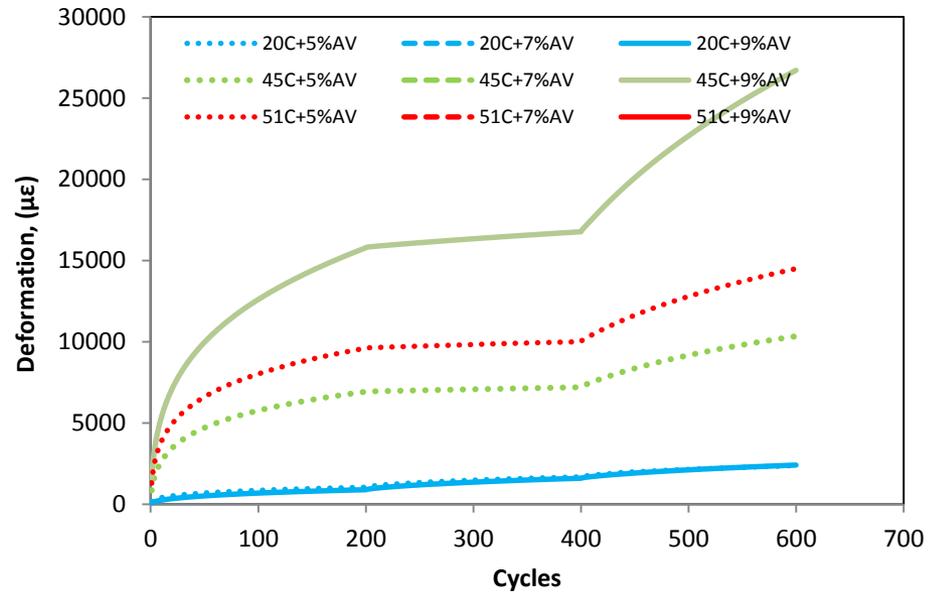
# SSR Testing Results

## Effect of air voids

38mm vs. 100mm



Small specimen



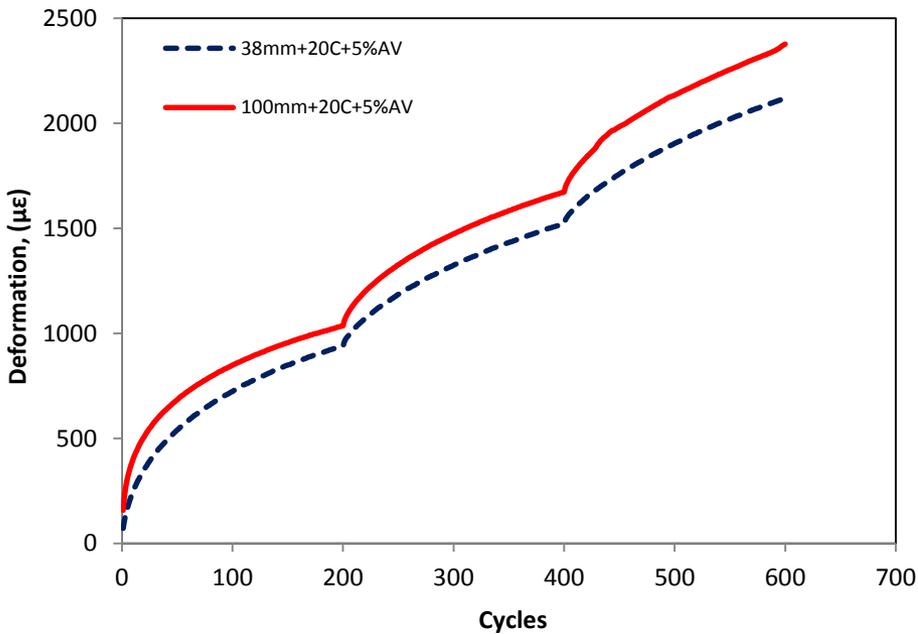
Full size specimen



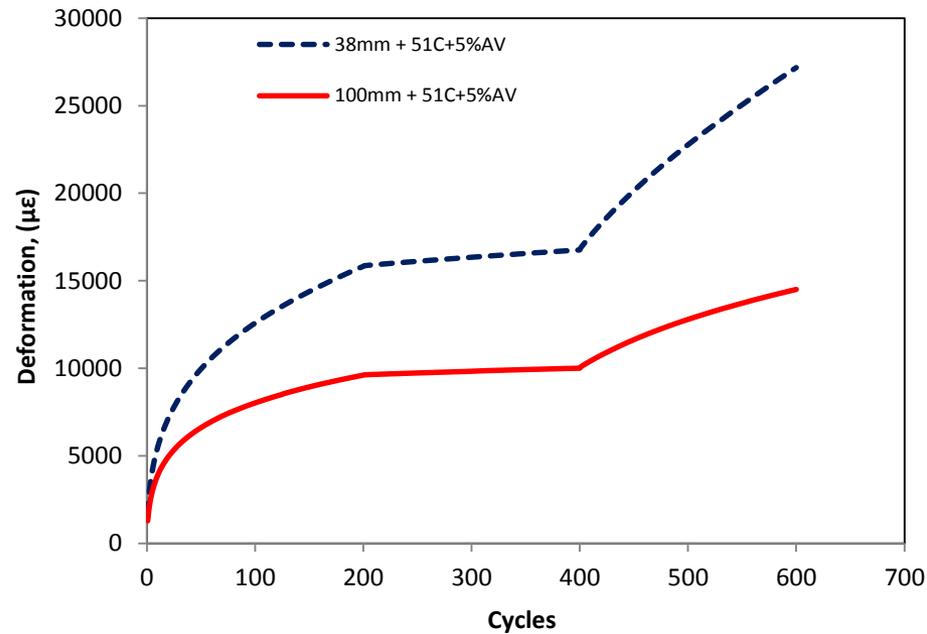
# SSR Testing Results

## Effect of geometry

38mm vs. 100mm



20C+5%Va



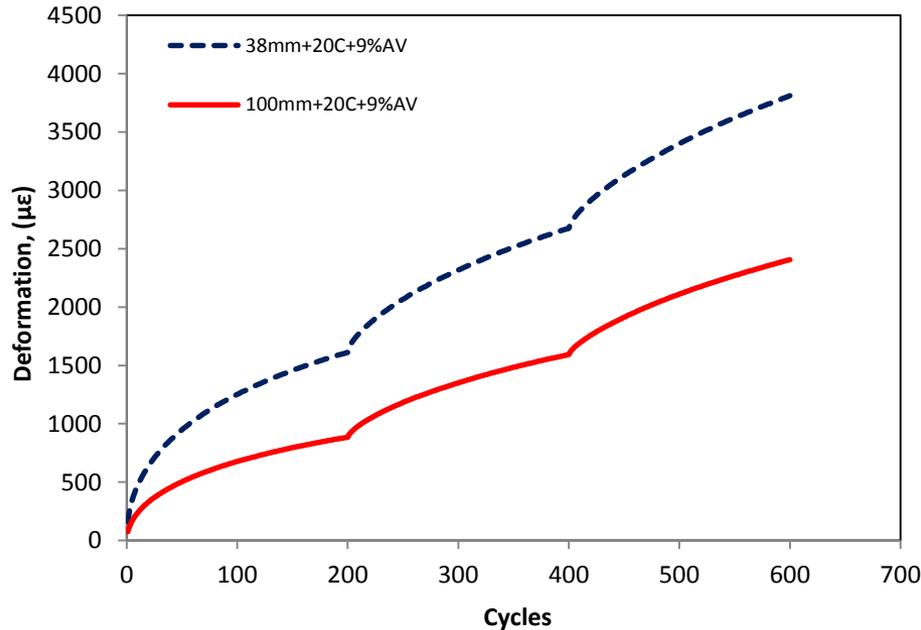
51C+5%Va



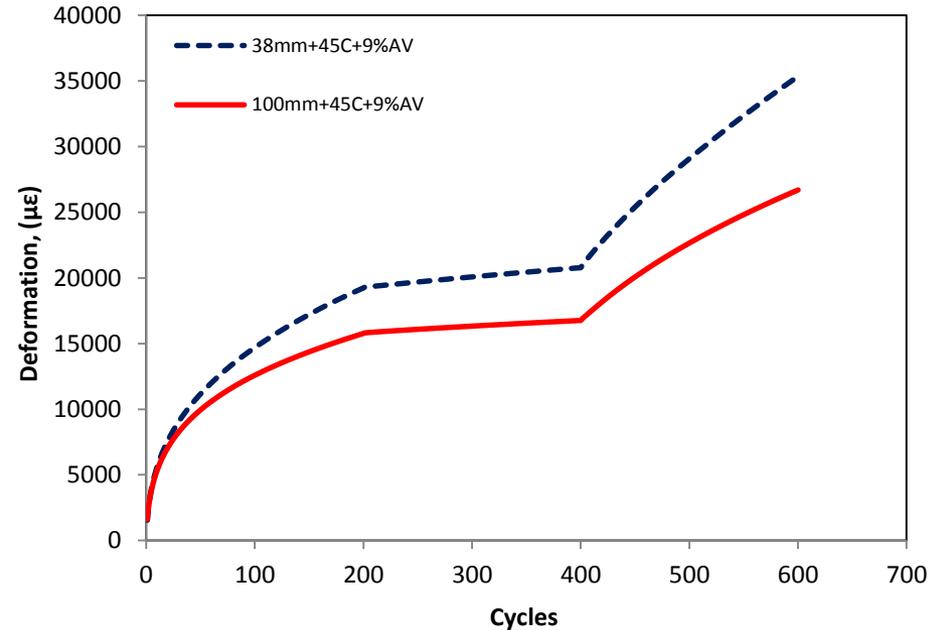
# SSR Testing Results

## Effect of geometry

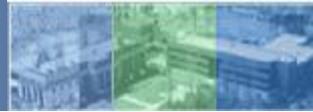
38mm vs. 100mm



20C+9%Va



45C+9%Va



**Thank You!**  
**+**  
**Questions?**

