

D^R Failure Criterion for Cracking of Asphalt Concrete

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Outline

- D^R for failure criterion
- Implementation of D^R into FlexPAVE
- S_{app} for cracking index property

Dissipated Energy-Based Failure Criteria

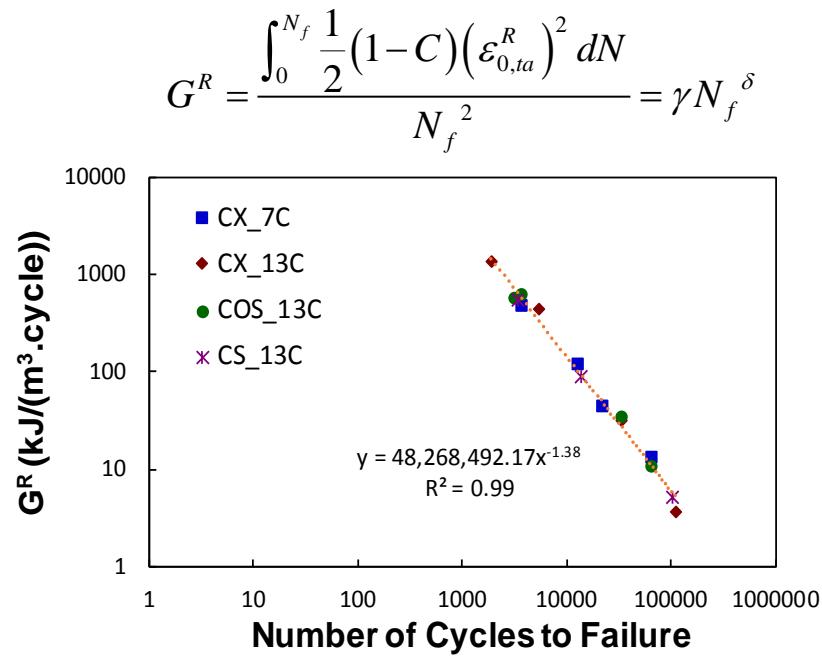
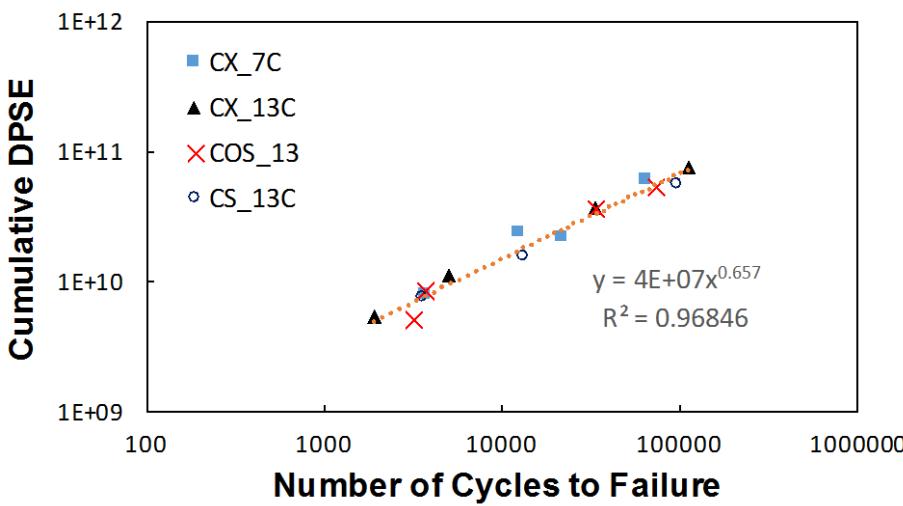
- Cumulative Dissipated Energy
 - Tayebali et al.
 - ✓ Power Law between Cumulative Dissipated Energy and N_f
- Ratio of Change in Dissipated Energy
 - Carpenter et al.
 - ✓ Power law between Plateau Value and N_f

DPSE Based Failure Criteria

□ Dissipated Pseudo Strain Energy

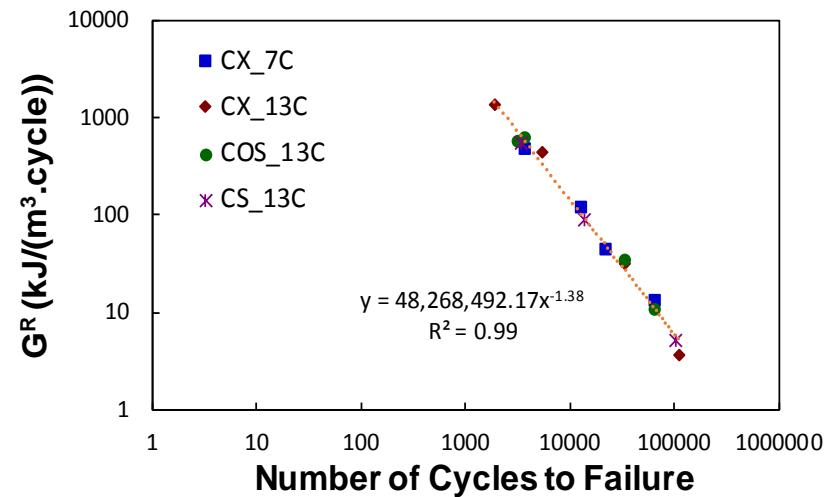
- Remove the effect of viscoelasticity
- Fracture based criterion (Masad et al.)
- G^R failure criterion

$$\int_0^{N_f} \frac{1}{2}(1-C)(\varepsilon_{0,ta}^R)^2 dN = \gamma N_f^\lambda$$



G^R Failure Criterion

$$G^R = \frac{\int_0^{N_f} \frac{1}{2} (1-C) (\varepsilon_{0,ta}^R)^2 dN}{N_f^2} = \gamma N_f^{-\delta}$$

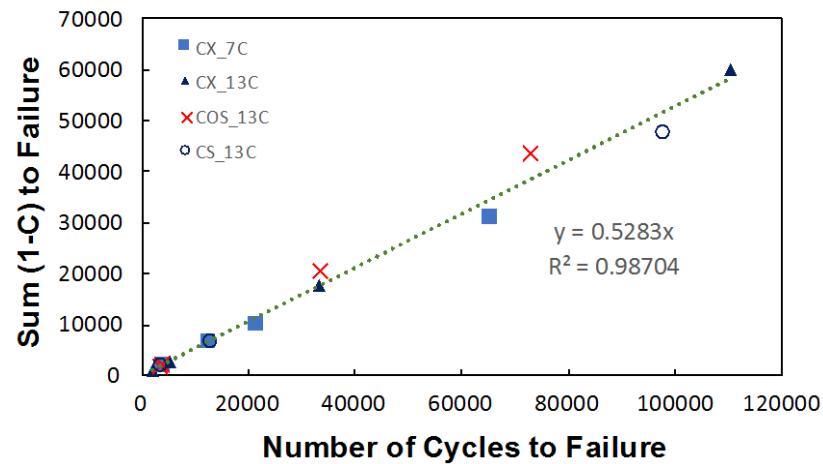


- Extrapolation in log-log scale for pavement performance prediction
- Sensitive to test variability
- At least three specimens are required

D^R Failure Criterion

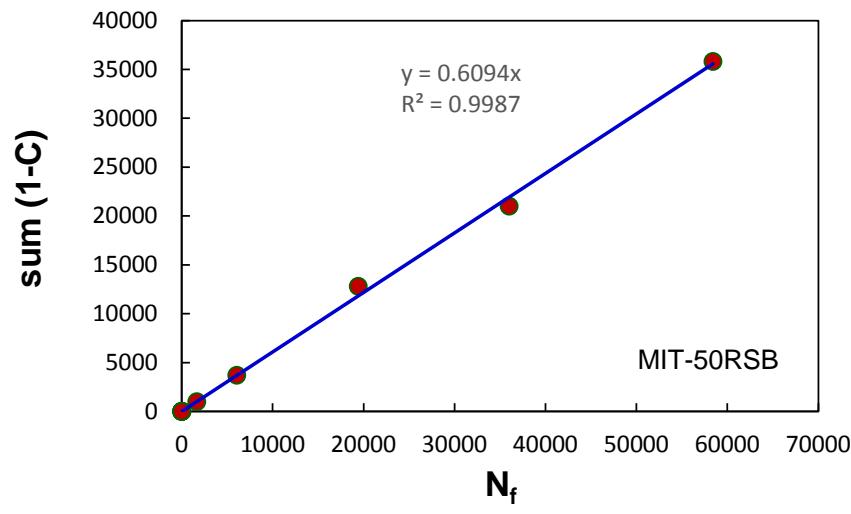
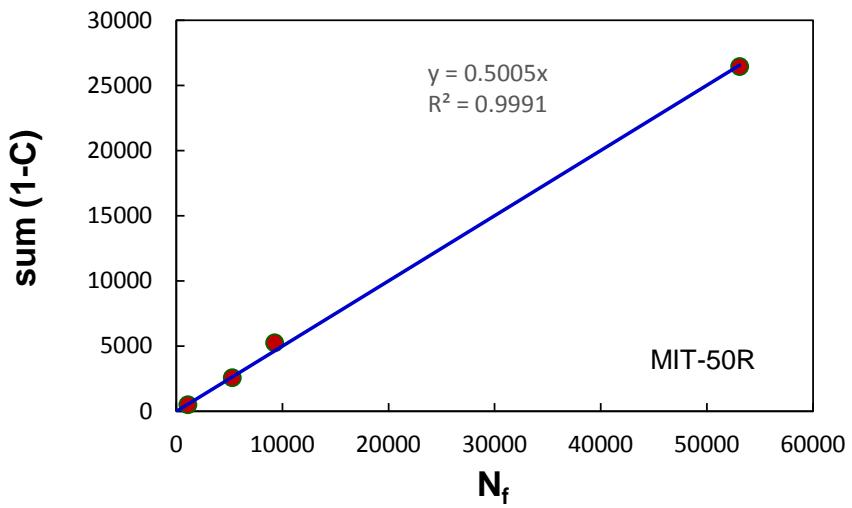
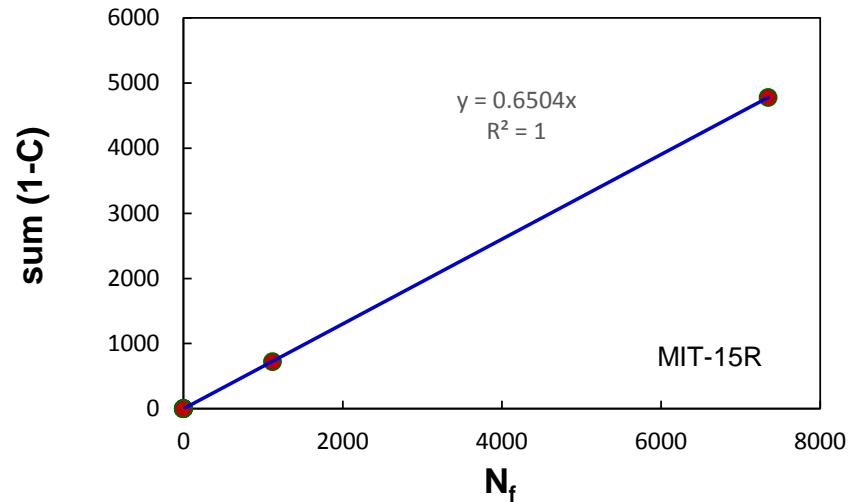
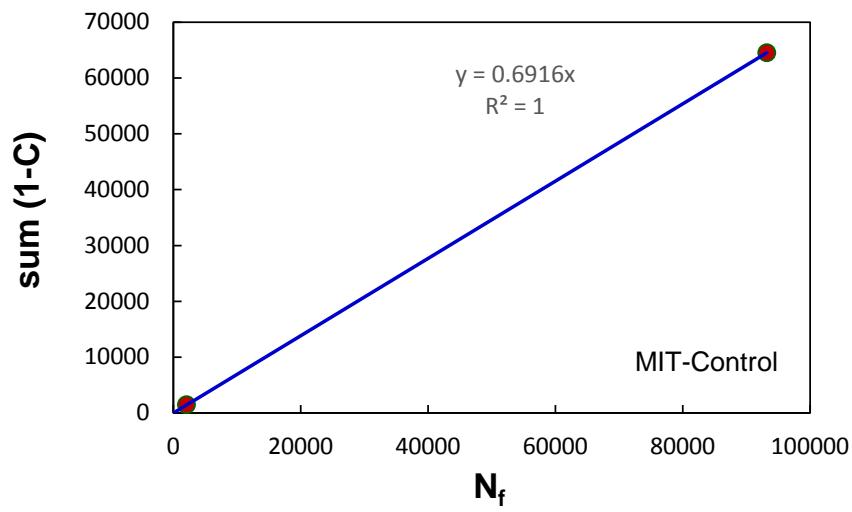
- D^R = Average reduction in pseudo stiffness up to failure

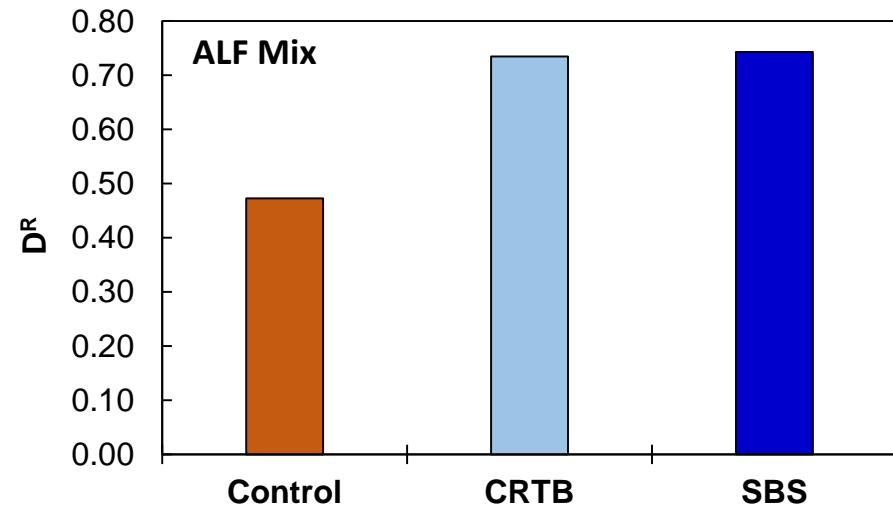
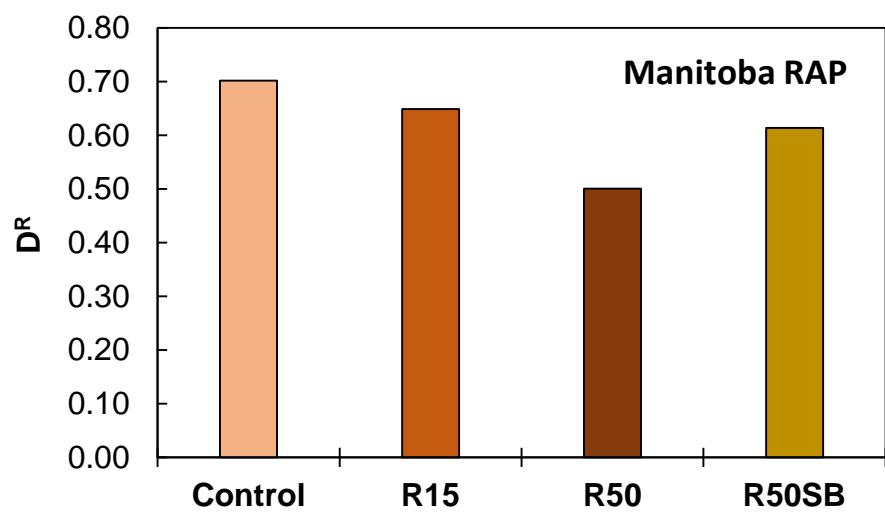
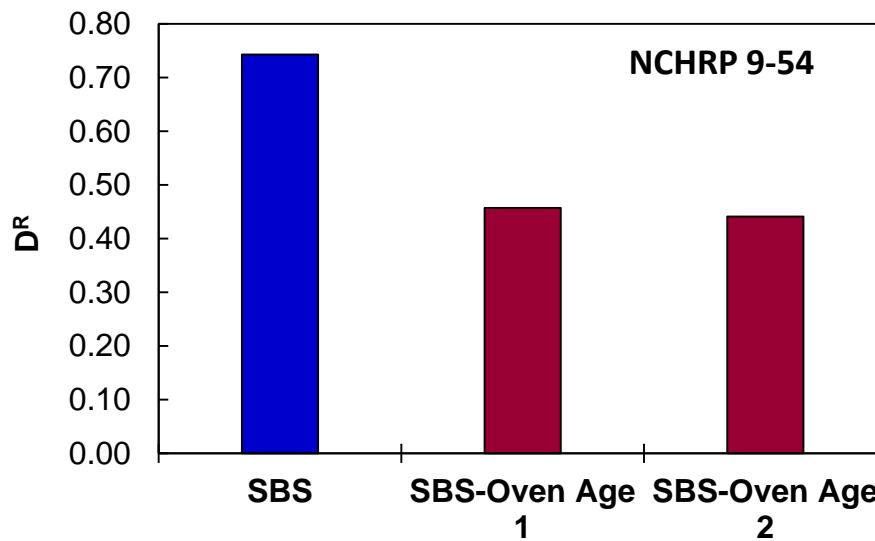
$$D^R = \frac{\int_0^{N_f} (1-C) dN}{N_f} = \frac{\text{sum}(1-C)}{N_f}$$



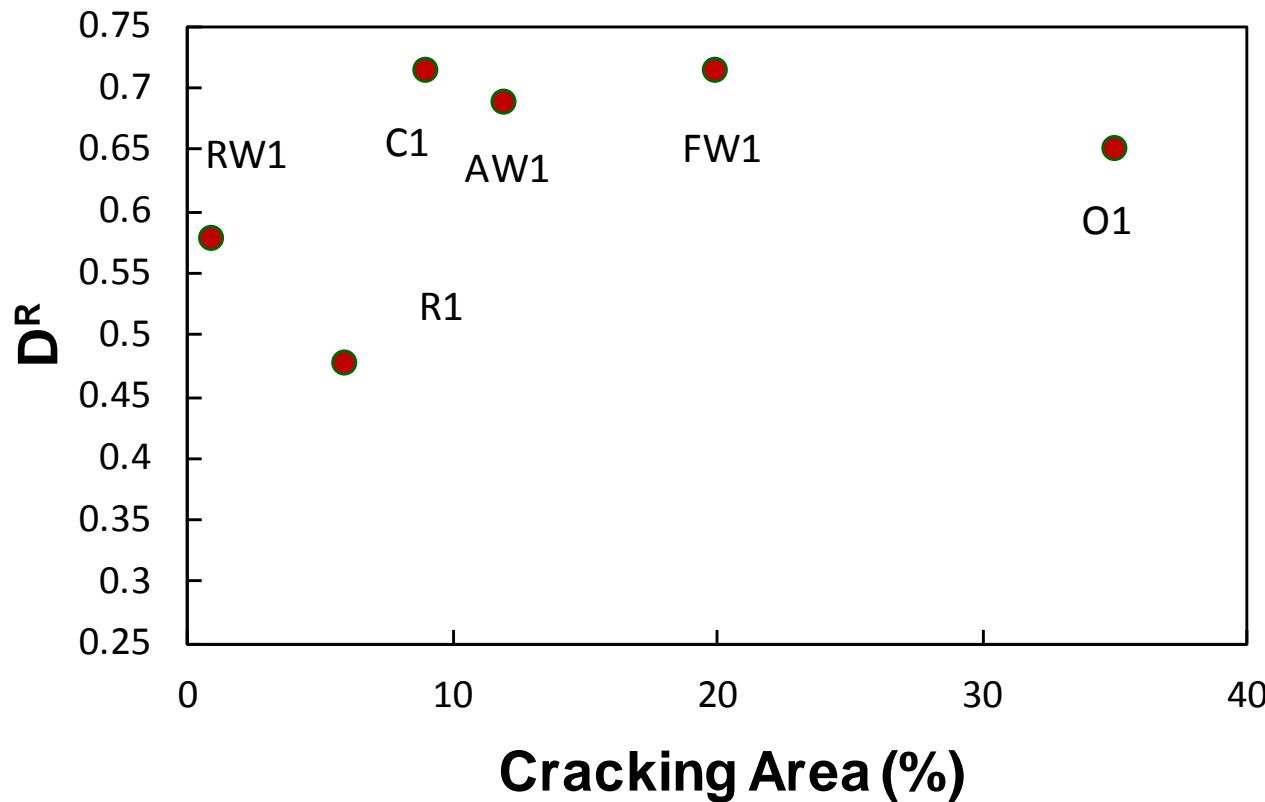
- (1-C), loss of integrity, indicates the damage potential in each cycle.
- Independent of mode of loading, temperature, loading amplitude
- Linear relationship in arithmetic scale; therefore, less sensitive when extrapolated
- The linear relationship passes through the origin. Theoretically only one specimen is required. Three are recommended.

D^R for PRS Mixtures





D^R for NCAT Sections



D^R in FlexPAVE 1.0

FlexPAVE 1.0 Program : Untitled Project

File Analysis Tools Help

Project General Information Design Structure

Design Structure Climate Data Traffic Data Outputs and Analysis Options Results

General Information X Design Structure X

Structure General Information

Structure Name: Flexible 3-Layer Pavement
Pavement/Lane Width (m): 3.65

Add Layer Remove Layer Move Layer

Layer Properties

Layer: AC
Thickness (cm): 10 Infinite Layer
Material Type: Asphalt Concrete more..

GR Based Criterion
DR Based Criterion

Specific Gravity (optional): 2.5 Expansion Co. (1/C): 0.00005

Strength/Modulus

Poisson's Ratio	Einf (KPa)	Ref. Temp. (C)	Shift Factor a1	Shift Factor a2	Shift Factor a3
0.3000	9.7300e+04	5	6.9619e-04	-0.1620	0.7928

Alpha	4	Beta	0.8026	Rutting	p1	0.6069
a	0.0017	Epsilon0	0.0052	p2	0.0719	
b	0.5449	NI	0.8024	d1	0.0396	
Initial C	0.8000	TR(C)	61	d2	1.6831	
Gamma	1000000	Delta	-1.3500			

Import Damage Data Import Rutting Data

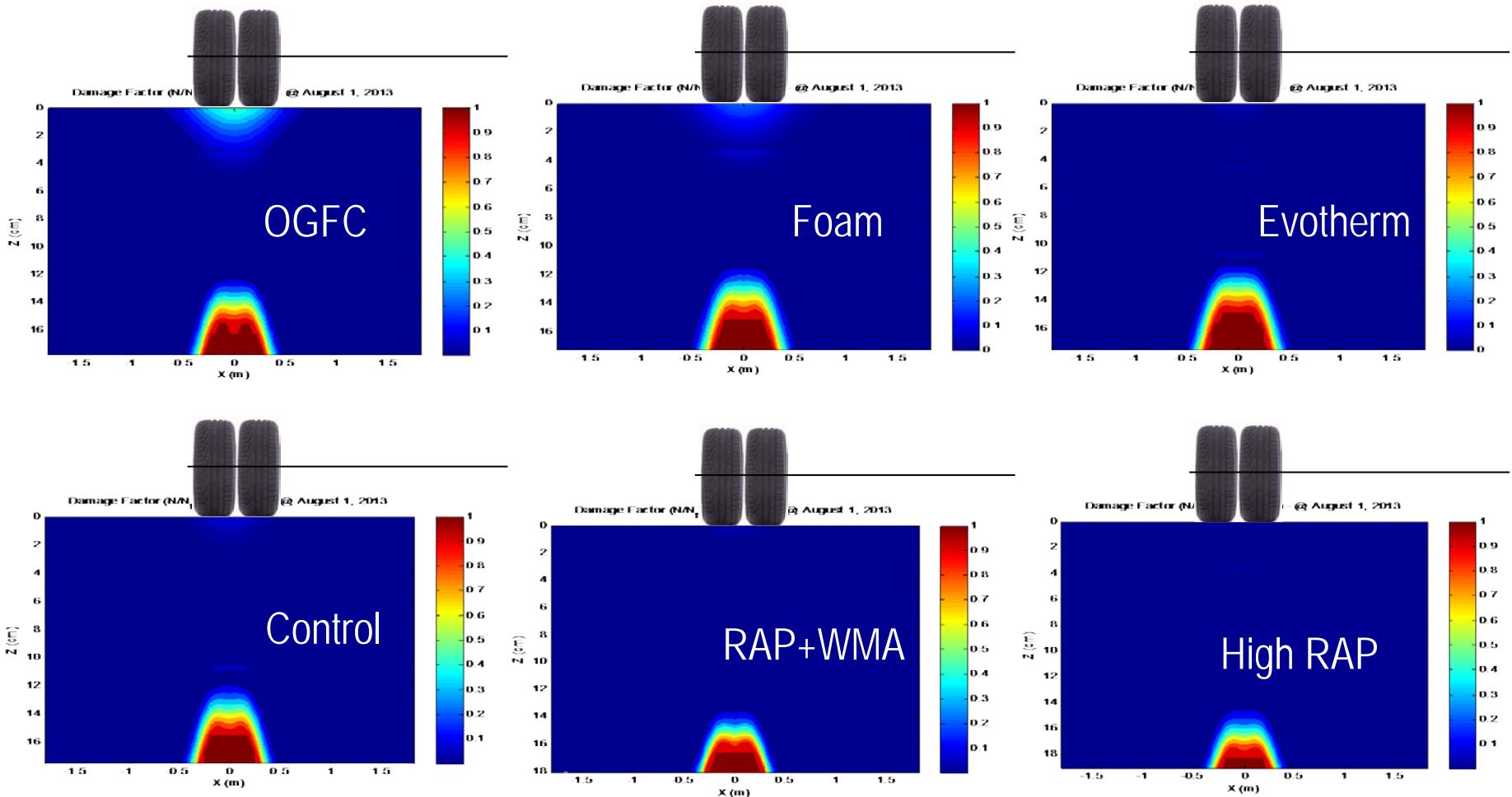
Errors and Warnings

Help...

Import Prony Series Data

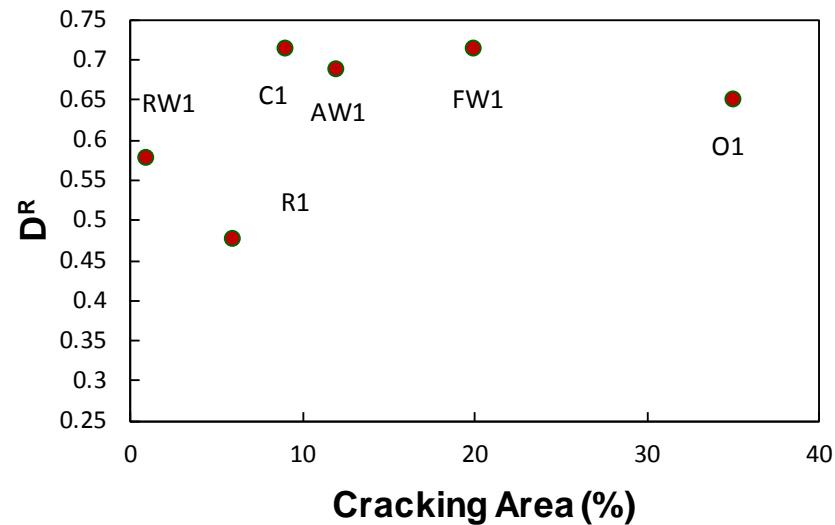
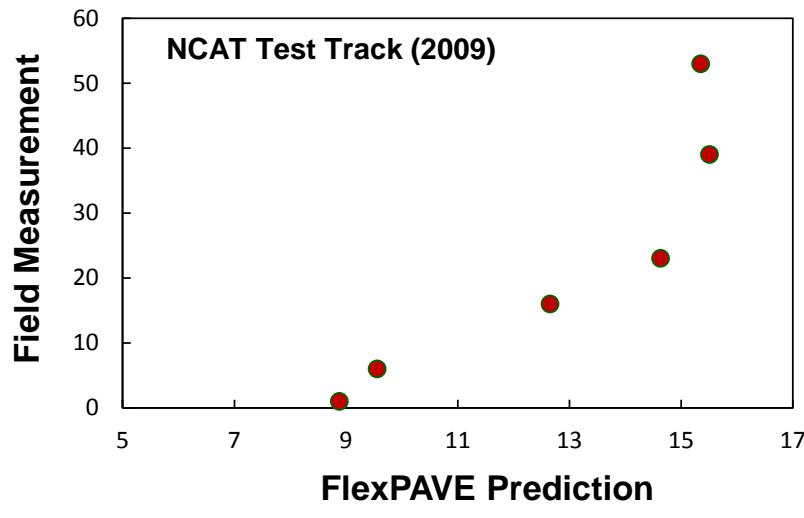
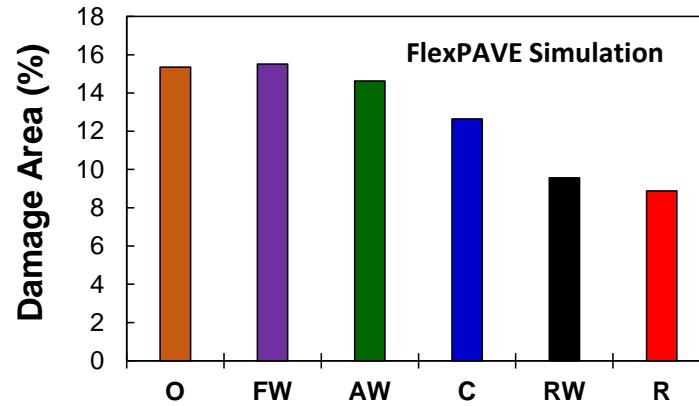
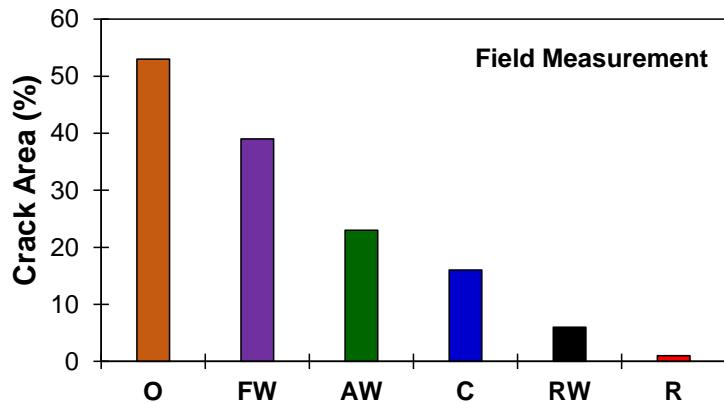
FlexPAVE Simulation

NCAT Test Track



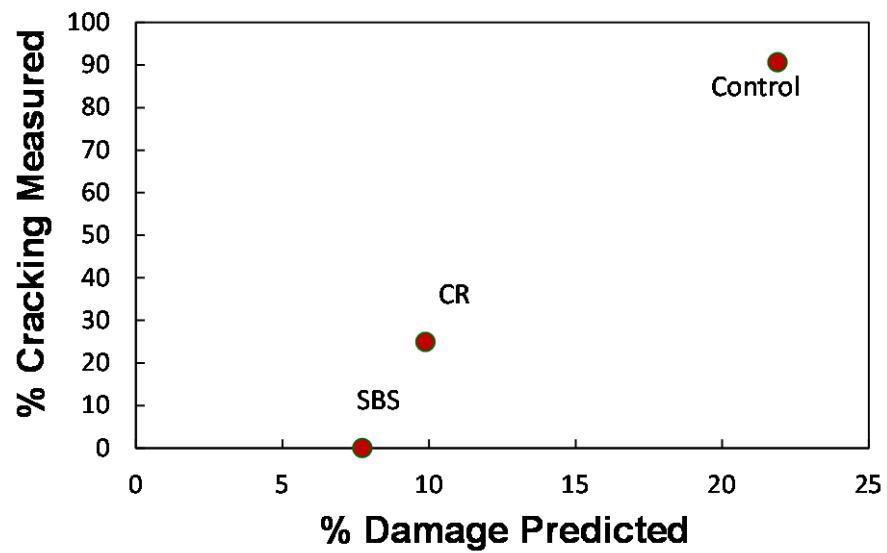
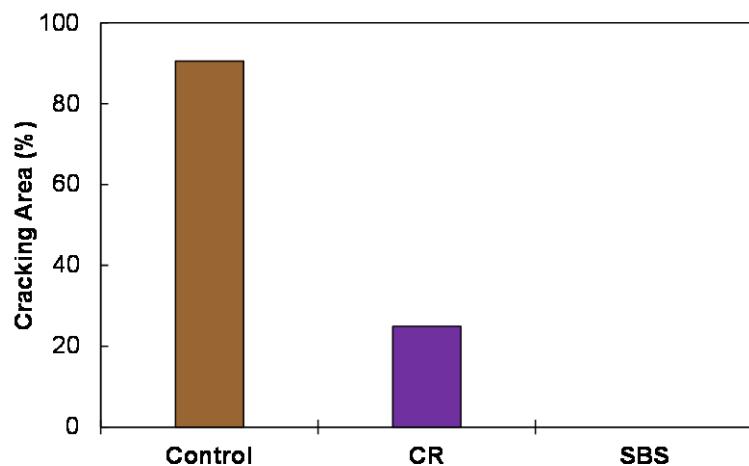
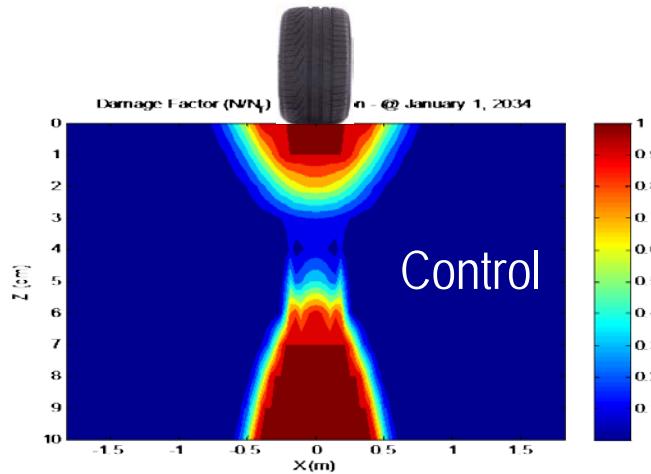
FlexPAVE Simulation

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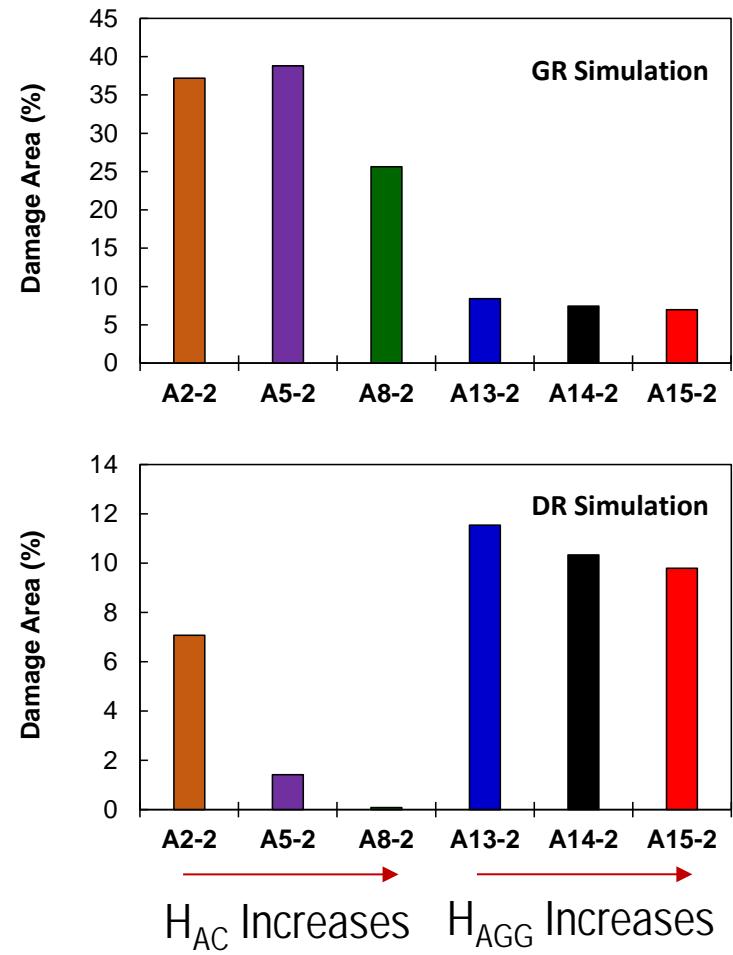
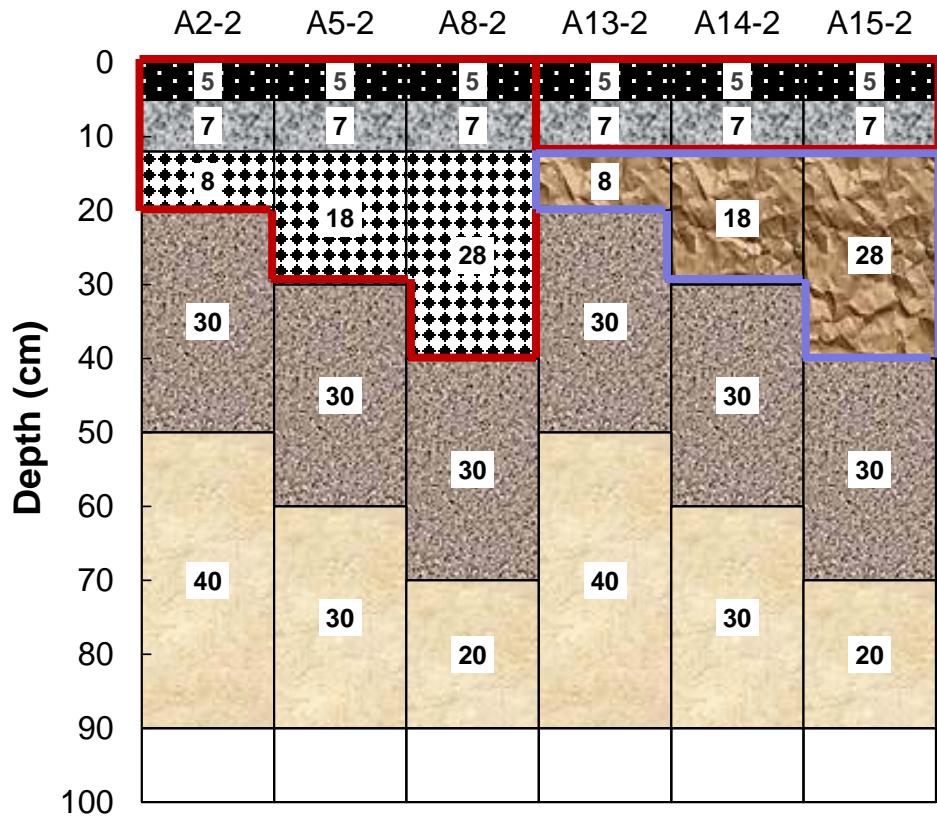
FlexPAVE Simulation

FHWA ALF

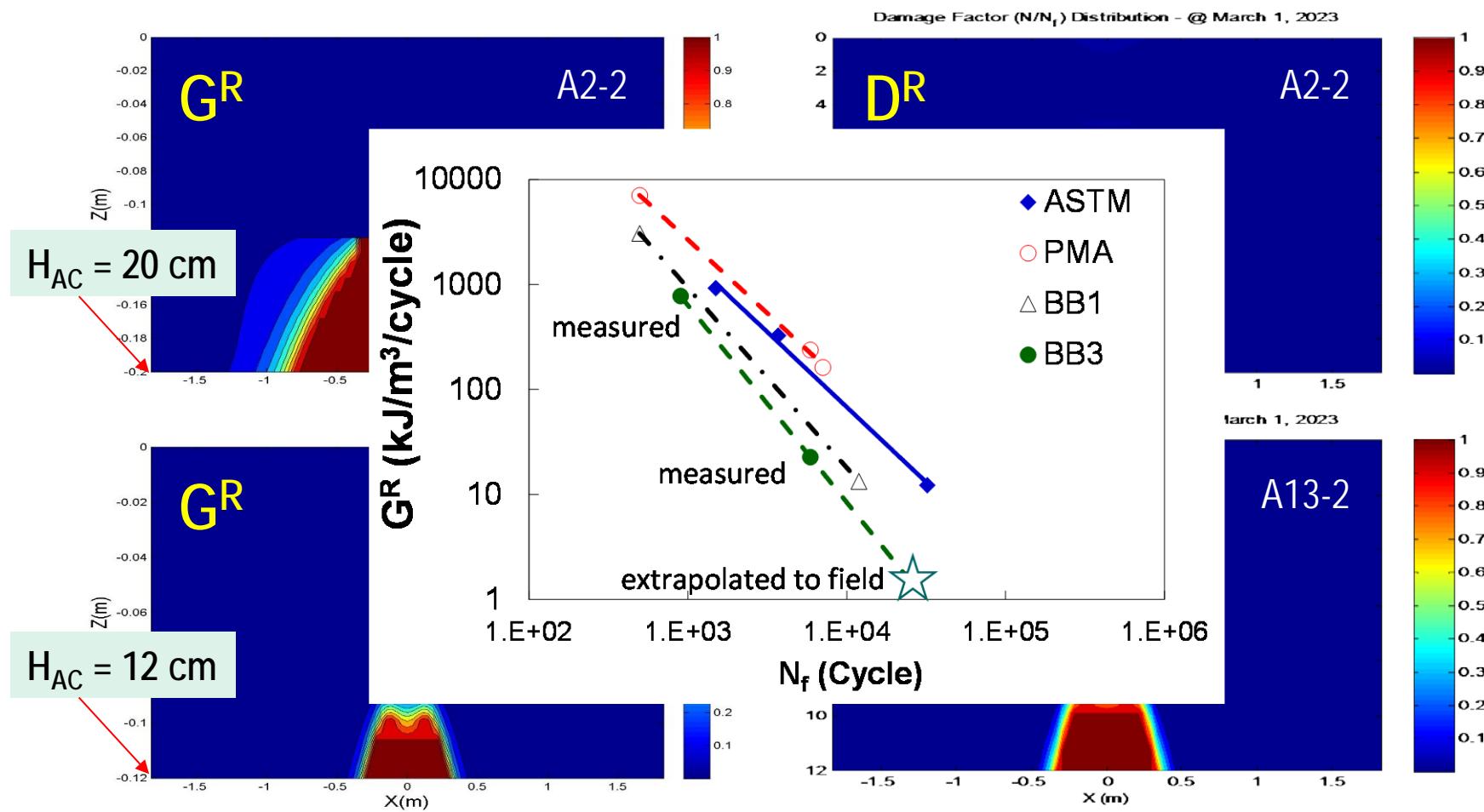


FlexPAVE Simulation

KEC Test Road



Effect of Extrapolation



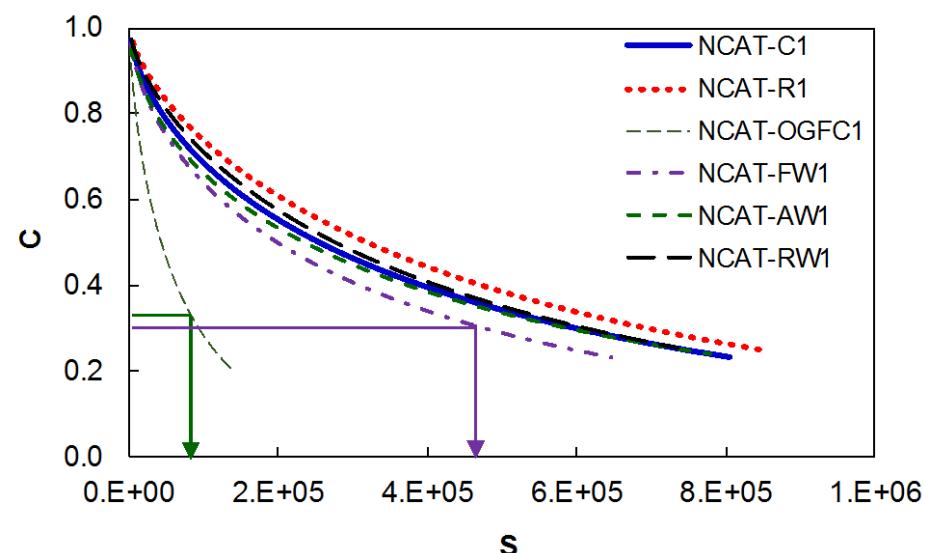
S_{app} as Cracking Index Property

- Determined from measurements from the TP 107 test procedure at the reference temperature
- Apparent Damage Capacity: the amount of damage the material can tolerate until the material stiffness reaches the average stiffness value

$$C = 1 - C_{11} S^{C_{12}}$$

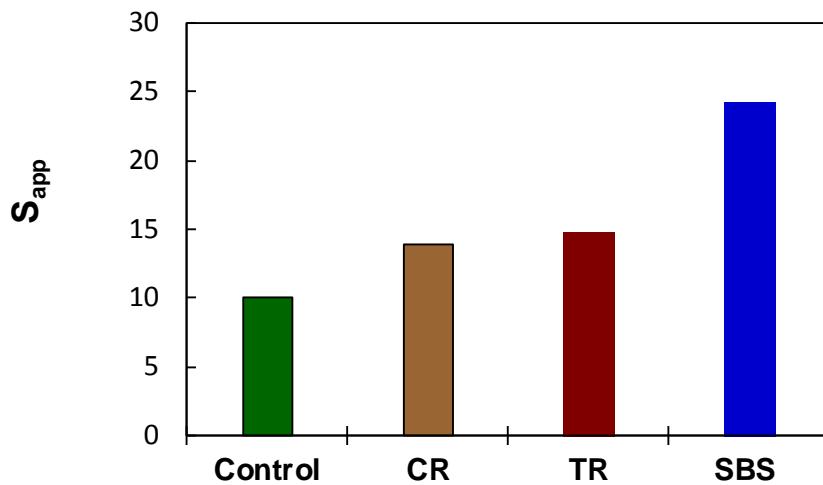
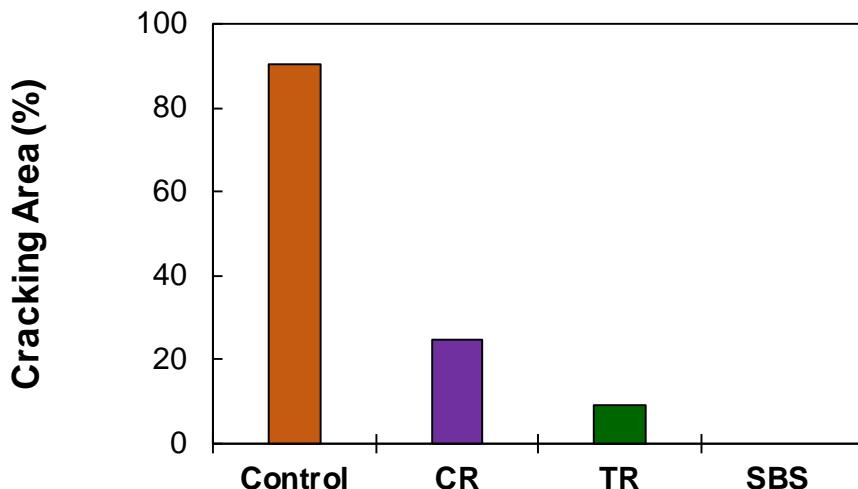
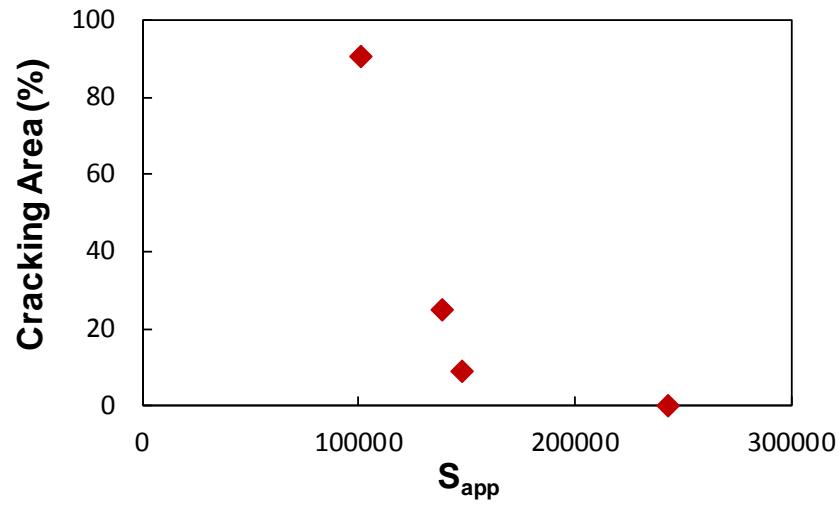
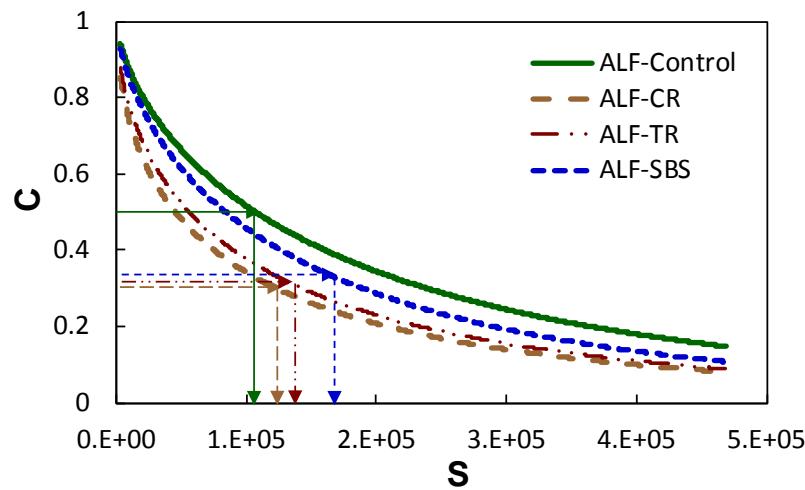
$$S_{app} = \frac{1}{10000} \times \left(\frac{1}{C_{11}} \times D^R \right)^{\frac{1}{C_{12}}}$$

$$S_{app} = \left(\frac{\frac{C_{12}}{\alpha+1}}{C_{11}} D^R \right)^{\frac{1}{C_{12}}}$$

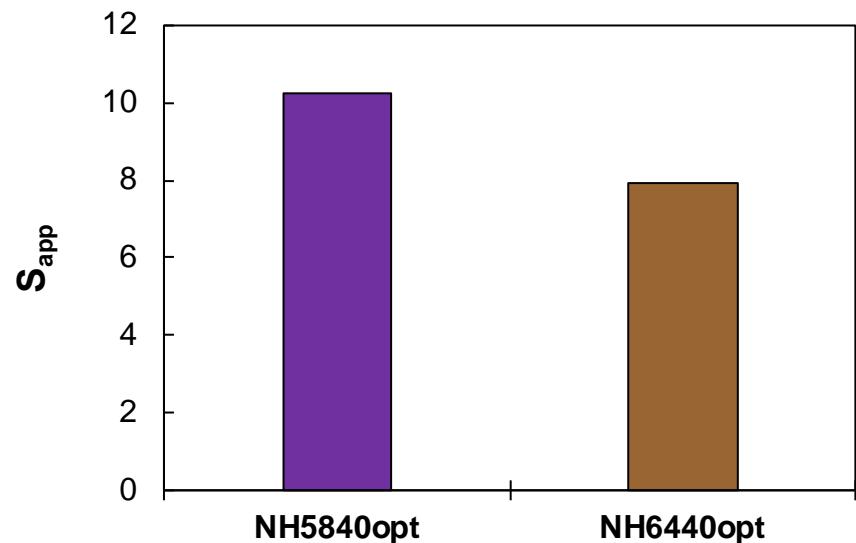
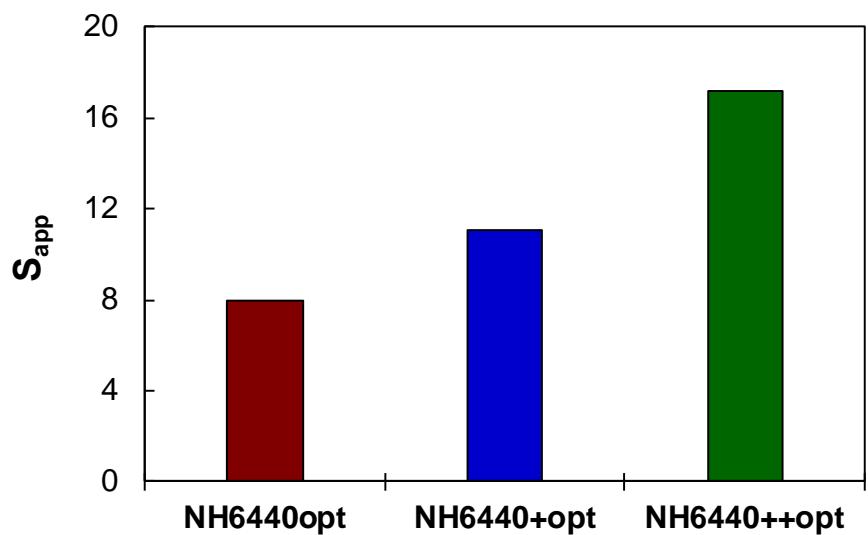


- S_{app} > 8 is the preliminary critical value.

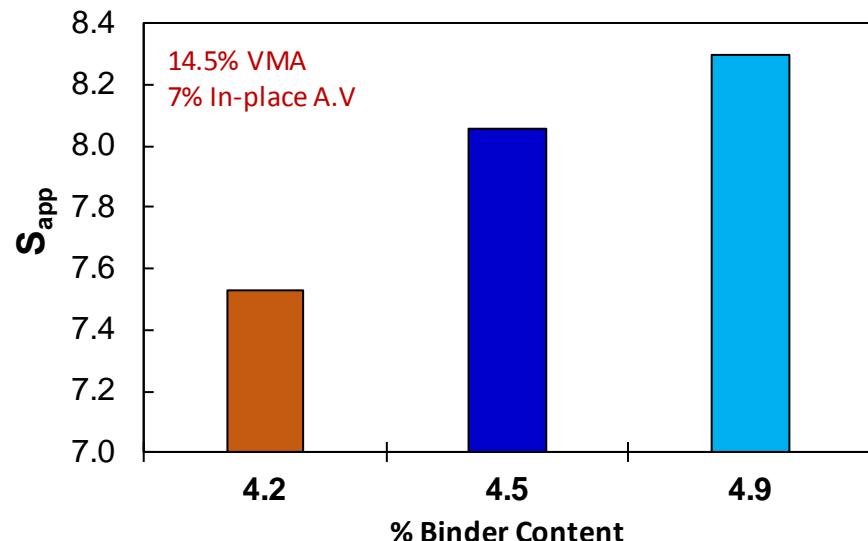
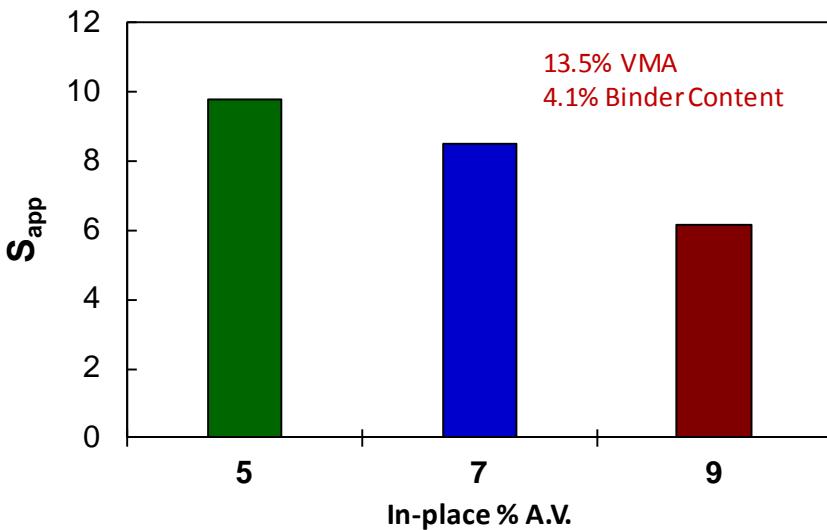
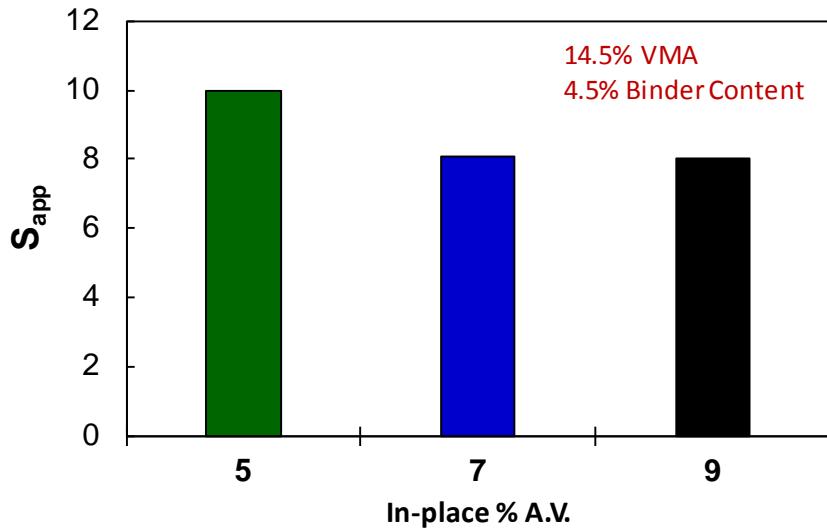
S_{app} for ALF Mixtures



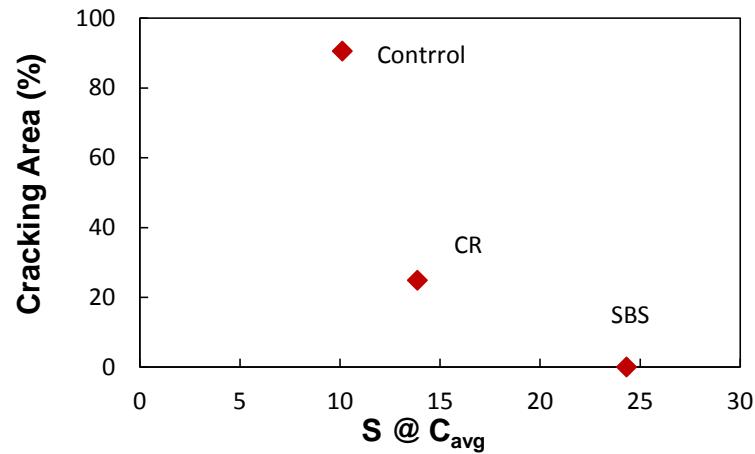
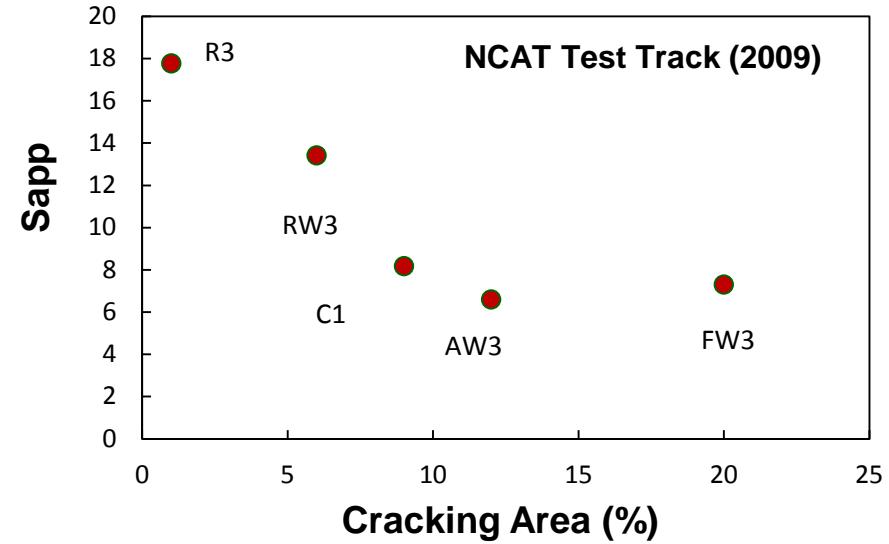
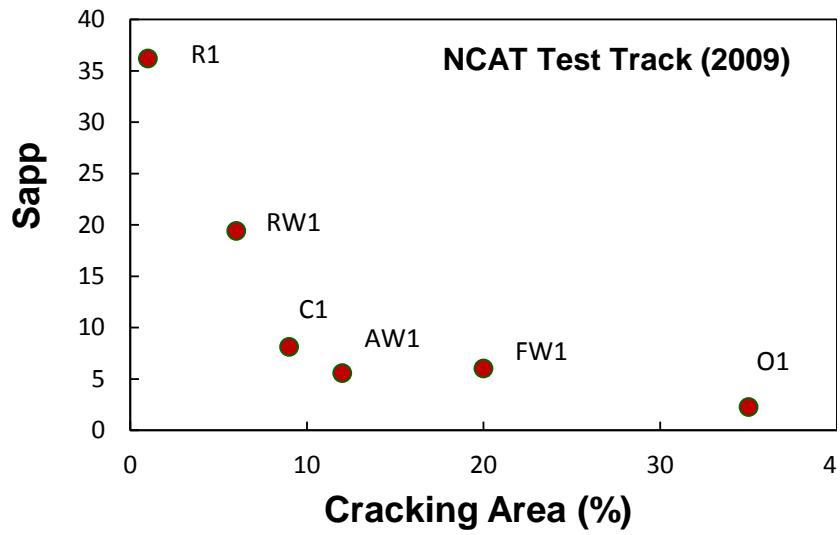
S_{app} for RAP Mixtures



S_{app} As a Function of Volumetrics



Field Validation



Proposed Change in TP 107

- Three tests recommended
- Fatigue testing at one strain level
 - Closed-form solution is available for the prediction of N_f under different strain levels
- Inclusion of D^R and S_{app} in the specification

Questions?